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Leaders bid to rescue Ulster peace

Plan for elections to go ahead

DONALD MACINTYRE
and COLIN BROWN

John Major and the Irish Prime Minister, John Bruton, are planning talks today in a bid to keep the fragile Northern Ireland peace process on track.

The Prime Minister and the Taoiseach, who are due to speak on the telephone, are determined to press ahead with plans for elections to a negotiating body and for an all-Ireland referendum on peace to meet the 10 June deadline for all-party talks.

The promise of all-party talks is the only hope for rescuing the peace plan and persuading the IRA to resume the ceasefire. Last night, a Cabinet committee on Northern Ireland met for more than two hours in an effort to resolve deep differences between the Government's parties over how to elect their representatives for the talks.

The Government was having to steer a delicate path to avoid alienating the DUP, the Ulster Unionist Party and Ian Paisley's Democratic Unionists, who have been pressing for a single constituency system from which the 30 successful candidates would be chosen from one Province-wide ballot paper.

Dublin has been urging the Government to back the single constituency system to win the confidence of the nationalist community in Northern Ireland.

But both Mr Bruton and Dick Spring, the Irish foreign minister, have floated the possibility of a "hybrid" system, combining the electoral list, which is favoured by the nationalists, and the unionists'

demands for the elections on 18 constituencies. That would allow some leading figures to hold secure seats in the forum without being elected under the first-past-the-post system from constituencies.

One option discussed last night was a 110-seat forum from which a much smaller group of negotiators would be chosen. David Trimble, the Ulster Unionist leader, warned that such a compromise would not work. "While we get some silly ideas floated around, at the end of the day, they will have to come down with something that is workable," he said.

He said the list system would be open to legal challenge, forcing the Government to delay the elections until late in the year. He also said it would require a substantial piece of legislation.

The Government's chances of securing Unionist support for a compromise had also been undermined by a separate but related row over the publication of an Anglo-Irish consultation document outlining the framework for the all-party talks. Mr Trimble told Sir Patrick at an acrimonious meeting yesterday that he believed the document was issued to "appease" the nationalists.

In the wake of warnings by John Taylor, the deputy leader of the Ulster Unionists, that his party might yet bring the Government down, Mr Trimble made strong objections at his meeting with Sir Patrick to what the party sees as a softening of the two governments' demand on the IRA to start de-commissioning arms before talks progress.

Mr Major, who chaired last night's meeting, has come under strong pressure from the Ulster Unionists - and some Tory backbenchers - to use the existing 18 Parliamentary constituencies in Ulster with five members in each being elected to the forum.

David Trimble: 'Compromise will not work'

Together they plan to make History



Sound success: Michael Jackson and Prince Alwaleed Bin Talal Bin Abdulaziz at their press conference in Paris yesterday

Photograph: Reuters

MATHEW HORSMAN
and JOANNA LEE

The billionaire pop star Michael Jackson and Prince Alwaleed Bin Talal Bin Abdulaziz, a fabulously wealthy Saudi investor, yesterday unveiled an unlikely joint venture dedicated to "family values" and "wholesome entertainment".

The King of Pop and the Billionaire Prince launched their new company, Kingdom Entertainment, at a packed press conference in Paris yesterday.

The pair promised a string of announcements in coming weeks, including details of Jackson's next tour, in succession to his troubled "History" world tour last year.

No financial details have

been released, but they plan to develop motion pictures, videos, animation, theme parks and even a division dedicated to licensing toys, calling the company "one of the most significant business breakthroughs of the 21st century." The new company is similar to DreamWorks, the multimedia enterprise set up last year by the film director Steven Spielberg, the former Disney movie chief Jeffrey Katzenberg and the record producer David Geffen.

Mr Jackson, reading from a prepared statement, said: "My earliest aspiration to be actively involved in all facets of the global multi-media explosion was derived from decades of travelling throughout the world. I was made privy to the heart-

beats of millions of fans who willingly shared with me their hopes, loves, fears and most importantly, their desire for a better life. It was during this time that I first began to appreciate that the proper approach to global family entertainment could go a long way to addressing these concerns."

Prince Alwaleed, the 39-year-old nephew of the King of Saudi Arabia, is worth an estimated \$10bn, and has invested a fortune in real estate, entertainment and hotels since he launched onto the global business stage in 1991, paying \$800m for a stake in the troubled US bank Citicorp.

He made his money first in the Middle East, winning a se-

ries of lucrative construction contracts. Since then, he has helped bail out Euro Disney, now called Disneyland Paris, and the Canary Wharf development in Docklands, east London. He also beat Rupert Murdoch to a stake in Silvio Berlusconi's Mediaset empire and is a leading hotelier, having taken a 27 per cent share of Four Seasons and half of the Plaza Hotel, New York.

The Prince is fanatical about fitness, neither smokes nor drinks, and spends considerable time on the telephone from his Riyadh office, linked by satellite to would-be partners offering multi-million dollar deals. He describes himself as an orthodox Muslim.

He and Mr Jackson, one of

the world's best-selling recording artists, met 18 months ago, and found "they had a great deal in common," a spokesman said from Paris last night - not least a penchant for dark sunglasses.

Mr Jackson has been in the spotlight recently over his relationship to children left in his care. He was divorced from his wife, Lisa Marie Presley, earlier this year. Mr Jackson is a businessman in his own right, whose recordings, concerts and publishing interests have generated \$5bn.

A spokesman defended Mr Jackson's divorced status, despite the new company's emphasis on family values. "More than half the world is now divorced," he said.

Mandela ends 30 years of love and betrayal

ROBERT BLOK
Johannesburg

After 38 years of love, political struggle, prison, liberation, personal disillusionment and finally betrayal, the marriage of Nelson and Winnie Mandela ended yesterday in a Johannesburg courtroom.

Judge Frikkie Eloff closed the chapter on the relationship that carried Mr Mandela through 27 years in prison. His ruling came just one day after the 77-year-old South African President paraded before the whole world his personal pain over his estranged wife's infidelity and their lack of intimacy.

The judge told a courtroom crowded with journalists and a handful of relatives: "The position appears to be clear that on the evidence, that was not challenged, the plaintiff is entitled to a divorce. His claim

is unanswerable and he is entitled to the relief he seeks."

The ruling was greeted with anger by Winnie, who stormed out of the courtroom, and with visible relief by Mr Mandela, who smiled and shook his lawyer's hand. But there was a sense of deep sadness among many others.

"We wanted to have a kind of fairy-tale ending," said Archbishop Desmond Tutu. "The couple have suffered so much and now at the pinnacle of their victory, for this dissolution to happen, it's awful for them, but it's also awful for the country. We all seem to be voyeur peeping into a bedroom where a husband and wife are falling out."

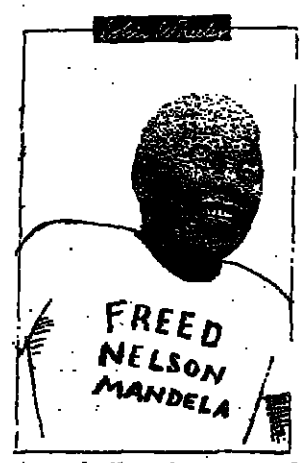
Unlike Monday's hearing, when Mr Mandela talked about his loneliness during the two years he spent with his wife following his release from

prison, and of the pain he felt on learning of her affair with a young lawyer, yesterday's proceedings were timid. But they were not without drama.

In the midst of the hearing, Winnie suddenly and unexpectedly sacked her lawyer, Ismail Semanya. He had earlier questioned Mr Mandela, who begged not to be forced to disclose any more of the painful details concerning his relationship with his estranged wife.

"I appeal to you not to put any questions to me which may compel me to dent the image of the defendant and bring a great deal of pain to our children and grandchildren," he said.

The remaining battle, which starts today in the same courtroom, is about a financial settlement. However, there is also the question of the use of what may be the President's greatest



asset of all - the name of Mandela.

Winnie is claiming that she is entitled to half of the President's estate, which has been estimated by some South African newspapers at £15m. Possibly of even greater importance is her claim to the Mandela name, which she now uses appended after her maiden name of Madikizela.

Many observers believe she will run in the presidential election in 1999, when Mr Mandela has said he will step down.

End of a fairy-tale, page 8

Government orders review of gun laws

COLIN BROWN

Changes to the gun laws in the wake of the Dunblane massacre were promised last night after John Major assured MPs on all sides that the Home Secretary, Michael Howard, was carrying out his own review.

But the changes, which will be delayed until after the Cullen inquiry into the killings, are likely to fall short of the demands by some MPs for a total ban on private possession of hand guns.

There could be cross-party backbench moves to take more radical action, pre-empting the changes in the law being privately promised by the Government after consultation with the Opposition parties.

One of the most likely changes could make it easier for the police to turn down applications for gun licences after

Tony Blair, the Opposition leader, threw his weight behind calls for the rules to be tightened. The Labour leader said the review should consider tightening the law on hand guns in private possession.

He also supported George Robertson, the Shadow Scottish Secretary, who lives in Dunblane, in a call to reverse the presumption on the police to grant a gun licence unless they find strong reasons why it should be withheld.

Mr Blair and Mr Major gave a clear signal at Prime Minister's question time that they want to make progress with cross-party consent.

The Prime Minister told Mr Blair that Lord Cullen would be asked to consider rules governing the possession of hand-guns and invited Opposition parties to submit their views to

the Home Office. Full terms of reference for the public inquiry are now being drawn up but Scottish Office sources said a formal announcement was expected around Thursday.

Officials at the Home Office and the Scottish Office will consult the Firearms Consultative Committee - which has a rolling brief to update gun regulations - as part of a detailed consideration of the lessons to be drawn. The findings of the review will then be passed on to the Cullen inquiry.

Mr Blair, who accompanied the Prime Minister on an emotionally charged visit to Dunblane last Friday, said: "It would be sensible to begin at least examining these issues now on an all-party basis."

Mr Major told him: "I know the Home Secretary would welcome the views of other parties,

IN BRIEF

Fisk takes prize

Robert Fisk, Middle East Correspondent of the Independent, has been awarded the first SAIS-Ciba Prize for Excellence in International Journalism, awarded by Johns Hopkins University in Washington DC. The prize was awarded for his series "Inside Algeria", published in the Independent in March 1995.

Grappelli unwell

The French jazz violinist Stephane Grappelli, 88, has been admitted to a clinic for "observation" after being taken ill, his agent said yesterday.

Today's weather

Mainly cloudy with the best of any sunshine in western areas. Section Two, page 29



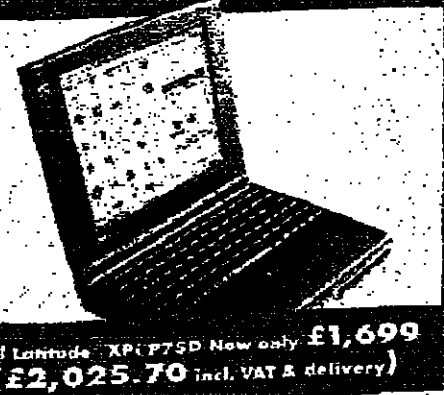
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news

Four out of ten marriages set to end in divorce

NICHOLAS TIMMINS
Public Policy Editor

More than four out of ten marriages are set to end in divorce, figures published today suggest. And the current attempts to reform the divorce law are unlikely to alter a trend that has already given England and Wales the highest rate of divorce in Europe, statisticians at the Office of Population Censuses and Surveys believe.

The projection of a new high in the proportion of failed marriages is, however, a "conservative" estimate, according to John Hasky, the OPCS statistician who made it, for it is based on the assumption that divorce rates by duration of marriage do not change from their levels in 1993/94. Such rates have, however, been rising.

Calculations based on 1987 figures suggested that 37 per cent of marriages would finally end in divorce. Six years on, today's figures suggest the proportion will be 41 per cent. Some groups - couples where the husband married as a teenager, or where individuals remarried in their early twenties - already exceed that figure, while the divorce rate for some men who remarried in their early twenties during the 1960s and 1970s is already past 50 per cent.

In 1979/80, the projection was that 34 per cent of marriages would end in divorce. Despite the gloomy outlook, however, just under 50 per cent of couples can expect to celebrate their silver wedding, and around one in nine should make it to their golden anniversary - by which time death is far more likely to intervene than divorce.

The numbers - which Mr Hasky was keen to underline were not a formal projection but an extrapolation based on a set of assumptions - are published in today's issue of *Population Trends*. The figures suggest, however, that changes to the divorce law will make little difference to the trend.

Liberalisation of the law in 1971 and 1984 produced upward blips in divorces as couples previously unable to divorce, or suddenly able to divorce earlier, took advantage of the changes. But divorce rates had been rising sharply before both changes, neither of which had a lasting impact on the trend.



IN BRIEF

School closed as 120 are taken ill

A school closed yesterday because more than 120 pupils and teachers have fallen ill. Teachers at Cotnamby Infants School, in Ilkerton, Derbyshire, fear the children have passed on a viral infection. Eight staff have also fallen ill, over the past week. Including the head teacher, Brenda Smith.

Docks injunction bid

Mersey docks management is seeking an injunction in the United States to prevent "solidarity action" blockading the port of Liverpool. The company has called on the US National Labor Relations Board, which has the powers of a court, to stop 329 sacked Mersey port workers enlisting the help of American dockers in their fight for reinstatement by calling for a boycott of ships bound for Liverpool.

Bus pass court fight

A pensioner yesterday accused the Government of breaking EU rules by not allowing him a free bus pass until the age of 65. Women get the pass at 60, lawyers for Stanley Atkins, of Telford, Shropshire, told the European Court of Justice in Luxembourg. This discrimination, it is alleged, breaches a 1979 European directive which provides for equal treatment between the sexes in matters of social security.

£82,000 Constables

Two views of London by John Constable, which have never been on public view, fetched a total of £82,000 at auction - nearly three and a half times their upper estimate. The two pencil drawings - one of a windmill at Barnes in 1818, the other of the Thames waterfront and the "new" Waterloo Bridge in 1817 - remained in the family until the sale at Phillips in London. Both were bought by an anonymous collector.

Baby for girl, 12

A 12-year-old schoolgirl has given birth to a baby boy, it was revealed yesterday. The unnamed mother, from West Glamorgan, refused to have an abortion and opted instead to "carry the child to full term. Both were "doing well."

Ill-treatment charges

A woman has been charged with two counts of allegedly assisting people with learning difficulties at two residential homes. Lorraine Field, a former worker at the homes, has been summoned to appear on bail before Beaconsfield Magistrates on 7 May, on two charges of ill-treatment of residents at the homes under the Mental Health Act.

Detective jailed

A detective was sent to prison for nine months yesterday after 25,000 pounds stolen nearly 25 years ago. Detective Sergeant Dan Hoger, who resigned from Kent County Constabulary following an internal investigation, pleaded guilty at Maidstone Crown Court to four charges of taking the cash from Gillingham and Sittingbourne police stations between May 1993 and September 1995. He asked for 22 other offences to be considered.

Scratchcard slump

Sales in National Lottery scratchcards since their launch a year ago have slumped from a peak weekly earnings figure of £44.4 million to an average of £20 million.

Campaigner quits

Prominent penal reform campaigner Vivien Stern, 54, is to step down as Director of the National Association for the Care and Resettlement of Offenders after 19 years in the job.

Labour to woo small firms with debt pledge

PETER RODGERS
Business Editor

Labour is to target the traditional Tory stronghold of the small business with a proposal to legislate for a statutory right to payment of interest on overdue debts.

The policy is expected to be unveiled at a small business conference in the City of London today organised by the Labour-backed Industry Forum, where Tony Blair is to make the keynote speech.

Ten days ago, the Prime Minister backed away from legislation on late payment and Labour's move appears designed to trump the caution of John Major's Government.

There has been an outcry over the squeeze put on small companies by the failure of both private industry and government departments to pay up on time.

Labour is thought likely to set a minimum threshold based either on the size of the unpaid debt or of the company that is failing to pay up, to exclude from penalties smaller companies that get behind on payment.

Some small business pressure groups believe that a right to interest on late debts could cause more problems than it solves, and a threshold is thought likely to ally some of these fears.

Mr Major's toughest proposal last week was for a round of consultation on whether to publish companies' late payment records in annual reports.

to embarrass poor performers into improving their records.

The Prime Minister announced the move at another small business conference, where he took the platform in place of Michael Heseltine, the Deputy Prime Minister - who sparked an uproar earlier this month when he admitted that in his early days as a businessman he had deliberately paid his bills late.

Another Labour proposal for small businesses that is bound to rub salt into Mr Heseltine's wounds is aimed at beefing up his pet project, the national network of Business Links, which he set up as President of the Board of Trade.

Labour not only claims Business Links were its idea in the first place, but is considering using them as a vehicle for injecting new finance into small firms. Plans for a state-backed small business bank have been buried and instead Business Links are likely to be brought into a scheme to encourage private venture capital into small firms.

Under early versions of this plan there would have been a government guarantee for equity investment by City firms, but the current favourite is closer to an insurance scheme - sharing the risks of failure among a pool of specialist investors.

Margaret Beckett, Labour's trade and industry spokeswoman, and Barbara Roche, who shadows on small business, will also address the conference.

Tessas Tory hope for £2bn 'feelgood' boom

A £2bn spending boom financed by maturing Tessas is part of the Government's strategy for reviving the "feelgood factor", to be thrashed out today by the Cabinet, writes Colin Brown.

The special meeting of the Cabinet, called by John Major to discuss the Tory plans for a spring offensive, will be told the Treasury expects about 10 per cent of the total Tessa bonanza of £20bn to be spent in the economy, raising the chances of rekindling the "feelgood factor" for the Government.

The Treasury has estimated that 2.5 million Tessa accounts, yielding £15bn, will mature in the first quarter of this year, with a further £5bn to follow by the end of 1996.

Independent research suggests the money will be spent on holidays, cars, homes and services, such as education fees.

Party sources said the Cabinet will be told the tax cuts in the last Budget, which take effect in April, and cuts in interest rates, which have reduced mortgages by up to £150 a month, should make the average family feel £450 better off.

The Chancellor plans a tax-cutting Budget in November but Conservative Party sources denied the Government was creating an inflationary boom. There are signs the Chancellor is concentrating resources on trying to fulfil the 1992 election manifesto commitment to "make further progress towards a basic income tax rate of 20p."

Beaches fly the flag for Britain's seaside



Sandbanks beach at Poole, Dorset - one of 203 British beaches given Seaside Award Flags by the Tidy Britain Group yesterday. The flag is awarded on the basis of a beach's level of hygiene, safety, access for the disabled, dog control and first-aid provision. Photograph: Marc Hill

MPs told of lesbian Wren's rape ordeal

CHRISTOPHER BELLAMY
Defence Correspondent

A former Wren yesterday told how she was raped in 1987 and how she was afraid to report the crime because her assailant threatened to reveal she was a lesbian and thus ensure her discharge from the Navy. Karen Greig, a Navy engineer, was one of a number of former service personnel giving evidence to MPs looking at the forces' ban on homosexuals.

She was first raped in 1987 and her attacker then blackmailed her. She got transferred but he tracked her down and raped her again. "I felt I would be the one to be kicked out," she told the committee. In 1988 she confided in a senior officer. At first he was supportive but later said: "I think you are not coping with this rape because you are a lesbian."

Next day the Navy's Special Investigation Branch arrived. Ms Greig was detained and examined by a psychiatrist but her ordeal was only beginning. While that was taking place, her father visited the base unexpectedly. He was told she had been raped and suffered a breakdown. That made it even more difficult to cope. Ms Greig said, and she was discharged in February 1989, after which she spent four months in a psychiatric hospital.

in Aberdeen. "I can now say I am clearly on the road to recovery," she said. What they did and how they treated me was horrendous."

John Reid (Lab, Motherwell), said he was appalled by her story, one of several which highlighted difficulties faced by homosexuals in the forces. Although homosexuality ceased to be a criminal offence under military law in 1991, lesbians and gay men still face dismissal for homosexual orientation as well as homosexual conduct.

The lack of confidential counselling for anyone "coming out" was a big problem, the MPs heard. Medical officers had to report anyone who showed any indication of homosexuality.

Only chaplains, who served under different conditions, could



John Reid: 'Appalled' by Karen Greig's story

maintain confidentiality, although some did not, according to the Rev Niall Johnstone, a former army chaplain dismissed from the forces.

He said he knew that a number of chaplains had been pressed by commanding officers to divulge confidential information, although Army rules say "the obligation to respect a confidence does not change when a clergyman holds a commission as a chaplain in the Army, for in this area a chaplain remains subject to ecclesiastical jurisdiction."

Medical officers, on the other hand, are responsible for the fighting efficiency of a unit, hold military rank and are not subject to the same rules of confidentiality as civilian doctors.

Robert Hayward, a statistician with the Stonewall gay rights group, said the recent MoD report on changing the rules on homosexuality in the armed forces was biased, not done correctly and statistically invalid. Stonewall said it merely attempted to justify the status quo, under which homosexuals are automatically discharged from the forces.

The MPs were also told the MoD was wrong to say the forces were overwhelmingly against lifting the ban on homosexuals, although there was still "significant prejudice" against them in the forces.

Motorists step out in sympathy for Dunblane

Motorists in Dunblane stepped out of their cars in a spontaneous gesture of sympathy and respect as the funeral cortege of one of the infant victims of Thomas Hamilton moved its way through the town.

The gesture came after the funeral of five-year-old David Kerr, at the town's Roman Catholic Church of the Holy Family.

After the service, police halted traffic for the cortege to set out on its way to the cemetery. David's was the first of five funerals being held yesterday, the task of burying all 17 victims of the schoolroom massacre will not be completed until tomorrow.

A joint funeral service was held later at Dunblane Cathedral for Melissa Currie and Charlotte Dunn. Melissa's family moved only recently to the town. Charlotte moved to Scotland with her family only six months ago from the West Midlands, and was enjoying school life with her new teacher Gwennie Mayor - who was to become another victim of the gunman.

The cathedral was also the venue for the funeral of Megan Turner. At least 500 mourners attended the service at which

hymns included *All Things Bright and Beautiful*.

The funeral of Sophie North, from Bridgend, Dunblane, was held in private and no details were released.

The final funeral yesterday was that of Hannah Scott, again at the cathedral. About 300 mourners attended. When the service ended, the white coffin was carried out by four pall bearers, followed only by a funeral director carrying a large arrangement of yellow flowers. The family came out of the cathedral shortly afterwards and got into waiting cars.

Even as the bodies were being buried the body of Thomas Hamilton was "authorised" for release to his relatives. The Crown Office in Edinburgh confirmed that the procurator fiscal's office in Stirling had authorised the release of the body.

However, whether or not Hamilton's relatives, either his surviving mother, father or grandfather, had accepted the body was not confirmed by the offices of the Crown, the fiscal, the district authority or the police. It is understood that Hamilton's body, regardless of its release, will remain in police "custody" for at least a further few weeks.

Vet banned from keeping dogs in horror farm case

A vet who kept 100 dogs in horrific conditions at an illegal puppy farm was yesterday banned from owning and breeding dogs for seven years.

Hein Hein, 69, of Newlands Corner, Surrey, was jailed by animal rights protesters as she left after the two day trial at Farnham magistrates court.

Hein admitted she had bred German shepherds at a house where three inches of dog faeces were found caked to the floor. Many of the animals had suffered appalling injuries and deformities, leaving some without eyes and swollen heads.

The court was told that she still has 50 to 60 dogs at her country cottage even though an expert has said she is only capable of looking after 30 dogs.

The dogs will now be found new homes by the RSPCA.

Hein, a former research vet for the Ministry of Agriculture, had originally denied 19 charges, brought by the RSPCA, of causing unnecessary suffering to the dogs. Yesterday she admitted eight charges of causing unnecessary suffering and another charge of breeding and selling dogs without a licence.

RSPCA inspectors brought the charges after visiting her home six times in 1994 and last year. Alan Kurtz, for the prosecution, said every room was covered in excrement and filth and was over-run by scores of dogs which had gone wild. "They were living in deplorable conditions, wholly unsuitable, unsanitary, squalid, deep in excrement and urine and other residue," he said. "The fact the defendant is a qualified vet only makes the matter worse."

The court watched videos filmed at the house and in one shocking scene dogs were shown lapping at condensation on windows because they had no water to drink.

Dominic Webber, for the defence, said Hein had not been deliberately cruel. "Her problems were caused by over-population... Every minute of every hour of every day was devoted to trying to keep those dogs in the best possible condition but it was not humanely possible."

Hein, who was also fined £250 with £250 costs, plans to appeal against her sentence.

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Israel	£10.00	Switzerland	£10.00
Latvia	£10.00	USA	£10.00
Lithuania	£10.00		

Irish butt
Clubhouse clash
Womars wins d
over sa
Genetics save
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damaged kn

Irish butt of English racism for more than eight centuries



No joke: A Punch cartoon from 1852 depicting the Irish.

JUDITH JUDD
Education Editor

Anti-Irish racism is as old as the 12th century. It is not the result of IRA terrorism, says a study published yesterday.

Even Irish jokes go back at least to the 16th century and chroniclers as long ago as 1187 were attacking the Irish for their filth and ignorance.

Dr Mary Hickman, director of the Irish Studies Centre at the University of North London, says in her book, *Religion, Class and Identity*, that since the Anglo-Norman invasion in the 12th century the English have tried to justify their attacks on

Ireland by racism. She said yesterday: "Many people assume that current English hostility or discrimination towards the Irish is the result of events in Northern Ireland so they see it as regrettable but understandable."

Dr Hickman, who is conducting a nationwide study of discrimination against the Irish for the Equal Opportunities Commission, argues that Ireland is important to the security of England and successive generations have tried to justify invasion and colonisation by stereotyping the Irish as wild and uncivilised.

The Pope sanctioned the Anglo-Norman invasion on the

Words from the history of a nation's prejudice

12th century: "A most filthy race, sunk in vice, a race more ignorant than all other nations of the first principles of the faith... They pay neither tithes nor first fruits; they do not contract marriage; nor shun incestuous connections" - Giraldus Cambrensis.

16th century: The Irish are "bused in the most profound barbarism and ignorance" - David Hume.

1836: Irish immigration into Britain "is an example of a less civilised population spreading itself as a substratum beneath a more civilised community" - parliamentary inquiry into the Irish in Britain.

1930s: "They (the Irish) have settled into the closest poor quarter and turned the settlement into a slum" - J. B. Priestley.

1950s: "No Irish need apply" - lodging house notice.

grounds that Ireland was alleged to be only nominally Christian. Dr Hickman says: "The evidence for dominating Ireland has involved lengthy discussions on the Irish national character directly linked to notions

about the Celts as a "race" or the Irish as a nation.

The emphasis prior to the 16th century was on the paganism, superstition and barbarism of the Irish. Before then, Dr Hickman says, the

caricature concentrated on their wildness and savagery.

From the reign of Elizabeth I, the English began systematically to colonise Ireland and the stereotype became more detailed: in particular the notion

of the Irish as "stupid" became common. "Most of this was designed to show how English rule could be used to benefit the Irish," says Dr Hickman.

An anonymous contemporary of Shakespeare included a very ignorant and wild Irishman in the play *Sir John Oldcastle*, based partly, scholars think on MacMorris in *Henry V*.

During the 16th and 17th centuries, the stereotype changed: the half-human savage became a figure of contempt. In the 19th century more details of the stereotype, such as idleness and drinking, were filled in.

English attitudes to the Irish are closely connected to anti-

Catholicism. Dr Hickman's book points out that a separate system of Roman Catholic schools grew up because of the hostility of English working class parents to having their children educated alongside Irish children. It was not the case that the Catholics insisted on their own schools.

A spokesman for the Commission of Racial Equality said they had commissioned their study because there was mounting concern about discrimination against those of Irish origin in the workplace and at schools.

■ *Religion, Class and Identity*; Mary J Hickman; Avebury; £37.50.

Clubhouse clash: Champion lost job unfairly after fracas, but sex discrimination case fails

Woman golfer wins dispute over sacking

A champion woman golfer celebrated victory yesterday after winning her case for unfair dismissal against owners of a golf club following a fracas in which she punched a businessman.

Philomena Vaughan, 42, struck John Price, 49, causing him to fall off his stool, after claiming that he stroked her thigh during a prize-giving ceremony at the Dewstow golf club in Caerwent, Gwent.

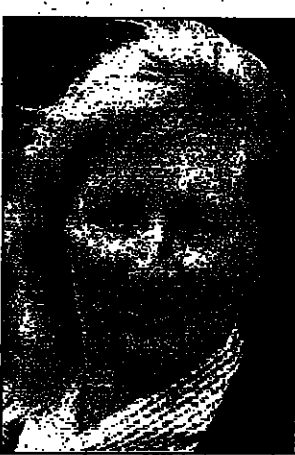
Details of Mrs Vaughan's punch spread like wildfire around the club, earning her the nickname of "Mohammed Ali" and "Rocky", an industrial tribunal in Cardiff heard yesterday.

After the incident, Mrs Vaughan, who has four children and has won the club championship three times, was suspended from her job as manager of the club shop.

Two months later she was sacked after claims that she called the ladies captain "an old bitch", and officials "a load of old socks".

Yesterday the tribunal unanimously agreed that Mrs Vaughan was unfairly dismissed. But the panel rejected her second complaint of sex discrimination.

Clive Lewis, representing Mrs Vaughan, said the club, which charges fees of £450 a year, had not suspended her fellow member, Mr Price, who was alleged to have stroked Mrs Vaughan's thigh as she walked past him after receiving her awards at a crowded presentation.



Philomena Vaughan: Dubbed 'Rocky' after incident in bar.

tion evening. Mrs Vaughan, of Rogiet, Gwent, punched Mr Price, who is 5ft-tall, twice, knocking him from his bar stool after telling him not to touch her.

At earlier hearings Mr Price strongly denied sexually harassing Mrs Vaughan, claiming he was merely trying to point out a cigarette which had become attached to the bottom of her dress.

A former club barmaid, Sonya Harris, had told the earlier hearings that she saw Mr Price point out to Mrs Vaughan that she had something on her dress. "I then saw Mr Price lean forward and put his hand on her left thigh. Mrs Vaughan then said something like, 'Don't touch me', then I remember Mr Price waved his hand as if he was

dismissing her allegation," Miss Harris added that Mrs Vaughan then reacted by twice poking Mr Price in the shoulder, after which he "looked like he lost his balance".

Mr Lewis had claimed the club failed to suspend Mr Price pending the result of an investigation.

After the decision Mrs Vaughan, a Welsh gold medal winner and a county player, said she was delighted to have won. "Everyone has to stand up for their rights," she added.

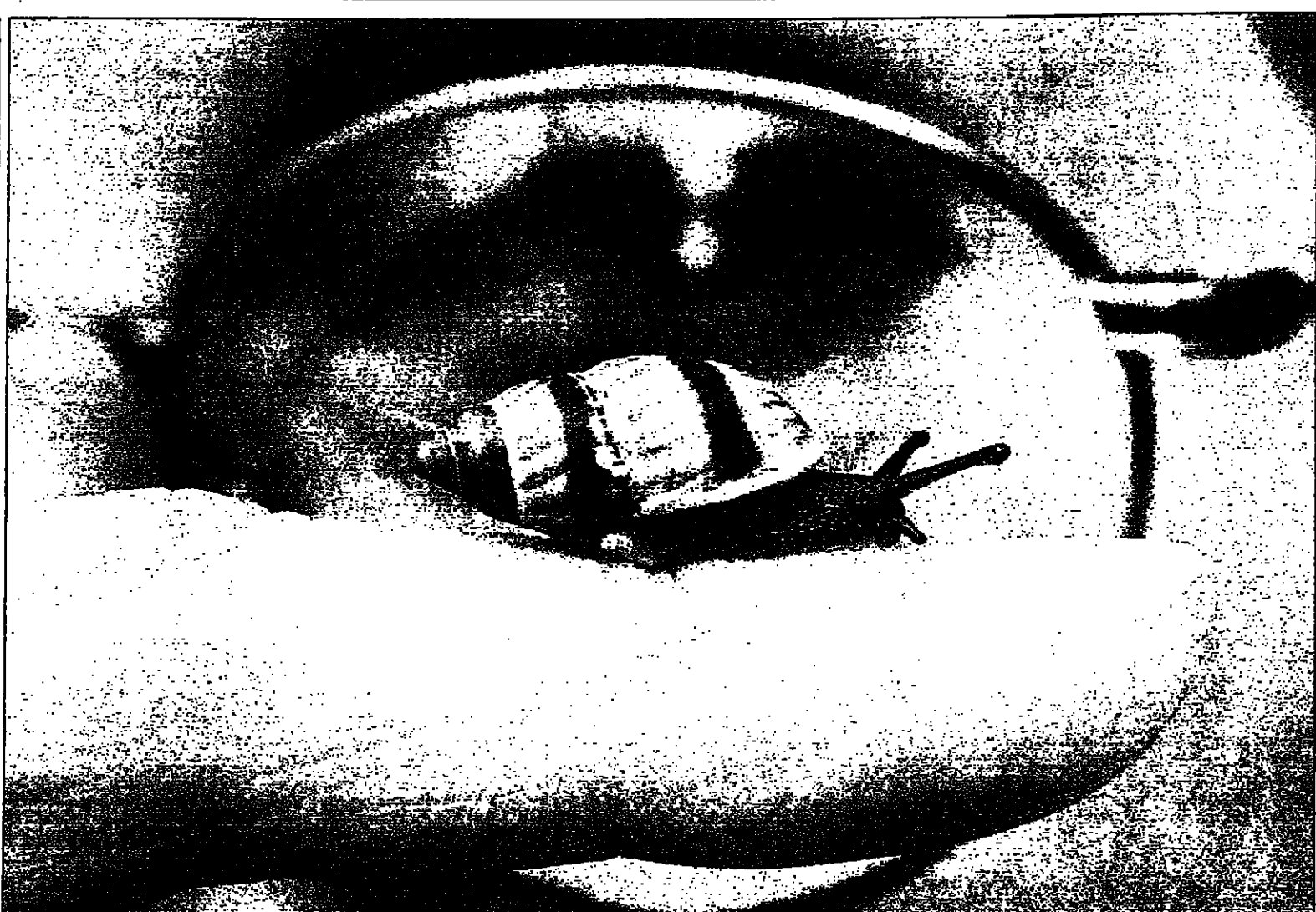
"It was quite difficult to take this action before the tribunal but I would do the same again. Everyone has got to stand up for their rights, it's very important."

Mrs Vaughan said she considered she had won the case despite the technicalities of the panel dismissing sex discrimination.

Geoffrey Davies, the panel's chairman, said that after hearing details of Mrs Vaughan's £9,000-a-year job and her fringe benefits including clothing and golf clubs, compensation for the unfair dismissal would be agreed at a later date. However, the panel was ordering a reduction of 25 per cent because of their view that Mrs Vaughan had contributed to her own dismissal.

Mrs Vaughan was backed by the Equal Opportunities Commission in her case.

Management of the Dewstow golf club have not so far commented on the decision.



Safe haven: A Partula snail at Nottingham University, where the Pacific Island species has been saved from extinction

Photograph: Stuart Harrison

Porridge diet brings snails back from brink

An endangered species of snail is being brought back from the brink of extinction by feeding them on porridge.

Professor Bryan Clarke, of Nottingham University, has been studying the Partula snails for the past 30 years.

They were threatened with extinction after carnivorous snails were introduced to their natural Pacific island habitat in an attempt to kill off a colony of giant African snails that had escaped into the wild from the farm where they were being

bred for the restaurant trade. The plan went wrong, however, as the carnivore variety much preferred the indigenous Partula snails to the African species that they were meant to devour.

Before it was too late, Professor Clarke rescued some of the snails and took them back to the university, where they have found to thrive on a mixture of porridge, ground grass, trout pellets and chalk.

Five of the seven species that were rescued have been

successfully bred and specimens have been sent from Nottingham to zoos around the world.

Professor Clarke said: "They are breeding nicely now. Their natural diet is dead leaves. Porridge is made of oats, and oats are dead leaves."

The tiny snails are fed twice a week with the porridge mix, and their numbers have now swelled to around 3,000.

Professor Clarke's assistant at the university, Vivien Frame, said: "They are really quite

pretty. Some look like humbug sweets. In the last 10 years, it has been found that porridge is a good food to give to snails."

"Various mixes have been tried and it has proved to be a real success story."

Some of the Partula snails are now being re-introduced to the Pacific island of Moorea.

An electric fence connected to a car battery has been put round their enclosure to stop the carnivorous snails, called *Euglandina*, from getting to them.

Professor Clarke said: "Once gone, the snails will be lost forever."

"We see no hope of stopping the spread of *Euglandina* on the islands where it has already become established."

"But there is a very good case for discouraging new introductions."

"Our work has been successful in that it has shown that generations of snail which have been bred in the laboratory can be returned to their natural habitat."

Genetics saves footballer's damaged knee

LIZ HUNT
Health Editor

A young footballer whose career is threatened by a knee injury, is to become the first person in Britain to undergo surgery to repair the joint using some of his own cartilage, the material which lines the joint and ensures its smooth functioning, which has been "grown" in a test-tube using genetic engineering techniques.

Jamie Shore, 18, a former England under-16 star and now with Norwich City, took out a £10,000 loan to part-fund the pioneering operation which he hopes will save his career.

Doctors say that the new technique offers hope to scores of professional and non-professional sportsmen and women whose playing days are halted by similar injuries, and to people suffering from painful arthritic joints.

Some of the damaged cartilage in Mr Shore's knee was removed in January and flown to America where it was cultured in a special medium to grow from an original sample size of about 10,000 cells to around 10-16 million cells.

The new cells will be implanted into the knee to recreate the joint's lining during the operation on 29 March at the NHS Centre for Sports Injury Surgery at Crewe in Cheshire.

Dai Rees, director of the Centre and a consultant orthopaedic surgeon at the Mid-Cheshire Hospitals NHS Trust, who will carry out the operation, yesterday likened it to a "pot-hole" repair.

"Like the damaged road surface, the articular [cartilage] lining will not spontaneously heal since the cells do not naturally replicate. Until now, all that could be achieved was to drill through the bone underlying the... cartilage defect to stimulate... tissue to fill it. This is inferior to the normal lining, [it] would be like filling the road with rubble as opposed to new tarmac," Mr Rees said some new cells would initially be "sprayed" around the knee defect, and then the bulk of cells implanted in a two-and-a-half-hour operation. If successful, Mr Shore should be back playing football within a year.

Mr Rees said people with arthritis and other joint problems could benefit from the technique, known as autologous chondrocyte culture.

"The problems encountered by arthritis sufferers are essentially the same as those Jamie has. I am not saying that is going to eradicate the need for hip replacements, but it may help us to tackle arthritis in people under 50, as has happened in Sweden."

Mr Shore suffered extensive damage to his knee cartilage when he was tackled while playing for Norwich City youth squad 15 months ago. He was told that he would never play professional football again.

However, he heard about the operation and has pursued it ever since. "I wasn't going to be told that I couldn't play again," he said. "I wanted a second opinion. I feel I have been thrown a lifeline and I have just got to pull myself to the top."



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news

Care inquiry: Death as charges brought over alleged assaults

Manager in homes scandal found dead

JASON BENNETTO
Crime Correspondent

The former manager of two private homes in which mentally handicapped residents were allegedly sexually and physically abused has been found dead shortly after being told he was going to face charges of ill-treatment.

Gordon Rowe, who set up and ran the homes in Stoke Poges, near Slough, Buckinghamshire, for 10 years until 1993, is believed to have taken his own life. His body was found in a car in Crowthorne, Berkshire, early on Monday morning. A tube had been fitted from the exhaust pipe into the vehicle.

Mr Rowe was at the centre of an 18-month police investigation, in which 700 people were interviewed following allegations, first reported in the *Independent*, that mentally handicapped adults were raped, beaten and humiliated.

It is understood that a few days ago Mr Rowe learnt that he was about to be charged for ill-treatment of residents under the Mental Health Act. Mr Rowe has had a total of 40 allegations of assault levelled at him by 13 people.

The police have been investigating about a dozen people who worked at the homes, run by the company, Longcare, while Mr Rowe was in charge. Several people are expected to be charged in the next few weeks. The families of at least four former residents are trying to sue for damages for the severe traumatic stress they



Gordon Rowe (above) photographed while in hiding after the *Independent* first reported alleged abuses at private homes he ran in Buckinghamshire



claimed to have suffered from their alleged abuse at the homes up to 1993.

A confidential report by Buckinghamshire County Council, which was leaked to the *Independent* in 1994, contained allegations which, if substantiated, would amount to one of the worst residential care scandals since systematic child sex abuse was discovered in Leicestershire homes in 1991. It alleged that men and

women at the homes were raped, forced to eat outside and locked in their rooms - sometimes for days at a time.

The document, compiled by the council's social services inspection unit, reported that one man suffered severe anal bleeding for days before he was taken to a doctor.

The inspectors' report, which was passed to the police, concluded that residents were "continually subjected to a cat-

alogue of abuse, deprivation, humiliation and torment".

Among further allegations made against Gordon Rowe were that in 1992 staff saw him kick a young man, who had the mental age of a child, in the stomach; force-feed a 47-year-old woman suffering from Down's syndrome; and hose down with freezing water in mid-winter a 39-year-old man who had incontinence.

Buckinghamshire County Council's report on the allegations was completed in June 1994 but the council's social services department kept its findings confidential.

They agreed to let the homes remain open, providing that Mr Rowe severed all ties with them. It added that the present management has made improvements.

The two homes, Stoke Place and Stoke Green, are now run by Mr Rowe's son, Nigel, who was unavailable for comment yesterday.

Detective Superintendent Jon Bound, who led the investigation, said yesterday: "More than 12 people were investigated during the inquiry. I anticipate in the next few weeks we will be taking action as a result of the wide-ranging allegations of sexual and physical abuse and ill-treatment."

A spokesman from Buckinghamshire council, said that the police investigations resulted from information obtained by the council's social services department. He added that the council had acted in the best interests of the home's residents at all time.

Court told of paedophile's reign of terror

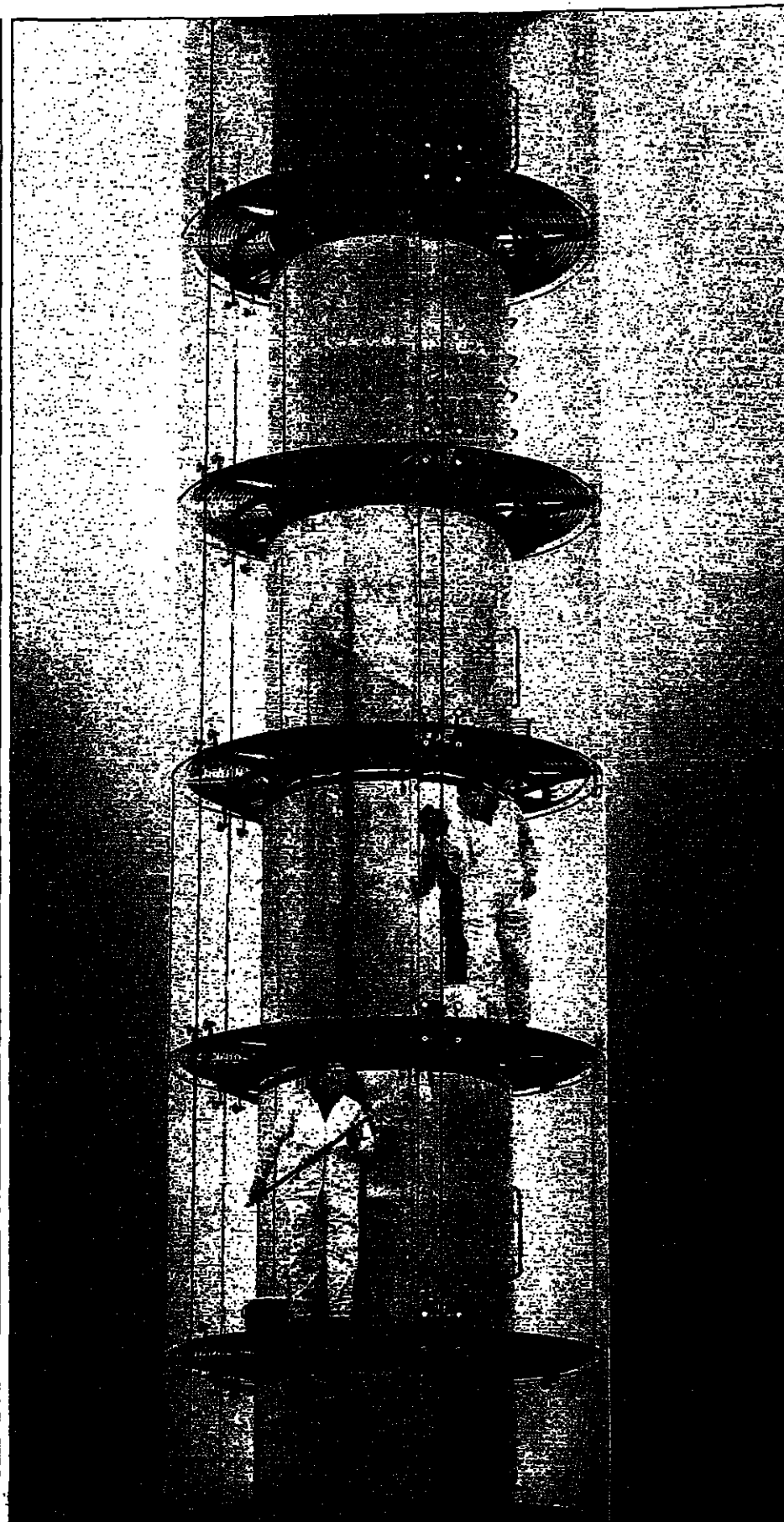
Sixteen boys went through a nightmare of abuse, trapped in a children's home run by a paedophile, a court heard yesterday. The boys, aged from six to 16, were under the total control of Peter Harley, whose reign of terror lasted five years. Some arrived weeping after being torn from their mothers

and sought comfort from Harley. Instead, they were sexually abused. Valerie Stacey, prosecuting, told the High Court in Glasgow. The children were too terrified to tell anyone, and did not think they would be believed anyway, she said. Some fled but were brought back by Harley, 50, to the local au-

thority Merkland Children's Home, Moffat, Dumfriesshire. Mrs Stacey said that years later, some of the victims, now married with families, still had nightmares and could not form proper relationships.

The offences came to light when one boy told his girlfriend and social workers and

the police were called in. Harley, of 560B Cowbridge Road East, Cardiff, admitted seventeen charges involving 16 boys. The offences of shaming, indecency included having sex with some of them. Lord Weir deferred sentencing for background reports until 9 April at the High Court in Edinburgh.



Spring clean: Workers beginning the clean-up yesterday of Thames Water's tower on the roundabout at the Holland Park Avenue/M41 junction in west London. The tower, winner of a design competition in 1993, hides a steel pipe and acts as a barometer, its blue liquid rising and falling according to air pressure. Photograph: Edward Sykes

Sacked woman 'feared sexist boss'

A woman supervisor told an industrial tribunal she was sacked after she complained that her boss had told her of his sexual fantasies about a colleague.

Cathy Thomas, of Rustington, West Sussex, claimed production manager Philip Hooper said women were only good for one thing and should "go home and do the ironing".

Miss Thomas, 25, was dismissed last September from polystyrene manufacturers Styropack, in Littlehampton. Bosses at the factory claimed she was too stressed to cope with her job as deputy team leader and tried to cut her pay. She was sacked when she refused to agree to the new conditions of employment.

Miss Thomas told an industrial tribunal in Southampton that Mr Hooper was often sexist, abusive and intimidating.

She said the manager, who suffered from irritable bowel syndrome, went into graphic detail about an exploratory operation on his bowels. She said: "His attitude was sexist and abusive almost immediately."

"He would insist I make coffee and said things like 'women belong at home' and 'you should stay at home with the bloody ironing'. He would often use his physical presence to intimidate me."

She added: "One of the fantasies he told me about concerned a female colleague. He said he imagined having sex with her over a pool table."

Miss Thomas said she complained to her team leader who spoke to Mr Hooper. In September last year Miss Thomas was signed off sick for two weeks and returned to find she had been demoted. "I was told I was unable to cope with the job because of stress," she said. "When I refused to accept a cut in wages I was dismissed."

Miss Thomas claims breach of contract and sexual discrimination. The firm admits the breach but denies discrimination. Colin Bast, a team-leader at Styropack, told the tribunal he had never heard Mr Hooper make any sexist remarks. The tribunal was adjourned.

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Yes ☐ No ☐
If yes, how many live with you? _____

3. Your personal details
Height: _____
Build: slight ☐ medium ☐ large ☐
Hair colour: _____
Dress/Looks: casual ☐ fashionable ☐
elegant ☐ sporty ☐
4. Your work
Present job: _____
Self-employed ☐ employed ☐
civil servant ☐ manual worker ☐
part-time ☐ not working ☐
unemployed ☐ retired ☐

Education
O levels / GCSE's ☐ A levels ☐
Further Education ☐ University ☐
Technical Qualification ☐
Other: _____

5. Your Personality
☐ Affectionate ☐ Fashionable
☐ Serious ☐ Practical
☐ Considerate ☐ Conventional
☐ Shy ☐ Reliable
☐ Romantic ☐ Adventurous

6. How would people who know you best describe you?
☐ always ready for a joke
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☐ takes life a bit too seriously
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| <input type="checkbox"/> Reading | <input type="checkbox"/> Smoking |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Travelling | <input type="checkbox"/> Astrology |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Science/Tech | <input type="checkbox"/> Children |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Cinema | <input type="checkbox"/> Homemaking |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Pets/Animals | <input type="checkbox"/> Gardening |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Pop music | <input type="checkbox"/> Countryside |



8. Details of the partner you would like:

Min. age: _____ Max. age: _____
Height: min. _____ max. _____
Don't mind ☐
Marital status: Single ☐ Divorced ☐
Widowed ☐ Separated ☐
Don't mind ☐

9. Which of the three pictures do you prefer? (tick the box)

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Culture clash:
Actress ta
battle ove

West i
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appeal

Musical postpon

DAILY POEM

Culture clash: Performing artists up in arms over Government proposal to remove financial safety net for the out-of-work

Actress takes centre stage in battle over cash for 'resting'

MARIANNE MACDONALD
Arts Correspondent

Charlotte Cornwell, one of the few members of the acting profession who manages to get a fair amount of well-paid work, is spearheading a campaign against government proposals to treat actors as self-employed.

During the four and a half months she was out of work last year, she signed on the dole. "It's a matter of principle," she says. "If we made the contributions we should take it up."

Ms Cornwell, 46, who is as famous for suing a critic who alleged she had a large bottom as for her parts in *Dressing For Breakfast* and *Rock Follies*, is furious about plans to change her tax status. Actors, dancers and singers pay higher Class 1 National Insurance contributions which entitle them to unemployment benefit of £46.45 a

week, sick pay, maternity pay, and industrial injuries benefit.

But the Department of Social Security proposes to change their National Insurance status to Class 2. This would mean they are only able to get income support, which is means-tested.

Ms Cornwell says the move could be devastating. "This goes to the heart of the whole question of how we value the cultural contribution of performing artists. Without being able to sign on, life would become really terrible."

This is the story of a year in her life:

January and February 1995. A *View From The Bridge* at Bristol Old Vic, on £260 a week plus expenses of £52.50. Luckily, she can stay with friends. "I'm lucky I didn't have to pay for digs, because they are at

least £60 a week for a room in a house," she says. But her earnings do not go very far after her agent deducts 10 per cent and she puts aside one-third for tax and child care for her daughter.

March. Play moves to Birmingham Rep, on a half-subsidised basis, and her earnings rise steeply. She is now on West End rates of £925 a week. Once again, she has a friend she can stay with.

April, May, June. Play opens at the Strand Theatre in the West End, still on £925 a week. She can now live at home with her daughter and that saves on child care.

"I'm on good money," she says, "but the West End minimum is only £241.51."

Mid-June, July, August. The work has dried up, and with little money coming in, it is easy for the overdraft to build up again. "The thing that happens

to actors is they keep money back for tax but then they come to the point of having no money for food and their children and they dip into it."

September, October. Lands a main part in a new television sitcom, *Dressing For Breakfast*. Spends two weeks on location around London, then six weeks in rehearsal before filming on Friday nights at the South Bank. She is earning more than £1,000 a week - an actor's dream.

November, December. Signing on again, but it has been a good year. "It's the first time ever where I've been in the luxurious position of being able to turn down work," she says. "In my 30s and 40s, although I got prestigious jobs in the theatre, I was out of work a lot. Only this year, have I managed to pay off all the debts that accumulated from those 15 years."



Dramatic appeal: "Without being able to sign on, life would be really terrible," Charlotte Cornwell says. Photograph: Edward Sykes

West is refused leave to appeal

WILL BENNETT

The serial killer Rosemary West looks certain to spend the rest of her life behind bars after the Court of Appeal yesterday refused to grant her leave to appeal against her convictions.

The rejection of her case by Lord Taylor, the Lord Chief Justice, and two other judges leaves West, 42, with no further legal avenues to take unless new evidence about the Cromwell Street killings comes to light.

When West was convicted of 10 murders by a jury at Winchester Crown Court last November, Mr Justice Mantell, the trial judge, said he would recommend that she should never be released from prison.

After yesterday's hearing in London Leo Gooley, West's solicitor, said that the chances of her appeal being successful had always been "a long shot" and that she had not been optimistic. He said when he spoke to West recently, "she said to me 'well they're hardly likely to hand the key over are they?' and I agreed that that would be unlikely to happen quickly... She, I think, is a realist."

West, widow of the self-confessed serial killer Frederick West who was found hanged in his prison cell before he faced trial, remained in Durham jail during the two-day hearing.

She has always denied involvement in the murders of 10 girls and young women whose remains were found at the Wests' house at 25 Cromwell Street, Gloucester, and at their previous home in the city. She alleged that her husband had

carried out the killings alone.

The victims included Heather West, Rosemary's daughter; Charmaine West, her husband's step-daughter; and Shirley Robinson, a lodger who was pregnant by Fred West. The seven other victims were bound gagged and kept alive in the cellar at 25 Cromwell Street while they were sexually abused.

On the first day of the appeal, Richard Ferguson QC, West's counsel, told the court that there was no direct evidence against her, that key evidence should have been declared inadmissible, that the trial judge had failed to sum up adequately and that media coverage had prejudiced the trial.

Yesterday Brian Leveson QC, for the Crown, said: "In a nutshell, it is our submission that Mrs West was tried fair and square. The evidence called by the Crown was properly laid before the jury."

"The summing up we submit was meticulous in attention to detail and the case was left to the jury on a correct and proper basis. We submit that the jury understood the issues and on ample evidence convicted her on each of the 10 counts."

Lord Taylor, Mr Justice Mitchell and Mr Justice Newman will give their reasons for the decision next week.

Detective Superintendent John Bennett, who led the murder inquiry, said afterwards: "We are very pleased that the judicial process has come to an end and perhaps now the families of the victims can be allowed to live their lives and put all these tragic problems behind them."

Musical postponed

The theatre impresario Sir Cameron Mackintosh yesterday announced the postponement of his latest West End musical, *Martin Guerre*, writes John McKie.

Sir Cameron has decided that the £3.5m show, scheduled to start previews on 1 June, will not now commence until 21 June, because of choreography difficulties. The world premiere

will now be on 10 July instead of 18 June.

Sir Cameron was said to want a four-week workshop prior to the rehearsals to develop the choreography.

Around 6,000 people who had booked tickets for the show at London's Prince Edward Theatre between 1-20 June were yesterday sent alternative booking arrangements.

DAILY POEM

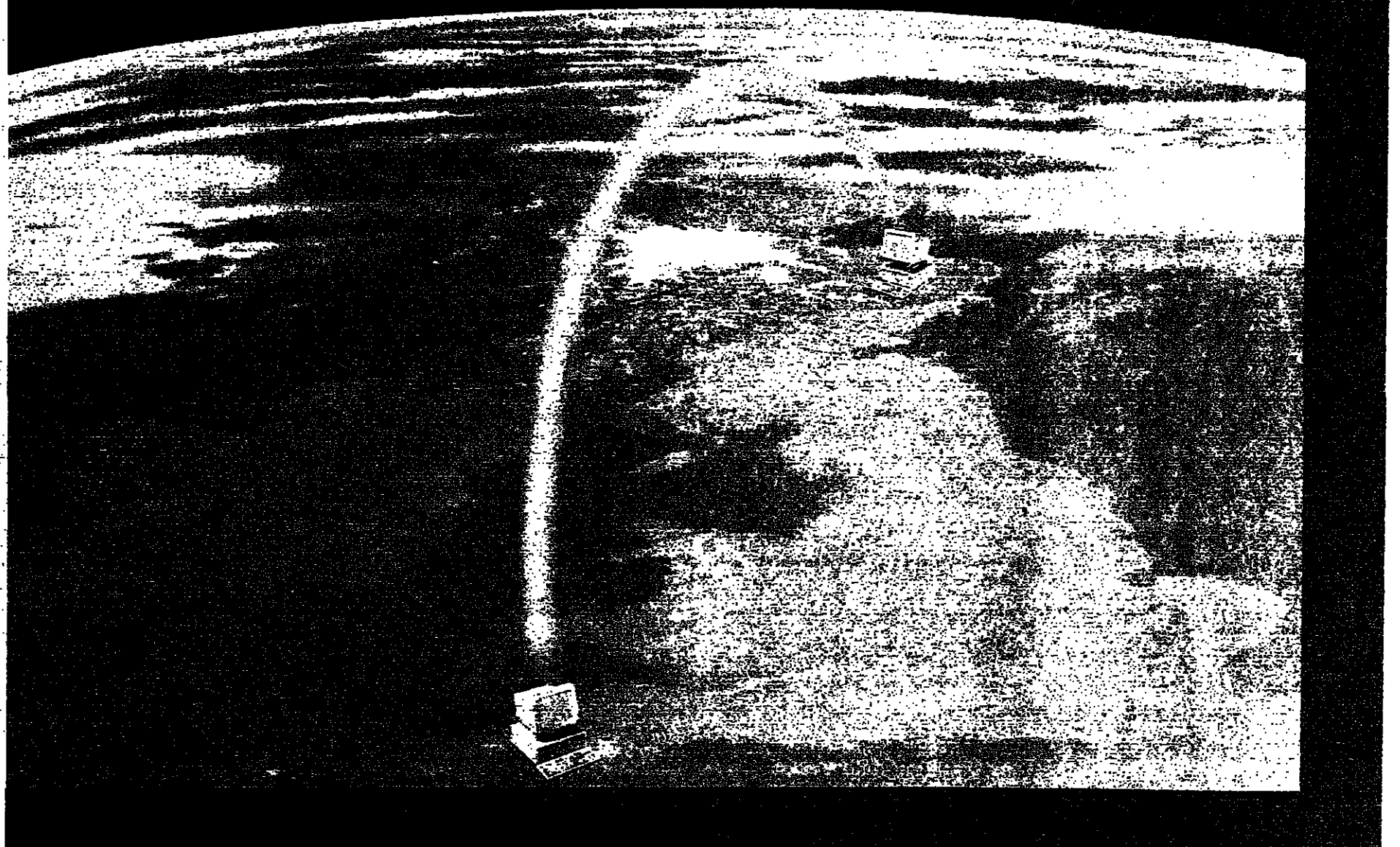
Memento

By Edwin Morgan

over the cliff-top and into the mist
across the heather and down to the peat
here with the sheep and where with the peewees
through the snubble and by the pheasant's tryst
above the pines and past the northern lights
along the yoe and out to meet the ice
among the stacks and round the kielderries
in summer lightning and beneath white nights
behind the haar and in front of the tower
beyond the moor and against writ and ring
below the moor-gate and outwith all kind
under the hill and at the boskless bower
over the hills and far away to bring
over the hills and far way to mind

Edwin Morgan was born in Glasgow in 1920 and, having attended Glasgow University as an undergraduate, became a lecturer in the English in 1947, finally retiring as titular professor in 1980. This poem first appeared in *Sonnets from Scotland* (Mariscat Press, 1984) and now appears in *Collected Poems*, published by Carcanet last month at £14.95.

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news

Hume praises the courage of Britain's poor

ANDREW BROWN
Religious Affairs
Correspondent

Cardinal Basil Hume, leader of the Roman Catholic Church in England and Wales, yesterday called a conference on poverty during which church leaders heard impassioned pleas for action from the disadvantaged.

One of them, "Lisa", was a prostitute in her teens, starting at the age of 10. "The average age of all prostitutes on streets is 14," she told the conference. "Do not see child prostitutes, but prostituted children ... used as seminal spittoons."

"Women shouldn't have to do it, not because of the morality of the issue, but because of what it does to us, its survivors."

The Cardinal replied: "She is a courageous woman. She is my sister. She is human and she has had a hard time. I would like to pay tribute to her." He added: "But whenever we talk of poverty we must never forget the spiritual poverty in all of us."

The leaders of all the main British churches, along with MPs, social workers, business people and priests, gathered in London to hear the testimony

of 12 people. Moragene Roberts, from London, told the conference that she had had to put her eldest son into care to guarantee him an education, even though this had permanently damaged their relationship. Other parents, she said, had been advised to put their children on the "at risk" register to get nursery places.

Parents in extreme poverty were shown the huge better facilities which prospective foster parents could offer their children. "The greatest lack in my life, is the lack of education: there must be a priority for the children of illiterate, badly educated and badly housed parents, so that they don't enter

schools disadvantaged at the age of five," Ms Roberts said. Jamie Phillips, a 17-year-old woman in care, said that if she had stayed with her family, she would have been dead. Yet government policy encouraged people to leave care and, at 18, she would do that.

"We are suddenly thrown from full-time care into full-time neglect. We do not have the comfort of a supportive family, social services are our family," she explained. "How can we be expected to be set up for a full independent life at the age of 16 or 17 years?"

Hilary Russell, national chair of Church Action on Poverty, the charity which organised the conference, said that nearly 4 million people were living on incomes below the level of income support; and nearly 10 million lived in households which relied on income support.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr George Carey, told the conference that he had been born in poverty, referring to his upbringing on a council estate. "We must get beyond slogans," he said. "I believe in the enterprise society. I also believe in the stakeholder society. But neither will be satisfactory if people feel excluded."

Cardinal Hume: Paid tribute

Prostitute's sermon to the archbishop



Beyond slogans: The Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr George Carey, talks to 'Lisa', a prostitute Photograph: Dillon Bryden

Twelve people told the conference about their experience of poverty. Here are two of them.

■ "Lisa", a prostitute. Lisa went on the streets at the age of 10 after being abused within her family. "Two-thirds of prostitutes have been abused as children. Prostitution is not about sexuality or fulfilling sexual fantasies - it is about abuse. It is about poverty. It is not about choice. It is awful, dangerous, and life-threatening. Seventy three per cent of prostitutes have been raped repeatedly and beaten."

"Take a good look at me. Next time you see a prostitute at work, you do not see a whore, you see a survivor. You see a woman trying to feed herself and her children."

"You think 'It couldn't be my daughter, she's at university.' But poverty and prostitution among students are at an all-time high. You think, it couldn't be my mother: 89 per cent of prostitutes over 16 are mothers."

■ David Moragene, Glasgow, 45. Raised in the Gorbals, he was left with three young children by his wife, a diagnosed schizophrenic. He raised them in poverty, in an isolated life. "That led me to alcohol, and then I ended up in prison."

He served four years and emerged to be evicted from his home for non-payment of arrears. He was rescued by the Simon Community which found him a place to live. This emergency accommodation cost the taxpayer £300 a week - the sum of his original rent arrears.

He could not go on to further education because a grant would render him ineligible for his housing. "People end up paying for being poor," he said.

Teachers to sue more councils over violence

JUDITH JUDD
Education Editor

A teachers' union is preparing to sue four more local authorities where teachers have been victims of violent attacks by pupils after a teacher won damages of £82,500.

The National Association of Schoolmasters' Union of Women Teachers announced its plans as Hazel Spence-Young told how she was attacked and permanently disabled by a 10-year-old pupil. Mrs Spence-Young won the award, one of the largest ever made to a teacher, because Coventry City Council refused to remove from her class a boy who was so violent that psychologists said he should be in a special school.

The union said it was "virtually certain" to take similar cases to court. The cases are: ■ An assault last month on a 49-year-old Sandwell language teacher who suffered post-traumatic stress after being punched

in the face by a pupil and receiving cuts and bruises on the eye, nose and lip.

■ An attack on a 43-year-old Derbyshire teacher by a 12-year-old. She suffered a wrenched shoulder and bruised wrist and eventually had to resign.

■ An attack on a 46-year-old special needs teacher in Leeds by a 15-year-old. She was smashed to the ground, suffered a broken nose, black eyes and damaged tear ducts.

■ An attack on a 42-year-old Nottinghamshire teacher who was pushed into the wall and punched by a 15-year-old with a history of violent behaviour. The victim was off work for three months.

Mrs Spence-Young, who taught at Frederick Bird primary school until the attack, yesterday urged other teachers to take action against violent pupils. "I hope I can stand as an example to other teachers who feel as angry and frustrated and helpless as I did dealing with a child who

shouldn't be in a mainstream classroom and being given no help to deal with him."

The council told her she would be in breach of contract if she refused to teach the boy. When the 10-year-old attacked her, she suffered injuries which mean that she needs a neck brace and is in continual pain which has to be controlled by drugs. Her right arm is partly paralysed. The attack happened after she tried to lead him back into her class. "I was being kicked and punched and pummelled. It was as if there were hands and feet everywhere." Her injuries meant she could not pick up her grandson.

Nigel de Gruchy, the union's general secretary, said: "The message we are sending out to negligent employers is that the union will pursue these cases. And if we can't pursue them with reason and common sense and justice, we will pursue them in the courts and hit them where it hurts, in their pockets."

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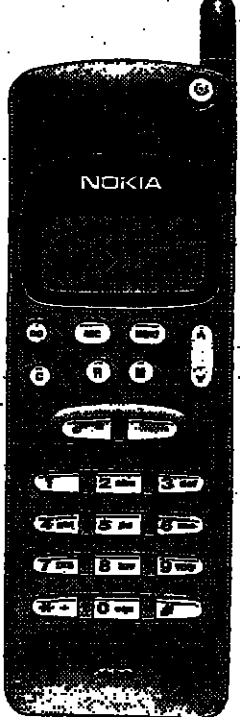
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Rebellious Baker wins concession on nursery vouchers Bill

A modest concession last night on the nursery vouchers Bill bought the Government out of trouble with one of the architects of its education reforms, Kenneth Baker. Rebellious mutterings from the former secretary of state led to an assurance that the extra cost of providing for nursery school children with special needs would be taken into account in assessing Exchequer support for local education authorities.

As the Nursery Education and Grant-Maintained Schools Bill completed its final Commons stages, a Government amendment was added, giving

LEAs power to provide goods and services to nurseries outside the maintained sector for children with special needs.

But Mr Baker, who for the last 18 months has been raising money for the Royal London School for the Blind at Dorton House, near Sevenoaks, Kent, said it was no good granting the power without the resources.

Having earlier threatened he might vote for a Labour amendment on securing the money, Mr Baker said he hoped the minister would agree that authorities who used the new power would be reimbursed through their annual grant.

Inside Parliament
Stephen Goodwin

Education minister, Robin Squire duly obliged. He said the number of cases where LEAs assisted non-maintained schools was likely to be small but the department would ensure the consequences were reflected in the annual assessment of their needs.

Peter Kilfoyle, a Labour education spokesman, remained unpersuaded that the Government would produce the money, but the party's more rigid amendment was rejected by 278 votes to 238.

Mr Baker said there was no doubt that if children who were blind or had other serious handicaps could be helped at an early age, it reduced their sense of isolation.

"Any child who is deaf, blind or seriously physically handicapped has a sense of isolation, and to be brought into contact with other children and with teachers who give them a great

deal of attention and love is an enormous step forward beyond their family associations."

But he said it was an expensive form of provision and often "somewhat patchy".

Mr Squire continued to oppose Opposition calls for all nursery education funded through the £1,100 per child voucher system to be supervised by a qualified teacher.

The Child Support Agency is to start paying interest on late payments after complaints about delays in passing on cash to lone parents caring for children. Andrew

Mitchell, Social Security minister, told MPs at question time that the move would apply to all maintenance payments the CSA had received since 1 April 1995.

"The CSA will now be paying interest on maintenance which it has collected and which is due for onward payment to the parent with care but which has not been passed on within 28 days," Mr Mitchell said.

According to the Department of Social Security there are currently 600 cases where payments have been delayed by more than 28 days. The interest accrued would amount to £10,500, an average of £17.50

per case. Payments will be made to all parents who qualify, over a minimum of £5.

The agency has a target of passing on 90 per cent of all child-maintenance payments received from absent parents within 10 days. In 1995-96 it has exceeded that target and passed on 97 per cent within 10 days.

The threat of a Government defeat over television sports coverage was averted in the Lords when Labour withdrew a bid to make broadcasters share highlights of major sporting events with other channels.

Lord Howell, former Labour sports minister, last month led a successful revolt to prevent pay television gaining exclusive live coverage over the eight so-called "crown jewels" of British sport.

But last night he surprised peers during the Broadcasting Bill's third reading debate by withdrawing his latest demand, calling instead for a statutory duty on the Sports Council to "draw up and keep under review" a code of guidance to the Independent Television Commission, the BBC and the Welsh Authority. The Bill now goes to the Commons.

Tories face fury over 'plagueship council'

CHRIS BLACKHURST
Westminster Correspondent

The total cost to Westminster residents of the alleged gerrymandering policies of Dame Shirley Porter, the city council's former leader, was put at £103m by Labour yesterday, far in excess of previous estimates.

Frank Dobson, Labour environment spokesman, demanded the money be repaid to the council tax payers of Westminster. At a curtain-raising press conference ahead of publication of the long-awaited District Auditor's final report on the council's "homes-for-votes" scandal, Mr Dobson accused the Tories of having committed "seven deadly sins" in Westminster.

Homes for votes, the selling of flats in key marginal wards, upon which John Magill, the District Auditor, is due to pronounce shortly, was, said Mr Dobson, just one of the seven. The other "sins" listed by Mr Dobson included a commitment to selling 100 properties a year which resulted in flats remaining empty despite homeless families in the area; large service charges and repair bills for those who bought leasehold flats under the homes-for-votes policy; millions spent by Government on subsidies to keep Westminster's local tax bills down; and the "most deadly sin of all" - moving families into asbestos-affected blocks.

Mr Magill's report, a follow-up to his scathing interim findings made public two years ago, is expected to recommend

the surcharging of Dame Shirley and her former colleagues, including Barry Legg, MP for Milton Keynes South West, for around £30m.

The earliest the Magill report will be published is 1 April, it emerged yesterday. In a letter to Dame Shirley's lawyers, the District Auditor rejected her request for an advance copy of his report and to be able to comment on his conclusions. Instead, he said, he will write to her tomorrow, giving 10 days' minimum notice of the publication date. His decision and reasons will be made known to those affected at least two hours before they are released to the public.

Whichever date Mr Magill chooses, his report will almost certainly cast a shadow over the forthcoming Tory local government election campaign. That, plus another report due out shortly, on the moving of homeless families into asbestos-affected flats in Paddington, will be seized upon by Labour. "Westminster used to be the Tories' flagship council," Mr Dobson said. "These days it has become the Tories' plagueship council."

The Tories, not surprisingly, reacted angrily to Mr Dobson's claims. The present Tory leader of the council, Melvyn Caplan, said: "The hypocrisy of the Labour party is mind-blowing... they only care about their own political ends." He denied that Westminster had received preferential treatment from this government. "Westminster was actually better off financially under the last Labour government," he said.



Seat of power: Ministers have launched a three-year campaign to encourage people to take more exercise

Photograph: Dillon Bryden

Britons urged to walk themselves fitter

LIZ HUNT
Health Editor

Health ministers yesterday appealed to an increasingly slothful nation to heave itself up from the couch and indulge in a little activity.

A 69m fitness campaign launched in Docklands, east London, yesterday will urge people to walk further, use the stairs instead of lifts, and cycle rather than drive.

The Health Education Authority, which is running the three-year campaign, said the

aim was to persuade people to adapt their lives to include some exertion, without pushing themselves too strenuously.

Baroness Cumberlege, junior health minister, who described herself as a keen cyclist and gardener, said: "We do not have to be Olympic champions or pump iron to keep fit. The important thing is to do something regular if you can. Start to build up to moderate activity five times a week - you will certainly reap the benefits."

The minister, 53, said she practised what she was preaching: "I do cycle and I've done the London-to-Brighton bike run. I'm also a farmer's wife and so it's quite hard to avoid exercise when you live on a farm - especially when the bullocks get out."

Research has shown significant health improvements result from building up to five 30-minute sessions of moderate physical activity a week.

Nick Cavill, HEA's physical activity manager, said: "Five 30-minute sessions a week is a goal. Any activity is better than none, particularly if you haven't been

active for some time. So build up slowly, and think of all the ways that you could be a little more active... It's not necessary to go jogging or run around a squash court. Brisk walking, cycling, swimming and dancing are ideal."

The initiative follows concern that more than half the British population is overweight, and that one person in three is classed as sedentary. Between 1980 and 1992 the overweight population increased by 15 per cent to 54 per cent of men and 45 per cent of women. Other

developed and emerging countries show a similar trend, and the World Health Organisation last week has launched a campaign to tackle obesity.

There is growing evidence for the benefits of physical exercise which protects against heart disease, high blood pressure, cancer, osteoporosis, diabetes and arthritis. It is also a valuable aid to stress relief.

The Active For Life campaign will be promoted on television initially, and by posters in libraries, community centres and doctors' surgeries.

UK has opt-out on race plan

KATHERINE BUTLER
Brussels

Britain signed up to a common European Union plan to combat racism yesterday, but only after negotiating the right not to criminalise certain forms of racist behaviour such as publicly denying that the Jewish Holocaust actually happened.

Michael Howard, the Home Secretary, outraged European counterparts and Jewish groups in Britain last November by rejecting the draft plan which aimed to strengthen co-operation and close loopholes arising from differences in member states' legal systems which are exploited by groups such as neo-Nazis to pursue some activities with impunity.

At yesterday's meeting in Brussels, Mr Howard agreed to go along with the joint action, which obliges member states to make it an automatic criminal offence to incite discrimination, violence or racial hatred, to condone crimes against humanity, to deny the Holocaust, to distribute racist tracts or to take part in groups which involve discrimination or racial, ethnic or religious hatred.

But he secured an annex stating that in Britain such behaviour must be shown to be "threatening, abusive or insulting and is carried out with the intention of stirring up racial hatred or is likely to do so" before it is an offence.

Mr Howard said the compromise would protect the balance between combating racism and the freedom of expression. Britain also secured agreement from EU justice ministers yesterday on closer co-operation against football hooligans ahead of the European soccer championships in June. Participating EU countries will send police "spotters" to accompany national teams to assist in identifying potential troublemakers.

Call to shelve nuclear plan

MARY FAGAN
and **TOM WILKIE**

Labour called yesterday for the planned £2.6bn privatisation of the nuclear industry to be shelved following problems with the refuelling process and a subsequent shutdown at one of the most modern reactors, Heysham 2, in Lancashire.

A technical investigation has begun at Heysham and at Torness, an identical station, to establish whether there is a fundamental design fault.

John Battle, shadow energy spokesman, said: "The sale of nuclear does not add up economically and there now also seems to be a question over structural faults."

Mr Battle called for a halt to the privatisation process until the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate was able to give assurances there is no threat to public safety. The sale, scheduled to take place this summer, is already dogged by arguments over the financial structure of the industry between the Government and British Energy, the company to be privatised.

British Energy said the problem "really is a minor one" and the decision to shut Heysham 2 was taken voluntarily with no pressure from the NII.

The problem at Heysham 2 occurred as fuel rods were loaded into the reactor while it was still running. This "on-load" refuelling enhances performance of the reactors and could add millions of pounds to the profits of the privatised company. It is not yet clear whether the fault is a one-off.



Heart of gold: Sixteen-month-old Adnan Cosic and his mother Alma, from Tuzla, at Heathrow airport yesterday after arriving from Bosnia. Adnan, who suffers from a debilitating heart condition, is one of five seriously ill children evacuated from Bosnia in an operation organised by the British charity Child Advocacy International. Adnan is to be treated at the Brompton Hospital in London

Photograph: John Voos

Elderly patients used as guinea pigs

Elderly patients were used as "guinea pigs" to test a range of new drugs without their knowledge, a disciplinary hearing was told yesterday.

They were used in various drugs trials conducted by Dr Geoffrey Fairhurst, in some cases after consent forms had been forged.

The General Medical Council's professional conduct committee was told that Dr Fairhurst also allegedly instructed a practice nurse to produce false ECG reports for patients participating in clinical drugs trials.

Dr Fairhurst, a JP and government adviser, had told the nurse that to inform patients of trials was "the kiss of death to recruit them," Rosalind Foster QC, on behalf of the GMC, said.

Dr Fairhurst, of Warrington, Lancashire, who qualified in 1962, denies serious professional misconduct.

Ms Foster told the hearing that Dr Fairhurst had abused a trusted position while conducting potentially dangerous tests on drugs for the treatment of people suffering from heart conditions and hypertension.

"The facts we will submit show that Dr Fairhurst's conduct of these clinical trials was highly irregular and dishonest," she said.

She went on to say that the charge against the doctor related to three separate drugs trials involving a number of elderly patients between 1988 and 1995.

The alleged misconduct was exposed by Dr David Edwards, the partner in his practice in St Helen's, Merseyside.

Ms Foster told the GMC committee: "You will appreciate

the importance of clinical research must be conducted with scrupulous honesty. The rational behind this is that everything possible must be done to ensure the safety of patients in [drugs] trials."

"A patient's consent is fundamental and full documentation and records is necessary if a problem in their care should arise."

She said that pharmaceutical companies also expected doctors carrying out trials to do so honestly. "Doctors are remunerated on this basis for good

'Everything possible must be done to ensure the safety of patients in drugs trials'

and honest work," she added.

Ms Foster said a danger of including people unknowingly into the tests could be to lead to inaccurate information which would be the basis of new drugs released to the public. As a result there was a risk of "grave danger to the public."

Dr Fairhurst, who had been involved in clinical trials for several years, had resorted to the alleged dishonesty as "a way of topping up the numbers of patients" involved.

The hearing was told that many patients had given their consent to be a party to the trials. But Ms Foster said that in the case of several elderly peo-

ple a consent form had been forged, or the doctor had written a statement falsely claiming that a patient had consented to participate.

It was alleged that on 23 January 1995, the doctor instructed Irene Hill, the practice nurse, to produce false ECG reports in respect of several patients involved in the tests.

When she remonstrated with him about some of his orders he ceased to give her any further work. Ms Foster said Mrs Hill would tell the committee of Dr Fairhurst's reluctance to inform patients of trials.

He also is alleged to have advised the giving of medication in trials on prescription "to avoid confusing the elderly... they may think they were being used as guinea pigs."

The charges laid against Dr Fairhurst relate to a study on 10 February 1988 conducted by Glaxo Pharmaceuticals UK Ltd, on the efficacy and safety of the drug lacidipine with atenolol in patients suffering from moderate hypertension.

A second study by Merck Sharp & Dohme in April 1981, was launched to investigate a drug enalapril with hydrochlorothiazide and enalapril, also for the treatment of elderly patients suffering from essential hypertension.

The third trial on 25 February 1993, by Leo Laboratories Ltd, investigated the effects of diuretics, bumetanide plus captopril, for patients with congestive cardiac failure.

Dr Fairhurst accepted that he admitted patients to the drugs trials, but he insists that they gave their consent. He also denies forging any consent forms. The hearing continues.

international

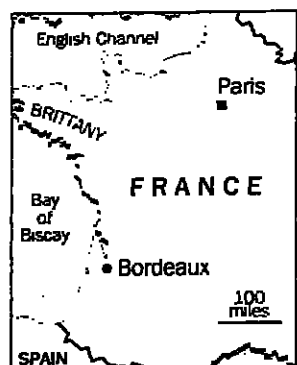
Why EU makes Bordeaux see pink

SARAH HELM
Bordeaux

Listening to Guy Saint-Martin attack *les technocrates de Bruxelles* and *les ultra-libéraux*, it is hard to believe that the Socialist mayor of Boe cannot make his voice heard in the European Union capital. So penetrating is his throaty invective that it seems to echo far across the strawberry fields of the Garonne valley.

Roads around Boe will be splattered pink with strawberry juice again next month. Mr Saint-Martin warns, when French farmers try to halt cheap Spanish strawberries flooding in across the borders. Sir Leon Brittan (a name he utters with evident disgust) wants to open French markets to all the world. "For the benefit of whom - the multinationals?"

"Europe must be strong, yes. I believe in Europe. I voted Yes



to Maastricht," he says. "But today I would certainly vote No. The people are no longer heard. We will not be told what to do by technocrats in Brussels. And now, what is this we hear? They want to limit our hunting season. Have they not got better things to do? This is our culture. Who are the technocrats to say when a man can shoot a pigeon. *Qu'est-ce que c'est que ça?*" he booms.

Throughout the region of Aquitaine, there is a spreading unease about the way that Europe appears to be dictating unwelcome change, and it crosses the political divide.

Bordeaux, the capital of Aquitaine, was the scene of massive demonstrations against cuts

BUILDING EUROPE

in public-service spending last year. The fact that Alain Juppé, the Prime Minister in France's Gaullist government, is Mayor of Bordeaux drew huge angry crowds to the city.

The cuts were linked to France's need to meet convergence criteria for monetary union, and, while demonstrations were not specifically aimed at Brussels, the strength of the protests and the widespread support they won across the social spectrum revealed a general malaise about Europe.

"Many people here now see Maastricht as a constraint; as rules and interference... They fear more and more about losing their identity," says Jean-Pierre Bebear, a Juppé supporter, member of the European Parliament, and a Bordeaux doctor. "If we voted here tomorrow for a new Maastricht we would have difficulty."

Last week, in his proposals for the Inter-Governmental Conference on European reform which begins in Turin next week, Mr Juppé appeared to heed the message from Bordeaux, reaffirming the pre-eminence of the "nation-state".

The nature of Bordeaux Euro-scepticism would be both familiar and puzzling to a sceptic Briton. The people joke here that they have always resisted the centralising diktat of Paris - never mind Brussels - and some say that the region has never been more content than during its period of relative autonomy under English Plantagenet rule.

But very few in Aquitaine - or anywhere in France - would describe themselves as anti-European. Most say they believe that Europe is the future.

A first glance across the proud vineyards of the Medoc, the rich forests of the Landes, or the grand boulevards of Bordeaux suggests a region glowing with confidence. French farmers, for example, have



In ferment: Bordeaux, which saw huge protests over spending cuts that were linked to EU monetary-union criteria

Photograph: Robert Harding

largely done very well out of the EU, with incomes in Aquitaine rising in recent years. The maize producers of the region learnt during the Gatt world-trade talks of the necessity of a strong Europe standing as a bloc.

The farmers had to battle to stop US access to their markets. In Aquitaine, US economic power is viewed with far greater suspicion than any German giant. Furthermore, the people here are positively in favour of the single currency, believing that the stabilising of exchange rates can only help their economy, protecting them

from currency devaluations in neighbouring states.

They are delighted that the French euro coin is to be minted at Pessac, on the borders of Bordeaux. Their only concern is that Germany is imposing such strictures that France may not make the grade.

But the region nevertheless feels deep anxiety. The most common complaint is familiar one, but voiced with ever more urgency. There is a "loss of identity" and a threat to "French culture". European government is a manifestation of "globalisation" - a word they spit in

thick Bordelais accents. People know that simply to blame Brussels is naive. But they argue that the decisions of the EU are hastening the process, while doing nothing to alleviate its worst effects. Markets are being opened for "political" reasons. Moroccan tomatoes are now being given greater access to French markets.

But why should French farmers suffer to help Morocco? After the EU-Asia summit in Bangkok, there is fear of Asian competition. "We are the best - that is not the problem," says Mr Saint-Martin. "But how are

we to compete with prices from Vietnam? Ultra-liberalism will break Europe."

The people of Aquitaine voice criticism of Europe as much for what it is doing as for what it is not doing. While nobody expects Brussels to halt the economic revolution or to turn "protectionism", it should protect local cultures and help to promote jobs.

They believed in Maastricht because it would make Europe a more coherent whole. Instead, says Mr Bebear, it proved "complicated, badly explained, badly constructed". The result

is enormous frustration and a sense of impotence.

Recent attempts to force the French to end the hunting season on 31 January have only confirmed the worst fears of the technocrats in Brussels. "People ask why are they talking about hunting when they should be solving social problems and dealing with the unemployed," says Pierre Cherruau, of *Sud-Ouest*. "People here believe in Europe but they don't believe this is the best way," says Philippe Costemale, at the regional council.

Kohl warns Germans of huge cuts in welfare state

IMRE KARACS
Bonn

Germany must make savage cuts in the welfare state in order to prevent it from going bust, Chancellor Helmut Kohl admitted yesterday.

"We will be forced to introduce massive savings in 1997," Mr Kohl said. "We must do everything to limit the rise of the deficit." Though the Chancellor gave no details, pensions, unemployment benefit and the

national health service are likely to be the main targets, but infrastructure projects will also suffer. The government's costly move to Berlin in 1999 could be the most spectacular casualty.

The shortfall between government revenue and expenditure also threatens another important undertaking scheduled for 1999: European monetary union. Under the rules of the Maastricht treaty, aspiring members must bring the budget deficit down to 3 per cent

of GDP, a goal which eluded Bonn last year.

As the economy bumps along the bottom, tax revenue is not keeping pace with the welfare state's burgeoning expenditure, weighed down by payments to 4.3 million jobless - the highest since the Second World War. While Bonn predicts an upswing in industry this year, the opposition argues it will not be enough to cut the debt queues.

The number-crunchers are only now coming to grips with

the effects of the unforeseen recession, and their figures make horrendous reading. Yesterday, the opposition Social Democrats claimed that there would be a DM100bn (£44bn) shortfall in tax revenue in 1997, and similar gaps in 1998 and 1999. On that basis alone Germany, and therefore Europe, can say goodbye to monetary union, especially if Bonn sticks to a pledge repeated by Mr Kohl yesterday not to raise taxes.

The government's true intentions will not be revealed, however, until this Sunday's elections in three Länder where the fate of Mr Kohl's coalition partners, the Free Democrats, hangs by a thread. An adverse vote could undermine the government, so the Chancellor has been understandably reluctant to divulge the diagnosis for the economy's ills. Though the Finance Minister, Theo Waigel, last week announced a token budget freeze, his savings target of DM500m was well short

of the DM16bn believed to be missing from this year's kitty.

With the elections soon out of the way, the day of reckoning approaches. "We are rebuilding the welfare state, not dismantling it," Mr Kohl vowed yesterday.

One project Mr Kohl wants ring-fenced from the builders is monetary union, destined to be the Chancellor's crowning achievement. But his government is vulnerable to the charge that it is placing the destiny of

Europe above the fates of Germany's unemployed. The Chancellor is therefore planning a relaunch of his Euro-campaign by arguing that postponement of monetary union would send the Deutschmark sky-high, crippling exports and putting millions more out of work.

He might be able to sell that to the voters, but then he will still be left with one Herculean task: making the numbers add up by 1998, the year applicants to EMU are weighed in.

SA's miracle marriage ends in bathos

PATRICK MCDOWELL
Associated Press

Johannesburg - The Mandelas had no ordinary marriage, and no ordinary break-up.

By the time Nelson Mandela got the divorce he asked for yesterday, the South African President had been compelled to testify in court for the first time since the notorious treason trial in 1964. And Winnie Mandela had fired her lawyer, failed to challenge her husband's accusations of adultery, and was told by the judge to sit down and stop stalling. "This is no ordinary case," she pleaded.

"It's very sad," said George Bizos, a lawyer who represented both Mandelas over the years. "But one has to be sensible. Someone like the President cannot be put in such a position." Today the court will consider the financial settlement in what promises to be a bitter

dispute. Mrs Mandela is reportedly seeking half her husband's estate. Mr Mandela's salary is 552,000 rand (about £92,000) a year and most of his income from his best-selling autobiography goes to charity. An affidavit supporting his divorce request accuses Winnie of living beyond her means, earning 16,000 rand (£2,600) a month and spending R107,000 - including R10,000 on clothing, R2,000 on make-up, and R12,000 on entertainment.

Mr Mandela took the stand on Monday - the first time since he was sentenced to life 32 years ago on sabotage charges against the apartheid state. Calmly, he said his marriage had broken down almost immediately after he was freed in 1990 to negotiate an end to apartheid.

He felt nothing but loneliness living with Winnie, and became convinced of her infidelity after a newspaper editor showed him

a love letter she had written to her personal assistant, Dali Mpofu, a lawyer.

The Mandelas separated in 1992 after Winnie was convicted and fined in the kidnapping of her bodyguards of four youths, one of whom was found beaten to death.

On cross-examination yesterday the defence lawyer, Ismail Semanya, asked Mr Mandela to recall his wife's suffering during their marriage. "She was subjected to very cruel persecution by the security police of the day," Mr Mandela said. But he added: "There were many women in this country who suffered far more than she did."

As the judge pressed for direct answers to challenge allegations that would be legal grounds for divorce - adultery and the couple's long separation - Mr Semanya whispered to Winnie, then announced he



Dali Mpofu: Named in letter as Winnie's lover

had been fired. Winnie begged for a postponement to find a new lawyer. Mr Mandela's counsel and the judge called it a ploy to buy time.

The judge eventually ordered the case closed. Mr Mandela sat stoically, blinking occasionally. Winnie appeared drawn. Neither looked at the other.

Outside the courthouse, most of the 100 or so people awaiting a verdict opposed the divorce. "I think I'm disappointed with both of them," said Louisa Dikgale, a student. "When you're separated, you can try to get back together. This is the President. He should be a role model. Everybody makes mistakes." The couple wed in 1958 after Mr Mandela divorced his first wife.

During her husband's imprisonment, Winnie became an anti-apartheid leader in her own right, popular with the African National Congress's radical wing.

She lost influence as Mr Mandela pushed the ANC along a moderate course and was fired early last year as deputy minister of arts, culture, science and technology after a series of controversies. She remains an MP and leads the ANC Women's League.

Scandals tar India election hopefuls

TIM MCGIRK
New Delhi

India, the world's biggest democracy, yesterday announced parliamentary elections will be held on 27 April, 2 May and 7 May, at a time when most leading political parties are enmeshed in a bribery scandal.

To stage polls in a country with more than 900 million people is so vast an exercise that election officials are staggering the event. Voting in the troubled state of Jammu-Kashmir, where Muslim separatists are in revolt, has been delayed until 21 May.

The ruling Congress party of Narasimha Rao is expected to lose its majority, but its closest rival, the right-wing Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) is unlikely to emerge as a clear winner. India

could be heading for a quarrelsome coalition government.

Many party leaders were sucked into the corruption scandal when a top industrialist confessed he had made pay-offs to officials and politicians in both Congress and the BJP. This stung the right hand, as their president, L.K. Advani, was crusading against the Congress government for corruption when the investigators of the bribery scandal fingered him.

Several Congress ministers were sacrificed by Mr Rao. Congress was also jolted by defections among its traditional supporters, the poor Hindus and minorities such as the Muslims and the Sikhs.

According to political experts, Mr Rao has given up the battle in northern India and is focusing his hopes on the south.

Cult gas attack haunts sole UK victim

RICHARD LLOYD PARRY
Tokyo

Most people would speak of a nightmare but for Dave Pearson the effects of being poisoned by sarin nerve gas resembled a more mundane experience.

"Try to imagine it like this," he says. "The world's worst ever hangover. When they let me out of hospital, I slept for a few hours and then woke up with a raging headache. I couldn't focus on close objects, and my pupils were like pinpoints - my kids nicknamed me the Alien. Think of the worst hangover you've ever had, and then add a bit more. This went on for a fortnight. Not a pleasant experience."

A year ago this morning Mr Pearson, in his own words, "entered the history books for a few seconds" when he became the only British victim of the Tokyo subway attack. Just after 8am on 20 March 1995, he was commuting from his family's apartment in western Tokyo to the offices of Westpac Banking Corporation, the Australian company where he is Chief Manager. After one stop, people in his carriage started coughing. Mr Pearson noticed "a faint sweet, plastic kind of smell".

The train was crowded and at the next station he had to step off to make way for disembarking passengers. "It was then that I realised that something was wrong. They were carrying an old man off the carriage in front and laying him on the platform. He was lying there with his arms and legs convulsing, and there were people all around him sitting on the floor looking very unwell."

The old man died soon after, one of 12 victims of the most bizarre terrorist attacks in Japan's history. Half an hour before, 10 members of the Aum Shinri Kyo cult had boarded five separate trains, carrying plastic bags filled with the liquid form of sarin nerve gas. Travelling in pairs, they punctured the bags with sharpened umbrellas, before jumping off.

The cult's leader, Shoko Asahara, who finally goes on trial next month, had for years been predicting an apocalypse and acquiring chemical and biological weapon ingredients with the aim of hurrying it along. Apart from the 12 dead, 5,500 people were poisoned by the sarin. Three remain unconscious, and will probably never wake up.

By some lucky instinct, Mr Pearson remained on the platform as the train moved off. By the time it reached the next station the gas had permeated his carriage and dozens of passengers had begun fainting, bleeding through the nose, and foaming at the mouth. Still feeling fine, he made his way to the surface, "and after that I don't remember a great deal".

"My vision was going, it was like looking through a haze. I felt very nauseous, and on the verge of fainting." Somehow he struggled into a cab, and made it to the office. His colleagues took him to hospital.

Within two weeks, Mr Pearson returned to work. But a month after the attack, he woke up in the night, trembling and hyperventilating. The panic attacks came every couple of weeks. According to Kanzo Nakano, a psychiatrist, 20 per cent of the sarin victims still suffer from headaches, dizziness, nightmares, claustrophobia, flashbacks, depression and suicidal thoughts.

"Even last month, three new patients came forward for the first time," says Dr Nakano. "The long-term after-effects are immense, like a bottomless pit."

Taiwan in the

DETROIT

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Taiwan fans flames in the war of words

RUPERT CORNWELL
Washington

The war of words between Washington and Peking heated up further yesterday as senior US and Taiwan officials met to discuss a reported request from Taipei for billions of dollars worth of new weapons to strengthen its defences against the military threat from the mainland.

The one-day meeting in a Virginia suburb is a regular annual event to examine Taipei's arms requirements for the forthcoming year. This time though, it coincides with China's naval and military exercises designed to intimidate the island ahead of its presidential elections this weekend - and for all its criticism of the Peking tactics, the Clinton administration is believed to be opposed to new arms deliveries to Taiwan on the grounds they would make an already fraught situation even more so.

Even as the talks began here, the usually soft-mannered Defence Secretary, William Perry, used a speech to members of Congress to warn Peking that

the US had "the best damn navy in the world", and that the two aircraft-carrier battle groups which Washington has dispatched to the area were proof that for all China's build-up of its armed forces, "the strongest military power in the Western Pacific is the United States".

In fact, despite the use of live ammunition in the exercises, and the latest verbal salvo from Peking denouncing Washington's "brazen" and unwarranted "interference in Chinese internal affairs" in the waters around Taiwan, officials here are fairly confident that China does not plan to invade. Once the elections are out of the way the forces which have been deployed are expected, in Mr Perry's words, to "return to barracks". The US Secretary of State, Warren Christopher, will meet the Chinese Foreign Minister, Qian Qichen, in the Hague next month.

But Washington knows it is treading a fine line, one that could be fatally overstepped with one miscalculation. Hence the reluctance to commit to a new package of arms sales to Taiwan, which is about to start

taking delivery of 150 F-16 fighters in a \$5.8bn (£3.8bn) deal bitterly opposed by China when President Bush gave his approval in 1992.

This year, according to the *Washington Times*, Taiwan is seeking six German-designed diesel submarines that would be built in US yards and cost some \$4bn, as well as P-3 anti-submarine, and reconnaissance planes, anti-ship missiles and Stinger anti-aircraft missiles. Taken together, the weapons would considerably improve the island's ability to resist any naval blockade by China.

But despite protests in Congress that the US should be standing up more resolutely for a democratic ally being bullied by a totalitarian neighbour, caution continues to be the administration's watchword. Speaking in Singapore yesterday, Peter Tarnoff, Secretary of Political Affairs and third-rank-

ing official at the State Department, said deliveries of the F-16s would not be speeded up because of the crisis. "No imminent threat exists," Mr Tarnoff insisted, "but we are concerned about a possible miscalculation."

The new tension can only exacerbate the long running dispute over China's alleged pirating of US patents and software technology.

It also means that 1996 could be the year when, after several near-misses, the anti-China forces on Capitol Hill succeed in revoking Peking's most favoured nation (MFN) trade status. The administration supports another 12-month extension when MFN comes up for renewal in June, "but it is going to be a difficult issue in Congress". Robert Rubin, the Treasury Secretary, warned in a speech to US businessmen in Hong Kong yesterday.



Thanks: President Clinton meets the troops who took part in Operation Restore Democracy in Haiti last year in a ceremony at Fort Polk, Louisiana
Photograph: Gregg Newton / Reuters

DETROIT DAYS

Italian sauce and Jimmy Hoffa's secret

The Machus Red Fox restaurant, where Jimmy Hoffa vanished in July 1975, has closed.

The sign still stands over the parking lot from which the former Teamsters president was believed to have been abducted and later murdered by the Mafia. But the endearingly vulgar establishment in Detroit's swanky northern suburb of Bloomfield Hills is no more - shut down after its owner refused to renew the lease.

Now only a bakery remains, tucked away at the back. The Hoffa case might never have been. No plaque or faded FBI missing-person poster, nor even any graffiti to remind you of the most celebrated unsolved mysteries in recent US history. Or perhaps, unsolved until now - which brings us to the really sensational crime news in these parts. Last Friday, the Detroit papers were running classic "hold-the-front-page" banner headlines.

"FBI: MOB BUSTED," one screamed in three-inch type, before elaborating in more measured vein: "Alleged Mafia Boss Jack Tocco, 16 Leaders Indicted by Grand Jury For Extortion, Obstruction of Justice: 'We've driven a stake through the heart

highway interchange in Pennsylvania, others that he was buried in a New Jersey landfill, or that his corpse was rendered for grease in a Mafia-owned factory. The FBI says the Hoffa case remains open. Now, just possibly, Giacalone will close it.

Even so you wonder, where does art end and life begin? Assuming the indictments are only a quarter true, Tocco, Giacalone and the rest are an unlovely bunch of hoods. But in private life, they could have been taken straight out of Hollywood central casting.

Take Tocco, now 69 and long a resident of the wealthy suburb of Grosse Pointe Park. His criminal record consists of a \$25 misdemeanour fine 30 years ago, for attending an illegal cockfight. Neighbours have described him as "kind and generous, a great guy", who would give them tomatoes and zucchinis from his garden.

Tocco's underboss Anthony Zepilli, son of one of the men who founded the Detroit Mafia when it smuggled booze across the river from Canada in prohibition times, lives in a farmhouse with a trampoline and swing set outside the back door. His wife once cried when he was acquitted on extortion charges, and he tells acquaintances: "We are people just like everyone else." As for "Tony Jack", he reportedly loves flowers and keeps "the most beautiful lawn in the neighbourhood". His brother Vito's wife insists that her husband, also indicted last week, is merely a "retired fruit-seller". She told the newspaper: "I'm waiting for him to come home and explain it all."

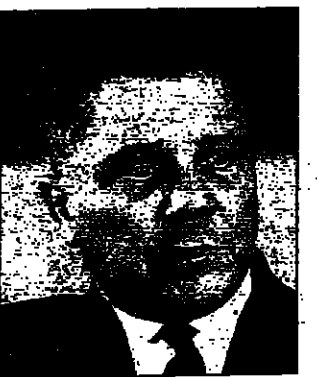
If it sounds reassuring, in an odd way it is. Don't bother us and we won't bother you, is the Mafia's social contract - almost a friendship treaty in this age of random violence. And who takes Cosa Nostra very seriously these days? Not the average citizen, who is far more alarmed by the crack cocaine business, drive-by shootings and the gang wars which made Detroit a byword for urban mayhem in the 1970s and 1980s.

Tocco and his colleagues, by contrast, seem to have preferred old-fashioned pursuits like illegal betting, protection rackets, loan-sharking, and the odd investment in Las Vegas. Cautious and discreet even by Mafia standards, the Detroit organisation has avoided the bloody internal feuds which helped bring down John Gotti in New York. Here the factions didn't shoot each other, they married into each other.

For the time being, Tocco and his colleagues are out on bail of up to \$200,000 each. "Just like paying a parking ticket", one said as he left the courthouse last week.

Probably, if they are put away for good, modern Detroit will hardly notice. Except, of course, for those still intrigued by how, and at whose hand, Jimmy Hoffa met his end.

Rupert Cornwell



Jimmy Hoffa: 'Disappeared' after meeting mob enforcer

of Cosa Nostra," says Feds. And if even half the charges stick, the Feds will have done precisely that.

The nationwide crackdown on the Mafia that has led to the indictment or conviction of organised crime bosses in Chicago, New York, Philadelphia and Cleveland has now reached Detroit, threatening the godfathers of the motor city with jail for the rest of their lives. Unless, of course, they choose to talk. And no one among the 17 has more to tell than Anthony "Tony Jack" Giacalone.

Of the unprepossessing collection of jowly old men who were led into court for arraignment last week, Anthony Giacalone, now 77, may be one of the nastiest. For many years he was the Detroit family's chief "enforcer" who made sure its orders were carried out.

But his real claim to fame lies elsewhere. He visited Jimmy Hoffa at his home two weeks before his disappearance, and was the man Hoffa told acquaintances he was going to meet at the Red Fox.

Some say Hoffa is entombed in the concrete masonry of a

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Sarajevans rejoice over city's reunion

EMMA DALY
Grbavica

Good cheer, in spite of sorrow over the destruction, yesterday filled the streets of Grbavica, emptied of most of its Serb residents, as thousands of Sarajevans crossed the former front line to celebrate the reunification of the city.

Shortly after dawn, Bosnian government police took control of Grbavica, the last of the five Serb-held suburbs handed over under the Dayton peace plan, ending the four-year wartime division of Sarajevo.

A few of the 3,000-odd residents who had not joined the Serb exodus wandered the streets, where houses still smouldered, handing out plum brandy and welcoming the new police. Most remained barricaded in their homes, maintaining the security measures taken against departing Serb arsonists until they could judge the mood of the incomers.

Three hours later, the Bosnian police opened the Bridge of Brotherhood and Unity, the former front line that ran through the Miljacka River, to the city. Thousands of Sarajevans poured across to visit the homes they had fled in 1992, or just to see the sights.

The column moved steadily forward towards the shattered high-rise tower blocks. "It's like Disneyland, it's just like coming to Disneyland," cried one teenage girl.

"Well it's not too badly damaged," a middle-aged man said. "There is no sign of shelling in the centre." Another woman gazed at the empty window frames, which had been stripped by Serbs who had fled.

"I don't recognise anything," she said. One man found his home empty, save for the cat he lost when he fled in 1992.

There were many reunions—cautious greetings shouted from windows by those who stayed behind in Grbavica. There were hugs and kisses on the street. And there was at least one instant reunion by a Croat couple who had returned to find an elderly Serb woman living in their flat.

Despite the groups of young men roaming around, there was little sign of the aggressive acts seen in the western suburb of Ilidza. There, Serbs who remained suffered from threats, abuse and intimidation for several days after the transfer of power to Bosnian authority.

"It's terrible — there is so much happiness to be in Grbavica but so much sorrow too," said Nahiha Kalamujic, as she walked briskly towards the wreckage of her home. A former Serb trench ran below her first-floor flat: the front-line building had been shelled and shot to pieces. She wept but then cheered up: "I still have one door and a balcony and that's enough for me."

Bosnian policemen shooed her party away from the trench, fearful of mines, or boobytraps. Hazifa Mesic, an elderly Muslim woman who spent the last two nights of Serb rule in the UN "safe house" in Grbavica, terrified of arsonists and robbers, returned home yesterday to find her front door ajar.

She called the police who sent in the bomb squad. Her store cupboard was boobytrapped. But the explosion, which shattered windows and scattered debris around the flat, did not injure the explosives experts. The UN international police handed out leaflets warning householders of the dangers of mines and explosives, but there were at least two other similar incidents yesterday.

"If I had opened the door, I would be dead for sure," Ms Mesic said, trembling. "We Muslims often did not dare even to go to the market," she said, recalling life in Serb-held Grbavica. "But there were nice Serbs who helped us. They were not all bad."



Reunited: A mother and daughter meet in Grbavica yesterday. Photograph: Reuters.

IN BRIEF

Benin voters plump for an old dictator

Cotonou — The former dictator Mathieu Kerekou, the first African leader to be ousted at the ballot box in the democracy movement of the 1990s, was returned to power in a stunning upset at the polls. State radio announced Mr Kerekou had won 59 per cent, overwhelming President Nicéphore Soglo, who had 41 per cent of the vote in Monday's presidential run-off. During 17 years in power Mr Kerekou was accused of running the West African state's economy into the ground and of human rights abuses. AP

Bank boss targeted

Moscow — Unknown assailants sprayed the home of Russian Central Bank Chairman Sergei Dubinin with bullets, Interfax news agency said. Mr Dubinin was not home at the time. AP

Spy chief chosen

Jerusalem — The Prime Minister, Shimon Peres, is expected to announce the appointment of his military aide, Major General Danny Yatom, as chief of Israel's Mossad spy agency. Reuters

Ukraine has friends

Kiev — The US Secretary of State Warren Christopher blasted the Russian parliament for its vote denouncing the break-up of the Soviet Union and reaffirmed support for a strong, independent Ukraine. Reuters

Coma rape birth

Rochester, New York — A woman who was raped while in a coma had a premature baby, in what doctors believe is the first case of someone getting pregnant and giving birth in a vegetative state. The baby and mother appeared to be doing well, a doctor said. The 29-year-old woman's family are considering raising the child. AP

Home quake alarm

Lockhart, Texas — US Technologies Inc said it expected to launch next month a home earthquake alarm that senses the shock waves that precede the most damaging part of an earthquake. The company said the device sounds an alarm before the quake hits. Reuters

Outcry saves koalas

Adelaide — The Australian government stepped in to quash a proposal to cull up to 2,000 koalas on a wildlife sanctuary island, after an outcry from animal lovers. Reuters

Death escapes him

Sant Adria del Besos — An 88-year-old man, Antonio Gonzalez Bellosa, was sure he was dead after leaping out of his sixth-storey apartment. Police officers in his Barcelona suburb helped him from the pavement, and broke the news of his failure. "He didn't break a single bone," a policeman said. AP

France pays up

Geneva — The United Nations, teetering on the edge of bankruptcy, praised France for paying its 1996 contribution, the only permanent Security Council member to do so. Reuters

Sanctions over S... export



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US fury at kidnap stories

PHIL DAVISON
Latin America Correspondent

It was a rare diplomatic furore between old friends. When King Juan Carlos of Spain handed over an \$8,200 journalism prize to a Brazilian reporter on Monday, Washington exploded.

The reporter, Ana Beatriz Magna de Silva, had written a series on illegal trafficking of Latin American children, mostly for adoption in Europe but sometimes, she suggested, so that their vital organs could be removed for transplants to wealthy patients. The series won her the Ibero-American prize, sponsored by the Spanish government.

A furious US embassy in Madrid immediately attacked its Nato ally as "an accomplice to dangerous and damaging fiction, perpetuating a myth".

The Spanish Foreign Ministry retorted that the embassy was "out of line". In Washington, a State Department spokesman said reports of babies' organ traffic was "a lie" and that there was no "credible evidence that a single case of organ or cornea theft has ever occurred."

Why was the US so angry? As a bemused Ms Magna de Silva pointed out, she had not even mentioned the US in her series and had focused on illegal adoption, not organ-stealing. The answer is threefold.

First, the US has always insisted reports of traffic in babies' organs from the Third World were a disinformation concoction of the Soviet KGB during the Cold War, spread in Latin America by agents of Fidel Castro. Secondly, the US says such reports complicate legal adoptions and legitimate organ

donations. And thirdly, several American women have been attacked by angry mobs in the Third World on suspicion of trying to steal babies.

But is there any truth to the babies' organ reports?

Kidnapping statistics from around Latin America suggest a shift from stealing children to work as beggars, to kidnapping for prostitution and more recently for sale to wealthy childless families. Concrete evidence of using them as organ donors, however, is sparse at best.

A Spanish journalist, Jose Manuel Martin Medem, author of *Niños de Repuesto* ("Spare Parts Kids"), cited Salesian missionaries in Brazil as saying children were often held in *granjas de engorde*, "fattening-up barns" where they were held like battery hens before being killed for their organs. But no proof was

produced. Fattening-up houses were uncovered last year in Argentina and Honduras but in both cases police said the children had been kidnapped for adoption. In the Argentinian city of Goya, a gang was charged \$15,000 (£10,000) for babies, more if they had blue eyes.

In a 1993 BBC documentary, Bruce Harris, an Englishman based in Costa Rica who campaigns for children's rights, and a film-maker, Judy Jackson, claimed to have found a mental institution in Argentina where corneas were removed from the eyes of live children, who would then die. Argentine authorities, however, dispute this.

"There is more and more demand for organs and not enough supply," Mr Harris said. "In this world, whenever there's a demand, someone will make money out of it."

Keating steps down as Labor leader

ROBERT MILLIKEN
Sydney

In a clean, bloodless handover of political power, Kim Beazley yesterday replaced Paul Keating as leader of the Australian Labor Party and began the daunting task of restoring Labor's shattered fortunes less than three weeks after Mr Keating led the party to one of its most crushing electoral defeats.

Labor MPs who survived the election bloodbath on 2 March unanimously elected Mr Beazley as leader when they gathered in Canberra to accept Mr Keating's resignation and hear what is likely to be his final address to them. Mr Keating, 52, is expected to leave politics, after a parliamentary career spanning 27 years, eight as Treasurer and four as Prime Minister.

Mr Beazley, 47, the former deputy prime minister, scraped back to parliament by a handful of votes in Western Australia, relying on the distribution of preference votes. After the share-out in a few undecided marginal constituencies, the new conservative Liberal-National coalition government, led by John Howard, is likely to have a majority of more than 40 in the 148-seat House of Representatives.

Few Labor MPs questioned Mr Beazley's qualifications as the man to lead them out of their crisis. In contrast to Mr Keating, who left school at 15 and made his way through the jungle of Labor politics in New South Wales, Mr Beazley is the son of a respected former MP and minister. After education at the University of Western Aus-



Kim Beazley: In Keating's place after election defeat

tralia, Mr Beazley went to Oxford University as a Rhodes Scholar and returned to teach politics at Murdoch University in Perth before entering parliament in 1980.

He comes from the Labor right and was a central figure in the party's transformation during the 1980s and 1990s under the leadership of Bob Hawke and Mr Keating. Mr Beazley is an intellectual, but less aloof than Mr Keating and less likely to offend traditional Labor supporters by appearing to adopt patrician tastes and ways.

The new deputy Labor leader is Gareth Evans, 51, another Oxford graduate and survivor from Labor's 13-year rule during which he served most prominently as foreign minister.

The conservative government is taking its thumping election mandate seriously. Mr Howard has announced that Australians will have to face public spending cuts of almost \$58bn (£4bn) after revealing a revised budget forecast showing a large deficit.

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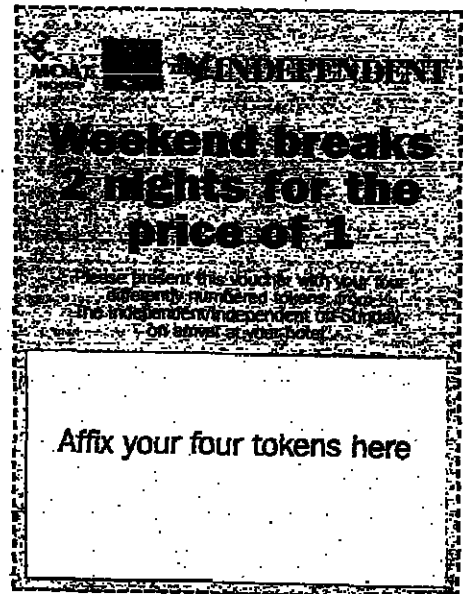
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These are as previously published. The offer is valid until 5 May 1996. Some hotels will extend the offer until 26 May 1996, please check when making your booking.



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Sanctions hang over Sudan for export of terror

DAVID ORR
Nairobi

It now seems inevitable Sudan will be confirmed as one of the world's pariah states. The Khartoum government is accused of harbouring internationally wanted terrorists and of having abetted an attempt on the life of the Egyptian head of state.

A UN Security Council resolution, calling on Sudan to surrender three terrorist suspects and desist from terrorist activities, expires at the end of the month. If Khartoum fails to comply, Western diplomats say, it will face another resolution, this time imposing sanctions. Khartoum denies harbouring three Egyptians wanted in connection with the attempted assassination last year of the Egyptian President, Hosni Mubarak. This week's Lieutenant General Omar al-Bashir, Sudan's military leader, told Salim Ahmed Salim, the visiting Organisation of African Unity secretary-general, that the three men were not in Sudan.

But there is damning evidence that the ruling National Islamic Front (NIF) and the state security service were involved in

Five were killed at the time of, or shortly after, the assassination attempt. Three were arrested in Ethiopia and are now in custody. Three escaped.

Ethiopia, Egypt and the United States, which has placed Sudan on a shortlist of states sponsoring terrorism, believe the three escapees are in Sudan. They have been named as Mustafa Hamza, Izat Yassin and Husayn Ahmed Shahit Ali, also known as Siraj Mohamed Hussein.

Sudan admits Siraj flew to Khartoum on a Sudan Airways flight after the attack but insists he is no longer in the country. Knowledge of the other two suspects is denied, as is involvement in the preparation of the attack.

Khartoum has issued arrest warrants for the three and has sent envoys on a global round of damage limitation. But the international community is not convinced. Diplomats interviewed by the *Independent* in Sudan and in neighbouring countries say that the evidence against Khartoum is incontrovertible.

The three Egyptians in custody confirm that they were harboured by Sudan after their arrival from Pakistan, where they had been based as *mujahedin* - fighters in the Islamic cause. They have given precise details of where they were housed in Khartoum while they planned the attack. The group carried Sudanese or Yemeni passports, which were prepared for them in the Sudanese capital.

The weapons used in the ambush near Addis Ababa airport were flown to the capital of Ethiopia from Khartoum by Sudan Airways. After the attack, a box dispatched by Sudan's General Security Bureau was found in a "safe house" used by the terrorists.

The Sudanese government might not have been involved in planning the attack but we're sure that it gave Jamaat the facilities it needed", an Egyptian diplomat said. "There are also strong indications their security services were involved". Diplomats believe President Bashir had no advance knowledge of the attack and say he was angered when he heard of it. His dismissal of Dr Nafie Ali Nafie, head of the Sudanese External Security Service, is seen as confirmation the organisation was involved in the plot.

It is not thought possible that the terrorists could have prepared their mission without the assistance of the NIF which, under the leadership of Dr

Hassan al-Turabi, exists alongside the country's formal system of government. The NIF is committed to the export of Islamic fundamentalism to neighbouring countries.

"People of a variety of nationalities are being trained in terrorist activities in Sudan", a Western diplomat says. "The government and the NIF are perfectly capable of acting against any of these terrorist entities should they wish".

The US, which last month withdrew its embassy staff from Khartoum because of "security risks" and in protest against Sudan's alleged links with terrorism, says there are up to 20 training camps for Muslim militants inside Sudan.



Fundamentals of Islam: Young men studying the Koran in a crowded schoolroom outside Khartoum

Photograph: Connie Dufka/Reuters

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Jacquetta Hawkes

It was at the age of nine, and while still at her dame school, Ghat Jacquetta Hawkes wrote an essay announcing her intention to become an archaeologist. She was born Jacquetta Hopkins in 1910, the third child of Sir Frederick Gowland Hopkins and Lady Hopkins (née Jessie Stephens). Her father was a fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge, where his researches into biochemistry led to his discovery of vitamins for which in 1929 he was awarded a Nobel Prize. He was a cousin of the poet Gerard Manley Hopkins. His younger daughter continued the rigours of scholarly research with the imagination of a poet and a writer.

Jacquetta was a remarkable child. She seems to have had an idyllically happy childhood. Her mother had trained as a nurse and had met her future husband when both were working at St. Mary's Hospital. She took her children round the museums of Cambridge, where Jacquetta was fascinated by the exhibits of ancient pottery and jewellery. When she learned that their house, 71 Grange Road, had been built where a Roman road was overlaid by an Anglo-Saxon cemetery, and that a beautiful amber necklace had been dug out from below one of the gateposts, she was determined to try her own excavations on the family lawn. This was firmly forbidden. Nevertheless Jacquetta crept out after dark with a torch and a rowel and proceeded to try and dig up the lawn. Alas, she was only able to unearth a few fragments of "dull earth" and her light hand was badly blistered. But her future was determined.

She was educated as a day girl at the Perse School and became the first woman able to study the newly established full degree course in archaeology and anthropology, then the only one in the country. She enrolled at Lewinham College, Cambridge. At the end of her second year,



A rare and lasting union: Jacquetta Hawkes with J.B. Priestley, on their wedding day in 1933

than she could then find in the purely scholarly world of archaeology, though she continued to publish scholarly works. *Prehistoric Britain* (with Christopher Hawkes in 1944) and *Early Britain* in 1945.

During the war Jacquetta met and fell passionately in love with the poet W.J. Turner. This affair stimulated her imaginative and creative faculties and she published her only book of poetry, *Symbols and Speculations*, in 1948. It is a clear result of her joy with Walter Turner, and her desperate grief when he died suddenly of a brain haemorrhage in December 1946.

Meanwhile, as Secretary to the UK Committee, Jacquetta was occupied in preparations for the first Unesco conference in Mexico City in 1947. When she learned that the writer J.B. Priestley was to be one of the senior UK representatives, she went to Sir John Maud, head of the department, to protest on the grounds that Priestley was merely a popular author of insufficient literary calibre. Luckily for her Maud insisted that Priestley, with his experience of the theatre as well as of literature and the fact that he was already well known abroad, would be an eminently suitable representative. In Mexico City Jacquetta and Jack Priestley fell deeply in love; they remained so for the rest of their lives.

Jacquetta, partly by nature, and partly from her early training at home, was a person of almost compulsive honesty. At the first dinner she and Jack had together in Mexico, although immediately attracted by him, she said that she had to tell him that she didn't like or admire his work. As she had read very little, and none of his serious or critical writings, he was justifiably annoyed. However, love soon surmounted this misunderstanding.

Jacquetta Hawkes was and remained an outstandingly beautiful and fascinating woman, assisted by her impeccable taste in dress. She presented a cool and rather formal exterior. But there was a suggestion of hidden fires. She had a lovely but ambiguous

Service to devote herself to imaginative writing. Her first great success was *A Land*, published in 1953. It was not until 1953 that her and Jack's marriages were dissolved, and they were able to marry and live together, at first at Brooke House in the Isle of Wight and from the early Sixties until Jack's death in 1984 at Kissing Tree House, Alveston, outside Stratford-upon-Avon. Here they lived and wrote, entertained their many friends and travelled extensively. Together they wrote an interesting experimental play, *Dragon's Mouth*, and in 1955, soon after their marriage, *Journey Down a Rainbow*, a series of letters written to each other from different areas of America, Jack's from the brash new America in Texas, and Jacquetta's from the ancient Indian societies in New Mexico.

Jack introduced Jacquetta to the psychological writings of Jung, to whom *Journey Down a Rainbow* is dedicated. Jung's influence is clearly evident in the writings of both of them. Following Jung, Jack Priestley attributed the outstanding success of their marriage to a balance of the masculine and feminine aspects of each - Jack with his deeply intuitive approach to life and Jacquetta with her masculine intellect. "Jacquetta is an innovator," he said. "She needs me to warm her towards people and the world." Whatever it was, it certainly made for a rare and lasting union.

Jacquetta Hawkes pursued a distinguished career in literature and in archaeology. From 1949 to 1951 she had been archaeological adviser to the Festival of Britain. She became a governor of the British Film Institute, and in 1971 she was made a vice-president of the Council for British Archaeology. She was also the first woman to be elected to the Council of the British Archaeological Association in 1982.

Once the Priestleys had settled in Alveston, Jacquetta, who had a strong sense of civic responsibility, became involved in local affairs. She was president of the Warwickshire CPRE (Council for the Preservation of Rural England) and a life trustee of the Shakespeare Birthday Trust. She was an active governor of the Boys' King Edward VI Grammar School, and also of the local girls' grammar school. Although generally left-wing, she was strongly opposed to the introduction of comprehensive education. It was late in 1957 that the Priestleys together with her husband Canon John Collins were instrumental in founding the Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament. So began our singularly happy and enduring friendship.

After Jack's death in 1982 Jacquetta moved to Littlecote, an attractive house in the Cotswold town of Chipping Camden. Here she pursued her early delight in church architecture and old buildings, and in all forms of natural history, especially ornithology.

Diana Collins

Jacquetta Hopkins, writer and archaeologist: born Cambridge 5 August 1910; FSA 1940; Principal, Post-War Reconstruction Secretariat 1941-43; staff, Ministry of Education / Principal and Secretary, UK National Commission for Unesco 1943-49; Vice-President, Council for British Archaeology 1949-52; Archaeological Adviser, Festival of Britain 1949-51; OBE 1952; books include *The Archaeology of Britain* 1939, *Prehistoric Britain* (with Christopher Hawkes) 1944, *Early Britain* 1945, *A Land* 1953, *Guide to Prehistoric and Roman Monuments in England and Wales* 1957, *Journey Down a Rainbow* (with J.B. Priestley) 1955, *Atlas of Ancient Archaeology* (editor) 1975, *Shell Guide to British Archaeology* 1986; married 1933 Christopher Hawkes (died 1982); one son; marriage dissolved 1953; 1953 J.B. Priestley (died 1984); died Cheltenham 18 March 1996.

René Clément

René Clément's *Les Jeux interdits* won the Grand Prix at the Venice Film Festival of 1952, did not go on to become that year's "Best Film from any Source" (the British Film Academy, or BAFTA, as it now is) and Best Foreign Language film (the American Academy). Yet over 40 years on, with "Best Movie" lists proliferating as a result of the centenary of cinema, it has hardly been mentioned.

Sica stands with Vittorio de Sica as one of the two great figures of European cinema. A common agreement the two great directors of the immediate post-war period, humane and uncompromising, their fifth full stunningly graceful film, aimed at the international market, quite unruffled by their talents. De Sica, aware of this, tried to re-establish his reputation towards the end of his career. Clément, happily, did not.

He made his first, amateur, movie while still a student and he worked as assistant to Yves Liget - and then to Cocteau in *La Belle et le bête* (1946). According to an interview in *Sight and Sound* in 1950 it was he and

not Cocteau who actually directed it, though in this case Cocteau is clearly the *auteur*.

Since it is the supreme example of the many fantasies made in France during the Second World War years and just after, it makes a potent contrast to *La Bataille du rail* (1946), the full-length documentary which made Clément famous, a study of a nation under stress - and particularly its railwaymen, smuggling across the frontiers of Vichy and Occupied France, always prepared for the sabotage which made professionals of amateurs. It is a film which achieves a tremendous force as the workers unite to a man to prevent German supplies reaching Normandy after the invasion; and nothing in all the many Resistance films is quite as telling as two men in a café watching the Germans retreat and murmuring "Ça arrange, ça arrange".

Clément consolidated his reputation with a first-rate thriller, *Les Maudits* (1947), set at sea and concerning a bunch of Nazis who, deprived of Europe, seek to found a new state somewhere in Latin America. The major influence on De

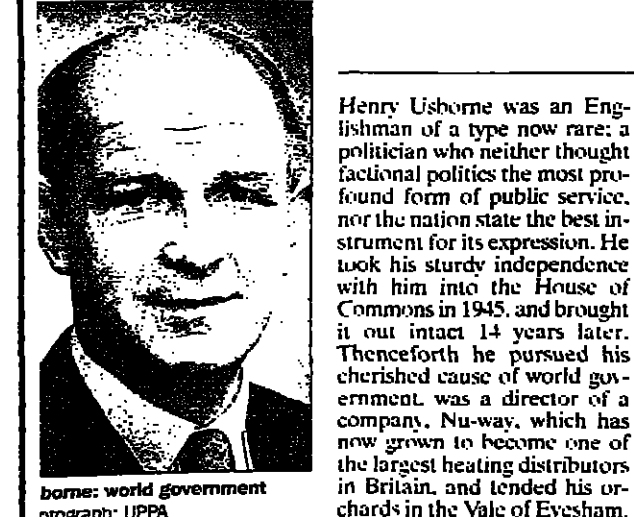
Sica was his scriptwriter, Cesare Zavattini, who was part of the package put together by the producer Alfredo Guarani for *Au-delà des Grilles / La Mura di Malapaga* (1949), together with Clément, Pierre Bost and Jean Aurencie, who wrote the dialogue, and the stars Jean Gabin and Isa Miranda. It sets Gabin down in post-war Genoa, which resembles nowhere as much as the pre-war France of Gabin's films for Carné. Again he is in hiding and again there is a woman to help and succour him. The result is seamlessly done, and it too was rewarded with an Oscar in Hollywood.

Les Jeux interdits, written by Aurencie and Bost from a novel by Jean Boyer, begins with the flight from Paris in 1940; as German planes machine-gun the fleeing crowds a girl (Brigitte Fosey) is orphaned. She meets a peasant boy (Georges Poujouly) whose parents give her a home. In time the two of them begin their secret games - burying the dog, then mice, chickens and insects with, after they have become adventurous, crosses stolen from the cemetery. Despite the subject-matter the trappings of realism and a



Clément on the set of *Les Jeux Interdits* Photograph: Kobal Collection

Henry Osborne



born: world government photograph: UPPA

Henry Osborne was an Englishman of a type now rare: a politician who neither thought factional politics the most profound form of public service, nor the nation state the best instrument for its expression. He took his sturdy independence with him into the House of Commons in 1945, and brought it out intact 14 years later. Thenceforth he pursued his cherished cause of world government, was a director of a company, Nu-way, which has now grown to become one of the largest heating distributors in Britain, and tended his orchards in the Vale of Evesham.

Osborne was born in 1909, the second son of an Indian Civil Service commissioner. His father, Charles Osborne, whose translations of the Punjabi epics still remain in print, passed his independence of mind on to his five children. But both parents died while Henry was still at school and the Osbornes moved in with the family of his father's sister, at their house, Windrush, in Inkpen, Berkshire. This boisterous family of nine grew up together in the late Twenties, more Dornford Yates than Arthur Ransome in their style. One happy outcome was Henry Osborne's marriage to his

cousin Pamela Watson in 1936. Their 60 years together produced for their large extended family a long reprise of the life they had enjoyed at Inkpen.

Unlike his father and older brothers, all Charterhouse and Balliol classicists, Osborne, the engineer, went his own way, to Bradford College and Corpus Christi, Cambridge. After graduation, he founded his own company, in oil combustion engineering, based in Droitwich, Worcestershire. He was then a member of the RAF Reserve, but was forced to leave when he returned from a training flight with the top of a tree stuck to

Births, Marriages & Deaths

IRTHS
GONGLE: On 12 March 1996, to Helen (nee Thomas) and Richard, a daughter, Olivia Florence, a sister for Megan and Freddie.

BIRTHS
ESTLEY: On 15 March 1996, aged 5, at Chichester General Hospital, here a short illness, Jacquetta Priestley (Hawkes). Dearly loved mother of hollas and grandmother of Camilla and Corinna, and beloved wife of late J.B. Priestley. Service of thanksgiving at Chipping Campden parish church, on Monday, 25 March 1996, 11.30am. If desired for Campden organ or Campden Home Nursing visit to Tomkins Funeral Directors, 1 Sheep Street, Chipping Campden.

Forthcoming marriages

Mr M. Dufault, of Montreal, Quebec, and Nicole, elder daughter of Mr and Mrs Mark Sherriff, of Blair Drummond, Stirling.

Birthdays
Sir William Ascher, Principal, St George's Hospital Medical School, London University, 65; The Very Rev William Beddley, former Rector, St James's, Piccadilly, 82; Dr Wendy Baron, Director, Government Art Collection, 68; Mr Anthony Blood, publisher, 68; Mr Timothy Brooks, Lord-Lieutenant of Leicestershire, 67; Sir Arnold Bullen, former Master, Darwin College, Cambridge, 74; Sir Stuart Burgess, Chairman, Anglia and Suffolk Regional Health Authority, 67; The Right Rev Mario Joseph Conti, Roman Catholic Bishop of Aberdeen, 62; Mr Douglas French MP, 52; Mr William Hurt, actor, 40; Mr John Joubert, composer, 69; Mr Madan Lal, cricketer, 43; Miss Frances Lincoln, publisher, 51; Dame Vera Lynn, singer, 79; M. Pierre Mesmer, former prime minister of France, 38; Sir David Moriarty, former chairman, the Forestry Commission, 65; Mr Brian Mulhoney, former prime minister of Canada, 57; Mr Jeremy Nichols, Headmaster, Sloane School, 53; Mr Philip Oppenheim MP, 46; Dr John Rax, former Headmaster, Westminster School, 65; Mr Stanislas Richter, pianist, 51; Sir Mark Saville, a Lord Justice of Appeal, 66; Mr Greg Scarle, Olympic gold medalist for rowing, 24; Sir Harry Solomon, director and former chairman, Hillsdown Holdings, 59; Mr Tim Yoo MP, 51.

Anniversaries

Births Oct. pvt. 43 BC, Herik Ibsen, playwright, 1828; Max Brand (Frederick Schiller Faust) novelist and screenwriter, 1892; Sir Michael Scudamore Rodgrave, actor, 1908. Deaths: Henry IV, King of England, 1413; Sir Isaac Newton, scientist, 1727; Ferdinand Foch, Marshal of France, 1929; Lord Alfred Bruce Douglas, editor and poet, 1945; Brendan Behan, writer, 1964. On this day: the Dutch East India Company was founded, 1602; the foundation stone of Dartmoor Prison, Devon, was laid, 1806; Marble Arch, formerly at Buckingham Palace, was unveiled at its present site in London, 1851; the British Council was established, 1935. Today is the Feast Day of St Catharine, St Herbert, St Martin of Braga, St Photina and her Companions, St Wilfrid and The Martyrs of Mar Saba, and is also the beginning of the Hindu New Year.

Lectures

Royal Society Lecture, at the National Portrait Gallery, Dr Derrick Butby, "Edward Jenner: cuckoo, cows (and cats)", 1.10pm.

Receptions

HM Government
Mr Anthony Nelson MP, Minister for Trade, was the host at a reception held yesterday at Lancaster House, London SW1, to promote Anglo-Japanese collaboration worldwide.

Dinners

HMS Victory
Admiral Sir Michael Boyce, Second Sea Lord and Commander-in-Chief Naval Home Command, hosted a dinner held yesterday evening on board his flagship HMS Victory, at Portsmouth Naval Base. Among those present were Mrs Mary Pagan, Lord-Lieutenant of Hampshire, and Lady Cooksey, President of the Southampton Olympic Appeal.

Chartered Institute of Arbitrators

Lord Mustill, President, Chartered Institute of Arbitrators, and Mr Brian Green, Chairman and Senior Vice-President, presided at the institute's annual dinner held yesterday evening at the Drapers' Hall, London EC2.

Institute of the Motor Industry

Prince Michael of Kent presided at the annual dinner of the Institute of the Motor Industry held yesterday evening at the Savoy Hotel, London W1. The following awards were presented:

Wills

Mr Donald Plessence, of London, SW6, the actor, left estate valued at £158,582 net.

Sir George Neville Butterworth, of Knutsford, Cheshire, chairman of Total 1968-74, left estate valued at £195,239 net.

Lady Jane Margaret Fitzalan Howard, of Salisbury, Wiltshire, left estate valued at £174,859 net. She left £300 each to the Woodland Trust and the Council for the Protection of Rural England.

Daphne Amelia Van Deuren, of London SE4, left estate valued at £264,387 net. She left her entire estate to the Cancer Research Campaign.

ROYAL ENGAGEMENTS

The Queen opens the new Guide Heritage Centre in Buckingham Palace Road, London SW1; Princess Margaret, President, The Guide Association, also attends. The Queen of Coteaux Mary's Clothing Guild at St James's Palace. The Prince of Wales visits the Central Office of Information, London SE1, on the occasion of its 50th anniversary, and as Patron, the Macmillan Nurses Appeal, attends a concert in aid of the Appeal at the Royal Albert Hall, London SW7. The Duchess of Kent, Vice-Chairman, the Overseas Trade Board, visits Manchester. The Duchess of Kent opens the new Roper House, Brighthelmston Park, Brighton. The Duchess of Kent opens the new Roper House, Brighthelmston Park, Brighton. The Duchess of Kent opens the new Roper House, Brighthelmston Park, Brighton. The Duchess of Kent opens the new Roper House, Brighthelmston Park, Brighton.

People living on their own – divorcees, single parents, affluent yuppies – are revolutionising our culture, says Glenda Cooper

The single society

Sainsbury's announces a reduction on its Chicken Tikka Meal for One. A year's supply is snatched off the shelves in under two weeks.

If any more proof were needed of the rise of single-person power, it could only be the introduction of the best idea since sliced bread – the half-loaf, created by Hovis for single people.

We have become so concerned about the crisis of the traditional family unit that we have paid less attention to a quieter but no less profound revolution in our culture: its singlisation.

The rise of the single person is one of the most powerful forces shaping our society. Manufacturers and retailers are changing goods and services to suit single people. Estimates of our housing needs and so the amount of rural land we will need for homes is vitally affected by the rising number of single-person households.

More profoundly even than that, the idea that single people of all ages are the essential units of our society, rather than families, challenges many of our central assumptions about what holds society together.

The rise of the single person is inseparable from the crisis of the traditional family. Twenty or 30 years ago the two-plus-two family was assumed to be the norm. Young people might be single for a limited period while they "experimented" with life, before they started courting and settled down. But apart from that, singleness was an oddity thrust upon people by tragedy as widows and widowers, or the calamity of divorce.

Not so these days. More and more people are living alone

out of choice. According to a report published today by Mintel, the market research group, the number of people living alone will increase by 17 per cent by 2000, by which time eight million households will consist of people living by themselves. The group with the highest growth will be affluent men and women under 35 who have never married, the kind of people who are the heroes of *This Life*, the BBC2 soap opera about young lawyers, which started this week.

But it is not just young singles who are creating the new culture. Older people are living longer. Women have a life expectancy of 78.5 years compared with 73 some 30 years ago. An official population trends report yesterday suggested that four in 10 marriages will end in divorce; more people are having spells of being single in middle-age. Being single is something that can now happen to people several times in their life at different ages.

Yet single people are not just the aspirational heart of our society. There are also worries that a society of atomised individuals will fragment. Single people are indeed blamed for many of society's ills: single young men commit a high proportion of crimes; single parents are blamed by the right for failing children; the growing number of frail elderly people living alone is one of the greatest burdens upon the welfare state; and in the wake of the Dunblane killings the sad loner has become an ever more threatening image.

What is clear is that single culture is now deeply embedded in a way that it wasn't even 15 years ago.

Half the single people interviewed by Mintel describe themselves as "happy". Six out of 10 people living alone enjoy the increased freedom it brings and more than half think it gives them a sense of achievement. On the drawbacks, only a third find it expensive and three in 10 say it is sometimes lonely.

As consumers they are pampered, especially the young. Manufacturers are rushing to woo them. Nearly two thirds of single women and 54 per cent of single men are in the affluent ABC1 economic groups. Three-quarters of single men and two-thirds of women work full time.

The most graphic example of their spending power is the rise of the ready-cooked meal. Britons spend more than £1m every day on chilled foods or meals for one. Industry analysts expect this to rise by 10 per cent this year.

Sainsbury's says that its sales to singles had gone up so dramatically that it has introduced 200 ready meal lines in the past year. Angela Hughes, consumer research manager for Mintel, explains: "Single portions have got more popular. The half-loaf by Hovis is a great innovation. Five years ago smaller dishwashers and smaller fridges would have been a rarity but now they are quite common."

Singles also lie behind the growth of the leisure economy, now one of the country's largest employers. Singles have on average eight hours more leisure time a week than their married counterparts, and they use it. While they tend to read more, they also go out more.

This in part explains the

resurgence of the cinema. In the past 10 years cinema audiences have doubled from around 50 million to 120 million a year, and young people are among the most avid cinema-goers, with 72 per cent of 16- to 24-year-olds going at least once every three months.

Young singles are also more demanding consumers. They are the main force behind the emergence of more environmentally friendly products: they are more likely to eat organic foods, fresh fruit and wholemeal bread when they are not gobbling ready meals.

Yet one of the most dramatic changes the rise of the singles will bring will be on the future of housing policy. The Government has increased its estimate for the number of new homes needed in England over the next 15 years by almost a million households – which represents a conurbation as large as greater Birmingham.

In the past five years the Department of the Environment's projections for the increase in the number of households by the year 2011 have been increased from 15 per cent to 18.5 per cent. The largest increase is among single-person households.

If these latest estimates are correct, then controversies over where to build new homes in the next century will be fierce. Single young people may be environmentally aware but the rise of single culture may pose huge environmental costs.

That only goes to prove how central single culture will be to our politics in future. Singleness is both something we aspire to and the source of many of our ills.



Chris Loftus/News Team

The executive

Heath Bartmanis, 28, works for a recruitment agency. He recently bought a house.

I had come out of a relationship I wasn't happy in and was happy to live on my own. You set your own rules. It sounds selfish but you don't have to answer to anyone.

I've become more sociable since I was single. I go out more. I go to the cinema, the theatre. I'm not sporty. I go out with a group of friends and we've a pact that we'll stay single until the autumn.

About 90 per cent of my single friends would say they are better off out of relationships. We're not unattractive, it's that we choose to be on our own. I've found it cheaper, too. You're only paying for one, you don't have to buy any presents.

I'm open-minded about the future. I've spent the past six or seven years in relationships and I'd like to spend some time on my own. Your principles and values tend to fall by the wayside over a number of years of going out with someone. I would like some time to find myself.

Interviews by Glenda Cooper



Theo Short, a 27-year-old studio manager with BBC World Service. He bought a home in Kingston-on-Thames last year.

A few decades ago I would have stayed at home until I got married.

Being single does give me a sense of achievement. I can make things the way I want them. Financially it's not as easy. It costs more to live alone – there's no one to share the bills.

All that stuff about fragmenting society – I travel around a lot and I think your community isn't necessarily the people on your doorstep.



Dr Jenny Connor, 37, is a consultant radiologist in Durham. She has lived alone for 12 years.

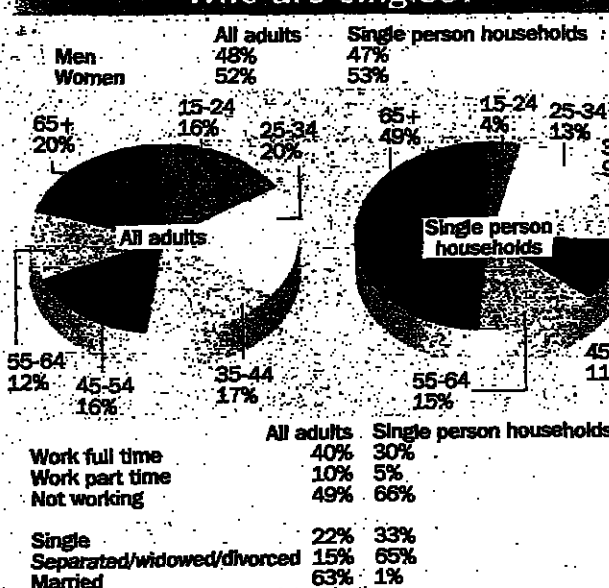
I would never have ended up doing half the things I wanted to do if I'd settled down ages ago. I was too busy thoroughly enjoying myself.

I live in this huge, wonderful farmhouse, which I bought myself. If I'd been with someone, then they might have dissuaded me.

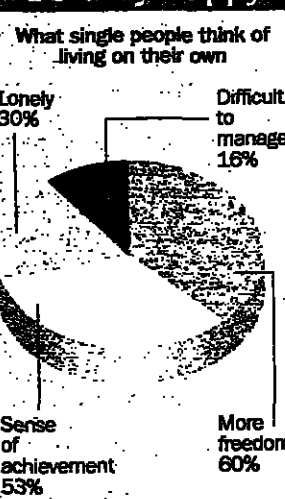
I have a lot of single friends and they tend to be independently minded women. I think men are terrified of independent, successful, financially secure women.

The rise of the single society

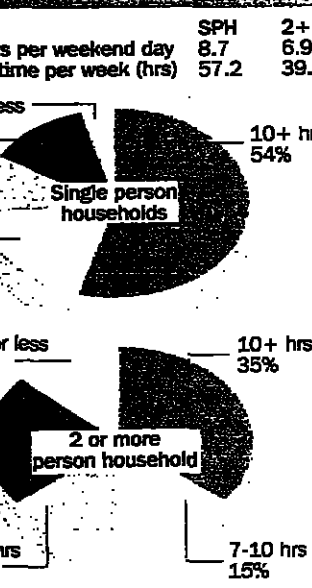
Who are singles?



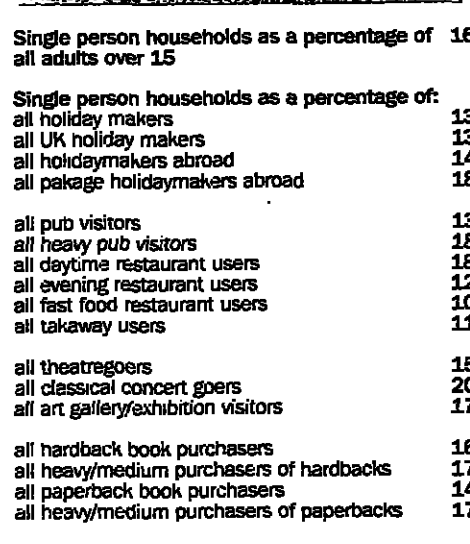
Are they happy?



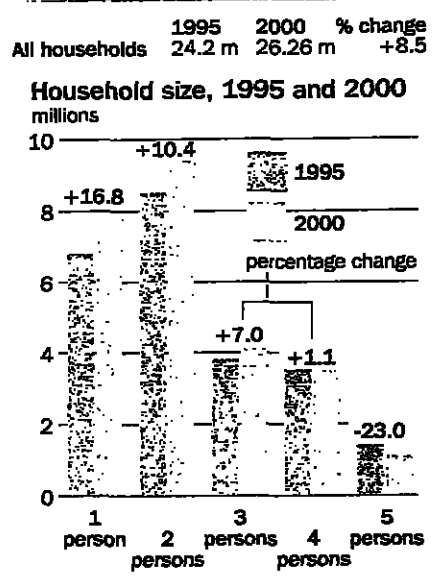
Free time



And how they spend it



The future



Some things you just can't tell

The Campaign for Freedom of Information awards will be presented by Tony Blair next Monday at a ceremony in, er, well, actually that's a bit of a secret. Yesterday Tom Arms, the editor of the Future Events News Service, which supplies news organisations with details of forthcoming events, rang the campaign to find out where the event was being held. The press release had neglected to give the location of the venue.

"I'm afraid I can't tell you that information," an official at the campaign told Mr Arms. "But you're the Campaign for Freedom of Information," Mr Arms spluttered. "Yes, but we only want invited guests coming, not just anyone," replied the official. So, there it is. No information will be forthcoming about the Campaign for Freedom of Information's awards ceremony. However, in the spirit of open government, I can exclusively reveal that Mr Blair will be presenting the awards at the City Conference Centre, 76 Mark Lane, London EC3. And I trust that next year a Campaign for Freedom of Information award will come the way of Eagle Eye for remedying the abuse of freedom of information by the Campaign for Freedom of Information.

Bedroom style in the new South Africa?

I hope the editor of the *Oxford Dictionary of Quotations* is following the Nelson and Mandela divorce case. Mr Mandela is one of the most renowned orators of the post-war years. But can he ever have come up with so poignant and

memorable a phrase as that describing his marriage over the last few years: "Ever since I came back from prison, not once has the defendant ever entered our bedroom while I was awake."

I suspect that it will take its place in future volumes alongside Princess Diana's *Panorama* quote, "There were three people in that marriage, and that's a bit crowded" – two comments on matrimony, either of which could

easily form the first sentence of a novel.

Shadow thumbscrews

I caught a beguiling entry in the minutes of a meeting of the Shadow Cabinet: "The Shadow Agriculture Secretary spoke and was subjected to interrogation and comment," the

minute says. Subjected to interrogation? Whatever happened to "was asked some questions"? It's a man's life in Tony Blair's team. He has ways of making you talk.

Fear not Fab Four, you still have a fan

Harry Greenway, the Conservative MP, is raising in the Commons the reluctance of Radio 1 to play the Beatles' new single "Real Love" from the second *Anthology* album.

Detractors of Mr Greenway are apt to accuse him with gross unfairness of jumping on publicity bandwagons. But I was happy to believe that the House of Commons contains at least one unconquered Beatlemaniac.

So I asked Mr Greenway about his passion for the Fab Four. He reflected, then replied: "I do like 'She Loves You'. It's got an excellent beat, and it's a very good tune." Not exactly an acute or an effusive analysis 33 years after the song was released. But these MPs are cautious chaps.

It's good to be literal

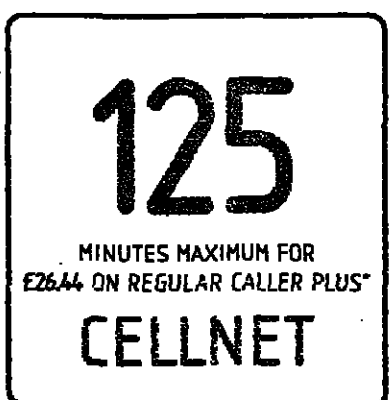
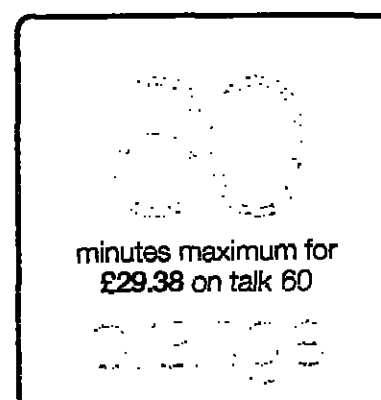
BT seems to have suffered an early setback in its attempt to clean up its telephone kiosks. A notice in one of the old-fashioned red phone boxes in the Aldwych in London reads: "It is forbidden to advertise inside this telephone kiosk without the permission of BT."

Overnight, the outside of the box was covered with call girl calling cards stuck on with Blu-tack.

There is no limit to human ingenuity.

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Beware of foolish pledges, Mr Blair

Labour is having a tough time over the privatisation of Railtrack. Labour leaders have repeatedly prevaricated over whether a future government would buy it back. But as the sale of the nation's tracks and signals looms ever closer, the pressure is on for Labour to make its intentions clear.

By failing to promise to renationalise the railway lines, Labour appears to be leaving it both ways. But in fact Labour is not making a definite commitment to buy back Railtrack, even though the privatisation is a grave mistake. The fact is that the sell-off will go ahead this spring, and once the distasteful deed is done it may not be worth a future Labour government reversing it.

Selling off the odd goblet from the family silver in countless other cases has proved a very sensible thing to do. This paper has supported privatisation wherever industries can benefit from the disciplines of competition, the rigours of private sector management, access to private capital and the pressures from shareholders. But Railtrack, long tucked away at the back of the cupboard, is a silver silver too far.

The usual arguments in favour of private ownership do not apply this time. For start, the rail network is a national monopoly with no prospect of direct competition. So there will be no efficiency gains through competing for the custom of train operators. Second, many of the advantages of private sector management can easily be achieved under public ownership. Railtrack already contracts out much of the engineering and maintenance work to private firms.

The pursuit of profit could provide the incentive for additional managerial improvements – but at a cost. Running a public transport network in the interests of shareholders may lead to commercial aims, but at the expense of other important objectives, including sustaining local communities and limiting the use of cars. Shareholders cannot guarantee to make the best investment decisions either. New projects could be ditched because they do not generate a short-term profit despite long-term returns and social benefits.

For all these reasons, Labour has been right to oppose a Railtrack privatisation motivated by the Government's dash for cash for tax cuts before an election. But

once the sell-off has happened, renationalisation would face serious obstacles.

The first, inevitably, is cash. Buying back just 51 per cent of the shares in Railtrack would cost at least £1bn, probably much more. A new Labour government would be under heavy pressure to spend the money elsewhere. In theory it may be a very sensible decision to borrow today for an asset that will bring you a return for a long time in the future. But as far as the Treasury, the City and the general public are concerned, Labour will just be spending money that would be more usefully directed elsewhere. Borrowing for capital investment is treated in the same way in the government accounts as borrowing for current expenditure on unemployment benefits, cutting class sizes, or paying for more intensive care beds.

Even if the money was available to buy Railtrack back, the new government would need to be sure that it had found a way round the equally crippling short-termism in the public sector. Everyone knows that British Rail was starved of investment long before privatisation ever appeared on the agenda. Until Labour develops a mechanism to protect cost-effective, long-term investment from short-term political pressures to divert money elsewhere it should not even dream of renationalising Railtrack. Given all these difficulties, a new Labour government would be wise to look at how it could regulate Railtrack in the public interest, rather than attempting to renationalise it.

Labour might scupper the sale by promising to renationalise. But that commitment would open it up to ferocious negative campaigning from the Conservatives over a large spending commitment. Most likely Labour will be left in the intellectually uncomfortable position of rightly arguing against privatisation but refusing to renationalise. That may seem like expediency but it makes good sense for the party to examine its other priorities, and regulatory options for exerting public control. Privatisation does not make much sense, but public ownership has hardly been an unalloyed success. What matters for the success of the rail network is creating the right mixture of regulatory controls and incentives to encourage modernisation and investment, regardless of whether it is in the public or private sector.

Fiasco in Yorkshire

It seems to be a small Bradford public house close to the end of the century, the men in the snug bar are reminiscing about the days of hardship before the rench bought the local water company. It was the perpetual mess it was in. "As I went for three months using the me cup o' water to brush me teeth in," as the first, "You were lucky having any water. I used a dry brush for six months, remember when the water company me to rip out the bath and replace it with a shower. Enforced showering, they did it." "That's nothing," answers the first. "We lost all our belongings in great water evacuations of 1990, when thousands were forced to march over the mines in search of water."

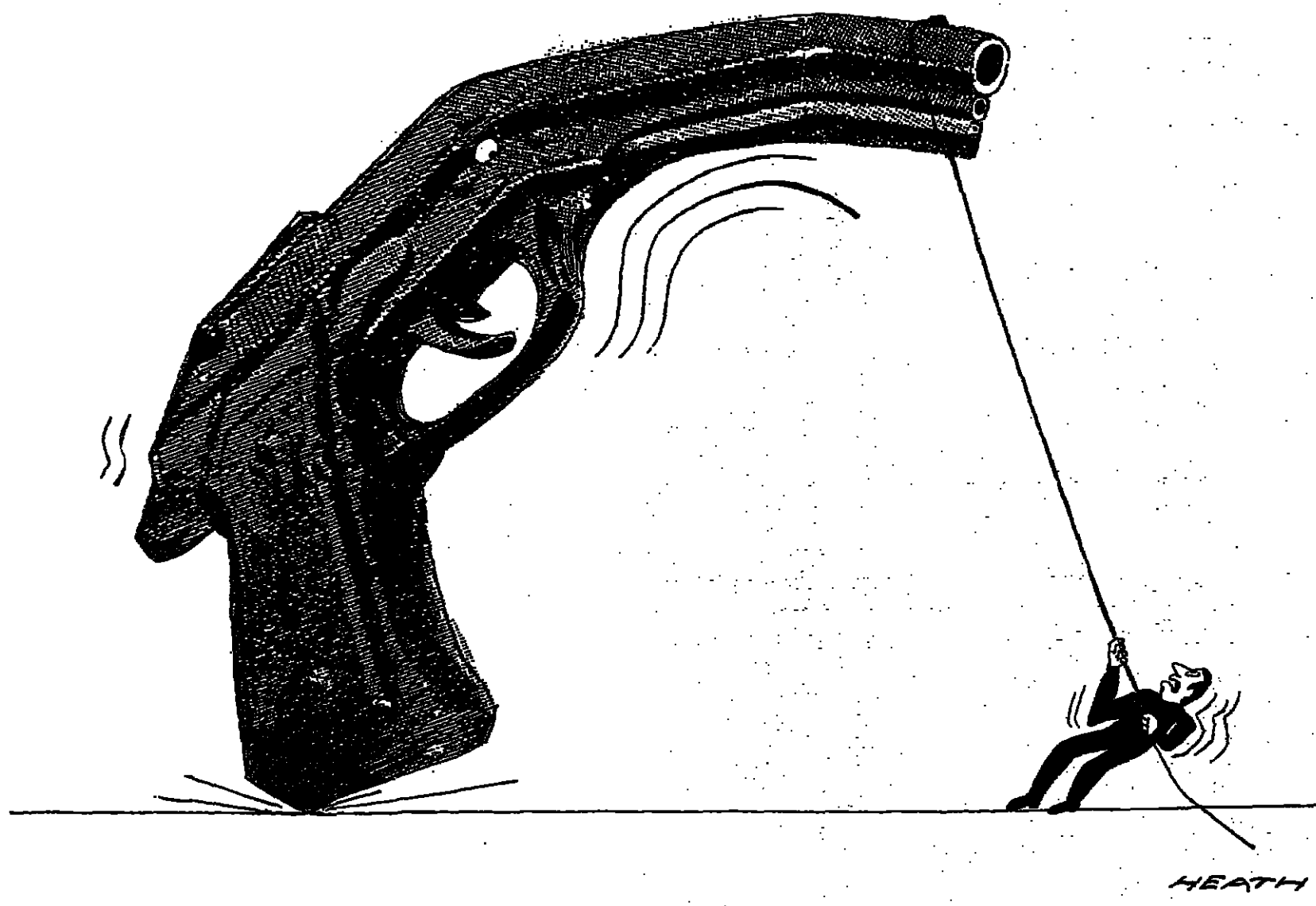
"You lot are soft," concluded the first. "Things got so bad in our neck of the woods the only way you could get water was through taking it from the north Sea and desalinating it."

This might be funny if it did not sound only like a brainstraining session among a hapless senior executive of Yorkshire Water. It takes quite a lot to displace

British Gas from the top spot at Britain's most disliked utility. But the boys at Yorkshire Water, led by the sorry Mr Trevor Newton, have done just that. The mess that Yorkshire Water has got into, revealed so tellingly at the independent inquiry which opened this week in Leeds, would be comic had it not got so close to catastrophe.

Mr Newton has admitted that despite waves of investment the company has still failed to meet its targets for reducing the amount of water that leaks out of its pipes. The performance of Yorkshire Water will be seen as a test case of the effectiveness of regulation of the privatised water industry.

There is not enough competition in the water industry to drive out incompetent managers. This case has shown it requires an unprecedented public outcry to bring change. That does not just cast Yorkshire Water in a poor light, it also suggests that the regulators of the industry, Ofwat and the National Rivers Authority, should be in the dock alongside Mr Newton.



LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

After Dunblane: we must reshape the way we live

Sir: A pin might have been heard to drop in this village at 9.30am on Sunday if anyone had been so inconsiderate as to let one fall. With the nation, and with other nations, we reflected on the horror which befell the people of Dunblane and kept in our silent prayer those children and their teacher who died and those who were injured, and not least those who are bereaved and who continue to suffer in hospital. Yet this is not enough.

To seek to restrict possession of guns is also not enough. We have to reshape the way we live in what here, in Britain, is an increasingly materialistic society and to return to or to discover the way which Christ taught us. You do not need to look far for what has gone wrong. Radio and television, newspapers and magazines have become increasingly coarse and lacking in sensitivity. The three learned professions, church, medicine and law, are increasingly expected not to put the needs of people first but to operate within cash-dictated guidelines, allowing people to die if the figures in an account book do not add up. Unless we change, the lesson of Dunblane will be lost.

STANLEY BEST
Broadwoodkelly
Devon

Sir: Schools throughout the land responded in their various ways to last Wednesday's tragedy at Dunblane. Some, (mistakenly, in my view) chose not to mention it openly to their pupils. What messages their silence conveyed I do not know. Some chose to deal with the subject on an individual basis, with teachers speaking to children as and when the need for reassurance manifested itself. I respect that.

Over a number of years and in three schools as a headteacher I have had, with my colleagues, to deal with tragedy in several forms. Children, parents and members of staff have died, or have suffered grievous loss. Accidents have happened. And, last week, evil visited Dunblane.

It would be impossible to lay down general guidelines for responding to human grief. On each tragic occasion my instinct has been to do the impossible difficult thing, and to talk first and simply with the children in the family atmosphere of assembly, so that we could all respond immediately and as a community to those painful events. This has enabled teachers subsequently to respond to children's sadness, confusion and fear, in conversation with class groups and with individuals.

Of course we must shield our

children as far as possible from pain and violence. However, we must also face our responsibilities in acknowledging our shared loss and bewilderment in the face of tragedy. Children receive more comfort from our openness and realistic reassurance than from our well-meaning attempts to give complete answers.

VALERIE LEWIS
Headmistress
St Swithun's Junior School
Winchester

Sir: As a clinical medical officer I visit 18 schools on a regular basis. The majority already have secure entrances and one uses a video camera system. The majority also, however, have playgrounds with ready access to any intruder.

If schools are to be made more secure following the tragedy of Dunblane then playgrounds too will have to be safeguarded. The financial cost would be great and the possible detrimental effect on the quality of children's play impossible to measure. I am aware that time and money have already been spent upgrading entrance systems, but in isolation this can only be understood as an emotive response to a national loss. Play is serious business for children and it also needs to be

considered before any further action is taken.

Dr JAMES WATTERS
Wigan, Greater Manchester

Sir: Some correspondents have commented that guns have no place in a civilised society. All able-bodied men in Switzerland up to the age of 32 are part of the National Reserve and are issued with firearms. Yet that country's firearms crime rates are low. Is this not a civilised society? The gunman is a product of society, not the gun.

K J MOORE
Bury, Lancashire

Sir: As a mother of young children, my heart froze at the news of the horror of Dunblane. How can we protect our children from another such incident?

Gun licence applications should be open to public scrutiny. In order to be married in this country, or even build a new garden wall, you must have notices advertised in your intention publicly displayed. To require publication of a notice of application in a local newspaper or town hall would help to filter out known undesirable in society from being able to get their hands on weapons.

MORAG SUTHERLAND
Didcot, Oxfordshire

V-chip will be a cop-out

Sir: The call for the introduction of the V-chip to limit availability of violent and sexually explicit material to children through television is superficially attractive.

I fear that it is just another abdication of the responsibility which we all have for children. Its first effect will be to limit the amount of sex and violence seen by children in homes where parents take the trouble to retain control of the television. Its second will be to give the network television channels carte blanche to screen increasingly graphic scenes on the grounds that they are not accessible to children.

ANNE HERTZELL
Guildford

Europe: why we need a vote

Sir: The people of this country originally voted for a commercial union with Europe believing the country would retain its political independence. A political union with Europe would so profoundly affect the future of this country that the wishes of the public must now be resought. In a referendum on a single European currency, a number of other questions have to be included. Do the public want: a total political commitment to a federal Europe; a single European currency and commercial union of otherwise independent nations; a commercial union without a single currency; or a total rejection of Europe?

ROGER E PYRAH
Freshwater, Isle of Wight

Drop engineering from schools

Sir: We have evidence to support Ian Quayle's contention ("No point in technology at school", Letters, 19 March). In the Fifties our school had an engineering sixth form, the periods needed being taken from the science periods. Engineering boys were thus handicapped in taking the entrance examination for Imperial College, London. I reverted to the full number of science periods. At least four of these latter students became professors of engineering, metallurgy, etc.

GORDON VAN PRAAGH
Crawley, Sussex
The writer was head of science at Christ's Hospital, Horsham

Punk politics

Sir: Your report (19 March) missed the key point about the reformed Sex Pistols. If the Pistols are back, surely a Labour government cannot be far behind. Wasn't Tony Blair a punk in 1977?

KEITH FLETT
London N17

Law hampers industrial success

Sir: Peter Rodgers sets out a convincing case that the most successful companies will be those that develop commitment from employees, customers, and shareholders (Industry View, 15 March). But this concept should move beyond mission statements and into what companies actually do. It is precisely because the law as it stands does not provide for companies to have any responsibilities other than to their shareholders that new legislation is needed.

JOHN MONKS
General Secretary
TUC
London WC1

Sad blow to Welsh opera

Sir: I was born in Cardiff, was director of the National Museum of Wales, saw Barry John, Gareth Edwards, Gerald Davies and J P R Williams playing at Cardiff Arms Park, and heard Tito Gobbi and Geraint Evans with Welsh National Opera at the New Theatre, Cardiff. So I feel entitled to an opinion about the Millennium Commission's apparent preference for the Cardiff Arms Park scheme over the Cardiff Bay Opera House (report, 14 March). I am outraged. I am ashamed that the Land of my Fathers could not, apparently, "get it together". I now live in Oxford, where Welsh National Opera's annual visits are among the high points of the musical year. I am saddened that this world-famous company has been dealt such a blow.

G O JONES
Oxford

Personality clash in Swindon

Sir: Your feature on Swindon North ("The union man vs the city slicker", 12 March) was a good example of what's wrong with political journalism. How does it serve public debate to publish a page and a half on the battle for a parliamentary nomination, without once mentioning what the candidates stand for?

I've learnt their age, their educational background, the make of car they drive, the nationality and religion of their parents, and the names of their lawyers (and their lawyer's sister). Could I now please have a feature about their views on unemployment, cuts in education and health, crime, transport and so on?

Is it any wonder that most people think that politics has nothing to do with their daily lives?

PAUL QUIGLEY
Smethwick, West Midlands

Rwanda and Burundi slide towards a new disaster

Sir: The Great Lakes region of Africa is on the verge of another human catastrophe, and it is quite clear that the international community has learnt nothing from the Rwanda experience.

Aid workers in Burundi fear that the country is on the verge of an explosion of violence. Civil war rages in the countryside between the ruling Tutsi military and the Hutus who have been "cleansed" from the capital, Bujumbura. Approximately 100,000 people (Amnesty Inter-

national) have been killed there in the past two years.

In the refugee camps of Zaire and Tanzania refugees planning to return home are intimidated by Hutu militia members. Propaganda adds to the climate of fear. In Zaire the government has mobilised troops to exert pressure on the refugees to return home by ringing the camps and ordering an end to all commercial activity.

It is incumbent on the international community to lend its weight to the Rwandan author-

ities in their attempts to rebuild their justice system, bring to trial those guilty of crimes of genocide, to rebuild their country and to instill confidence returning refugees and their hopes for a new future. Until there is a fully functioning justice system in Rwanda its people living outside its borders will not return home.

JOHN O'SHEA
Director
Goal (relief and development agency)
Dun Laoghaire, Co Dublin

TV junkies: if you want a life, get a wife

This device called a V-chip that will enable adults to edit out undesirable elements from their children's television viewing is all very well, but what is needed much more drastically is a device to deactivate television sets when adults are watching something unworthy of their attention.

I am a lucky man.

I have such a device.

It is called a wife.

Often, when I am watching a political debate or a discussion programme or a forgotten black-and-white musical or a documentary on sheep diseases in Tasmania, she will come into the room and say: "What on earth are you watching this rubbish for?" And my mouth will fall open as I prepare to defend myself, but no words will come out because I suddenly realise that it is rubbish and the only reason I was watching it was curiosity. I used to use this as an excuse.

"I am just curious to see what other people watch on TV."

"Well, now you know," she says, not unkindly, and I find my hand reaching out to switch it off.

But recently I have developed some more sophisticated excuses.

"I wasn't actually watching the programme – I was just checking this



MILES KINGSTON

video to see if it had anything on worth preserving, so I had to switch the TV on."

Sometimes they can be even more sophisticated than that.

"I was just checking to see if this video was the one you wanted keeping of *Pride and Prejudice*."

"Shifting the blame, you see? I am watching television to safeguard your best interests."

Does it work? Well, it works to the extent that she usually leaves the room silently without making a reply, but that, of course, is one of the many ways in which women win arguments, so no, it doesn't work, and I switch off as she leaves.

Another excuse I sometimes use is work-related. The other day I was glancing at television in the morning, at that time of day when the only available programmes on television all feature studios full of concerned

and angry-looking people in an audience, and a man with a microphone striding among them, usually stopping off an inoffensive-looking man and saying to him aggressively: "You've heard Mrs Chambers' experience. Can you explain how a GP like yourself could let a thing like that happen?"

And just as the GP is saying, "Well, of course I am tremendously sorry for Mrs Chambers, but what you have got to remember is that, statistically speaking, an event like this is very ... your wife comes in and stands watching silently for a moment or two, and says: 'I didn't know you were so interested in arthritis,' and you say, 'No, I'm not really, but I was thinking of writing a parody of this sort of programme one day, so it's quite important that I should know what they are like.'"

And there is a grain of truth in this, because it's quite important, even if we don't like them, that we should all know who Anne and Nick, and Judy, and Richard, and people in *EastEnders* and *Neighbours* are, because otherwise we won't be able to hold our own in conversations about television for even understand the cover of the *Radio Times* – I have just bought the new one

which has a photo-portrait of a woman holding a child on the front, captioned "Kathy and Baby by Lord Lichfield", and I have no idea who Kathy is or why Lord Lichfield has fathered a baby by her. So then my wife gives me the benefit of the doubt and goes out silently, and I think to myself, "Why am I watching this rubbish?", and I switch off and the device has worked again – my television viewing has been curtailed.

The great thing is that after a year or two of use, the wife TV-switching-off device doesn't even have to be in the room, just somewhere in the house.

You hear a noise. You say to yourself, "Would you honestly want her to come in and find you watching this? No, you wouldn't", and you switch off.

She doesn't even have to be in the house. Maybe she is in London for the day. But you just happen to be watching Prime Minister's Question Time, and you think to yourself, "If she were here, would you have any excuse at all for watching this garbage?", and you switch off.

Yes, it actually uplifts the standard of your television viewing from more than a hundred miles away. A wife. Get one today.

Divorce: our century's great liberator

The break-up of the Mandelas' marriage, as of any other, is a cause for celebration not shame

Many marriages are made in hell: Nelson and Winnie Mandela can testify to that. How undignified for one of the world's noblest men to be brought so low in the divorce courts. "I asked her to settle it amicably and quietly and not to wash our dirty linen in public," he said mildly in court. Not Winnie. She wanted her day in court, her pound of flesh from that frail frame, with a gallon of blood for her gravy.

The grotesque behaviour of Winnie, the trouble she causes wherever she turns her power-hungry vengeful eye has been the sorry spectacle of the world. Yet Nelson Mandela's exemplary dignity, careful not to retaliate nor publicly condemn, has kept him from tumbling into the humiliations suffered by other prominent divorcees.

For us in Britain, this front-page extravaganza of public dirty washing comes at a salutary time. On Monday the Commons debates the hotly contested new divorce law in the Family Law Bill which will end the whole concept of fault and blame. Its fierce critics call it a charter for immorality, undermining the meaning of marriage. Why shouldn't the wronged partner have their injury put down on the record? What kind of useless contract is a marriage certificate if it is easier to walk away from than a TV rental agreement or a package holiday booking? They are horrified that the commandment "Thou shalt not Commit Adultery" will no longer feature in British law.

This morning Tory MPs who oppose the reform will meet together in a cabal organised by Dame Jill Knight

and Baroness Young, the leader of the attempted revolt in the House of Lords. Dame Jill says the back benches are abuzz with indignation. Edward Leigh, one of the prime opponents, is among those pressing for wrecking amendments.

The most controversial would restore the concept of fault. But Leigh also wants the present waiting period of one year extended to two years, starting with an initial compulsory six months in which the couples are forced to undergo "reconciliation counselling by people like Relate". His proposal is designed to make them get back together again. (Winnie Mandela has been trying to insist on similar mediation by a discredited apartheid tribal chief, but her husband will have none of it.)

"Almost every Tory I speak to in the Commons is unhappy about this Bill," says Leigh. "It will only pass because of Labour's support." The virulent campaign in the *Daily Mail* against the Bill has fuelled back-bench rebellion. Yet for all the heat and fury, the Bill will pass.

In the debate the politicians can be counted on to miss the point yet again – that divorce is not a blight, but a blessing to most people.

As a ritual opener, every speaker in the debate next week will intone the rubric that marriage break-up is a disaster. Separation will be lamented as a universally acknowledged calamity. Couples will be described as lost sheep who have fallen over a precipice in the dark, as if they tumbled into divorce by accident without noticing where they were going. A period of



POLLY TOYNEBEE

Divorce is not a blight, but a blessing to most people

reflection will be recommended to bring them to their senses, although anyone who knows anyone who has divorced is likely to see that this is mostly bunkum.

Political discussion of divorce takes place in a realm of airy unreality far removed from the world inhabited by real live couples. Politicians of all parties can be relied on to adopt an unctuous sorrowful tone implying that if only couples understood the consequences, they might change their minds. There will be high-minded exhortations to them to think of the good of society. The metaphors of the drapery and construction industries will thud upon the floor of the House with marriage as the "fabric of society" or the "fundamental building block" – or possibly even the restaurant trade since one right-wing think-tank says divorce is "eating out the heart of society".

Tell that to Nelson and Winnie or to the Waleses. Apply any of that theoretical stuff about marriage as an "institution" to any divorcing couple you know, and it makes no sense. People often divorce awkwardly, bitterly, painfully, miserably. But not accidentally. Often one partner wants to divorce and the other doesn't. Often one is the apparent deserter, the other the abandoned. The end of the affair is a wretched business and there is no better demonstration of that truth than the current Mandela divorce. But that doesn't mean it is wrong or a mistake. In almost every case I know it has made people happier in the end.

Instead of guilt and worry, there should be a celebration of divorce, the single greatest liberator of this century. We are living in the midst of a social revolution whose ending we do not yet know. No one planned it, people voted with their feet, like tramping down the Berlin Wall.

There will be the last dying clasp on Monday for a return to the good old days of shotgun weddings. Those were the balmy days of beatings behind lace curtains, of desperately unhappy couples locked together until eternity in a punishment worse than anything the penal system has to offer. Those were the happy days of women marrying out of terror of being left on the shelf, gay sexuality repressed into loveless weddings, single mothers hounded to give up their babies for adoption, shame and disgrace the weapons to dragoon a population into living miserably. Well, should the Mandelas and the Waleses

have been forced to do their porridge until death did them part?

Social chaos, the moralists warn, can be the only fall-out of this revolution. There is dark talk of the fall of empires, morally rotten at the core. All this retro-angst is understandable enough as we stand in the ruins of the "institution" of marriage, uncertain how to live happily in the new landscape.

The framework of the institution remains – children are still, confusingly, offered a Mummy and Daddy image as the ideal, although their own lives may be quite different. Economically, we have made no adaptation to divorce. Still only marriage to a breadwinner provides financial stability for most women and children. Most divorced women fall upon social security with no way to earn enough to become breadwinners, women's wages being what they are and childcare non-existent. Until we create a social and economic system that makes it possible for mothers to both earn and care for their children, divorce will look like a disaster and not a liberator to many people.

But when next week the final remnants of the old social shackles fall, it will be clear that there is no turning back now. Perhaps at last politicians will stop mouthing windy platitudes about the happy Fifties family, and start to think seriously about how to adjust society to the way people live now.

And as we watch the painful drama of the Mandela marriage break-up, we should share the South African president's joy at being released at last from his other life sentence.

Mahler in the fast-food queue

Is it right to butcher the classics for tasty titbits? Robert Cowan applauds one conductor's protest

"Adagio" might mean slow in musical terms, but when it comes to CD sales the tempo picks up with the ringing of cash registers.

Polygram Classics proved the point when it launched its hugely successful *Adagio Karajan*, a 1.2 million sales compilation that melds Mahler, Albinoni, Pachelbel, Massenet, Vivaldi, Grieg, Mozart, Bach and others into a squiggly cloud-bank of musical dreams.

Adagio Karajan 2 is already on the horizon, but when Polygram tried to vary the format with Claudio Abbado's *Mahler Adagios* they met with a rude awakening. The conductor is taking civil action through the French High Court in Paris against the launch of "his" adagio album. The defendants are Polygram Classics: the musical victims are the slow-moving meditations taken from Gustav Mahler's Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth symphonies.

Abbado's lawsuit serves as the unexpected climax to a long-standing argument about plundering the classics for tuneless goodies. Does Abbado think that by having his name associated with compilations he will automatically be accused of Karajan-style self-promotion? Or is he morally opposed to tearing symphonic movements from their proper contexts? At first glance, the decision to sue seems a brave and timely gesture against the careless butchering of great music.

The Fifth Symphony's "Adagietto" served as the musical soundtrack to Visconti's 1991 film *Death in Venice* and it has reappeared since on a plethora of compilations and samplers. In music business terms, the piece is an "easy listen", a warm, emotive affair, melodious and – in the hands of Karajan – plushly textured. Presented out of its context, the "Adagietto" forgets its troubled symphonic roots and lolls comfortably among cushions, carpets and coffee tables like a well-fed cat.

"Adagietto" is a tender interlude set within a symphony that starts with a sardonic funeral march, raises a stormy protest, enjoys a good-natured joke and – after the movement in question – ends in a spirit of unequivocal triumph. The true spirit of the movement, its musical "sense" so to speak, is lost when it is torn out of context.

In my opinion, the slow movements of the Third and Fourth symphonies, both of them full of incident and fan-

tasy, could serve as gateways to their parent symphonic worlds. But you can't really sandwich either piece between compact discs of musical fast food.

Perhaps it is less these critical reservations and more the idea of Mahler resting among cosmetics, newspapers and trays of sweets that worries Abbado.

In a sense, dressing great music as consumable ephemera is something that Mahler himself unwittingly facilitated by writing music that was warm, emotive, melodious, and slow. You can sell him as a dream in a way that you could never sell Beethoven, for instance.

The 'Adagietto' lollops among the cushions like a well-fed cat

The problem for Abbado (or for any other self-respecting musician) is to weigh in the balance the potential uses and abuses of a compilation: will the contents serve as a series of aperitifs, or as a meal in itself? After all, anyone who is willing to put aside half an hour for an adagio will just as likely reserve a full hour for the whole symphony.

I personally would advise Polygram to rethink its strategy and market nine separate albums of Abbado's *Mahler*, packaging them individually and capitalising on the individual character of each symphony – be it the world of folk-tales, resurrection, the dawning of creation, a child's view of heaven or the hammer blows of fate. After all, even Classic FM, long derided by the musical old guard, gave us Mahler complete, while bargain CD labels such as Naxos, BMG Classical Navigator and Sony Essential Classics, not to mention Polygram's own discount labels Galleries and Double Decas still deliver Mahler symphonies by the truckload.

Whether Claudio Abbado is suing Polygram in order to protect his own artistic integrity or that of Mahler, or is making a point about the marketing of classical CDs, I can only wish him well. "Adagio" might be fine for dreaming, but if you want to be in on the action, make time for the whole story.

The writer is co-presenter of 'Classic Verdict' on Classic FM.

Major shapes a battle plan

Today, the Tory top brass prepares to take on Tony Blair. Donald Macintyre examines the strategy

Today the Cabinet will sit down and plan for battle. Ministers will confront one of the two biggest questions facing them between now and the general election. The first is how to combat Tony Blair and new Labour, of which more later. The second, which will take up this morning's session, is how to turn an economic recovery into a political one.

It's a commonplace among Tory strategists that there is still a daunting divergence in the polls between the rapidly improving optimism that families have about their personal living standards and their willingness to vote Tory. Closing that gap – the worst the Tories have experienced since 1979 – is what today is all about.

The strategists around Brian

The talk is of increases in RPD – Real Personal Disposable Income

Mawhinney, the party chairman, believe that much of the background is encouraging: in the new Tory jargon the talk is not of "feel-good factor" but of increases in RPD – Real Personal Disposable Income.

Mawhinney will remind his high-powered audience that the best of this is yet to come. Most of the £450 ministers expect to go into the pockets of the average family as a result of November's tax cuts and income growth comes in the 1996-7 financial year. About half the proceeds of maturing Tassas are already in instant access accounts, suggesting that households are already preparing for a modest consumer boom.

Mawhinney's task today will be to explain his plans to exploit a steady improvement in the economy – starting with what strategists insist is "an imaginative" party political broadcast for Thursday, contrasting the improving economy in the UK with relative decline in France and Germany.

Mawhinney has assembled a formidable team, including Danny Finkelstein, the research director, Tony Garrett, the campaigns director, and Charles Lewington, the director of communications.

Finkelstein is a thoroughly modern, thirty-something policy wonk: he is cleverer and closer to the party's high command than any other holder of that post since Robin Harris worked at Central Office in the Thatcher years. As a one-time member of the SDP – and before that the Labour



Ready to fight back: John Major needs to turn an economic recovery into a political one Photograph: PA

Party – he understands what Tony Blair's Labour Party is about; as the inventor of last year's party conference theme of the Enterprise Centre of Europe he began to create an electoral project for the Tories, to tell the party a convincing story about why it believes in deregulation, low taxes, an outward-looking Europe, its opt-out from the Social Chapter, and so on.

Garrett, in his mid-forties, is an intelligent and affable professional who is light years away from his predecessor John Lacey, an old school type so press-unfriendly that he tried to keep journalists waiting outside Central Office in the rain during the local elections in 1991. When thwarted by his bosses he vainly proposed that reporters should at least be forbidden to use the Smith Square lavatories to ensure they did not wander off limits.

And Charles Lewington, a smooth

and intelligent former *Sunday Express* political editor has turned out to be an unobtrusive start, to be a player: highly thought of by Mawhinney and the Prime Minister, with more or less unlimited access to both. There are signs that Central Office's operation is gradually coming together at long last.

The Cabinet can afford to concentrate on the economy today because it has finally resolved fundamental differences between ministers over how to campaign against Tony Blair. The Tories have discarded the approach sometimes described as the Coca-Cola strategy – that Blair reflects a pale imitation of Toryism and it's better to vote for the Real Thing. They have discarded the charge that Tony Blair is a good guy surrounded by old Labour monsters who will hijack the party just as soon as Blair levers them

into power: private polling shows that thanks to Clause IV and the policy transformation Blair has already achieved, voters really do believe that the party has changed.

Central Office has essentially also discarded the argument that Labour has no policies: disaffected Tory voters are less frightened by a Labour Party without policies than by one with policies.

Instead, the Finkelstein/Mawhinney strategy will now argue that new Labour does indeed have policies; they will play on the continuing fears that Labour is still a tax and spend party. The Tories will continue to argue that Labour's adherence to the Social Chapter means hidden costs on industry and therefore on jobs. It is a safe bet that researchers are even now ruthlessly compiling a list of every spending commitment ever uttered by

a frontbench Labour spokesman since the 1992 election.

Just how tough Major and Mawhinney have been in enforcing a common line is illustrated by the affair of the stakeholder economy, unveiled in Blair's Singapore speech. Michael Portillo, stranded and out of touch with mission control on a business trip to Tokyo, remarked casually that there was nothing new about stakeholding: after all the Tories had been doing it since 1979. This was diametrically opposite to what immediately became the Line. With Central Office leading through every reference to stakeholding in Will Hutton's book *The State We're In*, the idea was quickly depicted as new Labour's way of fettering business with a series of com-

Mawhinney will play on fears that Labour is still a tax and spend party

mitments to trade unions, social progress, corporate ethics and in the words of one contemptuous Central Office staffer "Friends of the Earth".

The Portillo dismissal was swiftly forgotten and will never be repeated. In the Finkelstein canon, stakeholding will be characterised by the Tories as a brake on change which makes a Labour-led Britain less fit to compete in the dynamic global economy. Central Office knows what it is doing is a necessary, but by no means sufficient, condition for a political recovery. Mawhinney may well argue today that the polls are underestimating the Tories' strength with council by elections allegedly showing a 30 plus percentage share of the vote but that cannot alter the fact that the Tories are in their longest and deepest electoral trough ever. The level of defeatism among many Tory MPs is greater than at any time in living memory. It may yet be that the Tories will merely prevent a Canadian-style wipe out and ensure a respectable defeat.

But for those who have not given up, there is still hope in "the economy, stupid". Michael Heseltine, for example, has never forsaken his endlessly stated view that rising living standards can yet deliver a fifth Tory victory. And while some in the Labour Party, not without justice, are convinced that the game is already won, it is a safe bet that Tony Blair is not among those who underestimate the Tory Party's historic capacity to reassemble itself as a fighting machine.

It's true, I'm afraid that people rarely get discovered from those piles of unsolicited scripts. Encouraged, I sent one of my scripts to a production company that was looking for new, untitled writers. I got a one-line rejection letter. I say "one line" because a screenwriter friend of mine got a paragraph and that was considered a triumph. Later, I sent the same script in – to a different person – and was hired to write *This Life*. From outside it seemed impossible. From inside, well, the view is very different. It seems to me that the British film and TV industry is gasping for new and talented writers. And there's lots of work, think of all those hours of *Kavanagh*. The moral of the story is don't give up: if you have talent, you will, with perseverance, get there in the end.

A soap with a happy ending

'This Life's' creator, Amy Jenkins, has good news for fellow writers

themselves as free slave labour.

In the end, I decided to be sensible and trained to be a lawyer. But after a year on the job I realised I just couldn't fit myself to the mould. I gave up the law and set out to pursue my dream. This sounds very brave and determined but it wasn't like that. To start with I was extremely wobbly, easily distracted and embarrassed about my pretensions. I wrote a script and put it in a drawer, showing nobody. I got myself a Saturday stall at Portobello market. Sometimes I thought perhaps I'd

expand, become a businesswoman. Other times I thought maybe I might meet a rich man. Of course I didn't and when a couple of years passed like this my prospects began to look distinctly dodgy. My least favourite question in the world was "What do you do?"

One way or another I went on writing scripts, showing them to one or two people but never sending them out. I didn't think I could stand what I felt would be inevitable rejection. Then one day I was standing in the kitchen having just got some milk out of the

fridge when I suddenly knew in a way that I hadn't known before that this was what I did. I was a writer whether I was paid or not. I also knew that I would go on writing for the rest of my life.

Something changed that day and after that when people asked me what I did I said I was a writer. Soon I found that I was believing myself and then, to my amazement, that other people were believing me, too. My break eventually came when a director who liked my work recommended me to a producer.

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Bass in talks to buy Allied's stake in Carlsberg Tetley

JOHN SHEPHERD
Business News Editor

Bass is locked in talks to buy Allied Domecq's interest in Carlsberg Tetley - the joint brewing venture set up three years ago between Allied and Carlsberg of Denmark.

A deal would give Bass control of the Tetley brand and return it to pole position in the UK brewing league, a position it lost last year when Scottish & Newcastle bought Courage.

Tentative talks between Bass and Allied began before Christmas but more concrete discussions have now started to take place. Although the negotiations are fraught with difficulty, Bass is still keen to strike a deal and gain control of the Tetley brand - one of the top two selling brands in the UK.

Bass's initiative is part of what industry analysts believe is an "inevitable consolidation" in the industry to deal with an over-supply problem. Brewers can now produce five pints for every four they can sell.

The takeover would almost certainly make Bass, led by chairman and chief executive Sir Ian Prosser, the biggest brewer in the UK once more. It would also deal a sharp blow to Whitbread, the country's fourth largest beer producer. Whitbread has also been trying to

court Carlsberg Tetley, which analysts reckon is worth up to £500m, and also lost out in the race to buy Courage.

Both Bass and Allied Domecq yesterday stood rigidly behind a "no comment" policy when questioned about the talks, and the possibility that a deal may be consummated before the summer. However, an industry source said: "The two sides have been in discussions for some time, and they have recently achieved some considerable progress."

It is also understood that the Office of Fair Trading and the mergers and acquisitions advisory unit at the Department of Trade and Industry have been consulted. Any move by Bass would undoubtedly result in tough negotiations, such as selling some breweries or pubs, to obtain the necessary regulatory approval.

Combined market shares of Bass and Carlsberg Tetley would be close to 40 per cent, a figure which would make even this lenient Government on takeovers and mergers balk at the prospect of allowing such a giant to be created. Bass has around 25 per cent and Carlsberg Tetley about 16 per cent of the UK market, compared to S&N's 30 per cent.

Moreover, there is a big geographical overlap between the

two companies - principally in the Midlands and Yorkshire, where their combined market shares exceed 70 per cent in many areas. Bass has eight breweries and Carlsberg Tetley five; both have large sites in Burton-on-Trent.

One analyst said yesterday that the overlaps would lead to far bigger cost savings than those that resulted from S&N's purchase of Courage. Besides the Burton breweries, Bass and Allied also own sites close to each other in the North and Midlands. Bass has breweries in Birmingham and Sheffield, while Allied has sites in Leeds and Northampton.

The industry source said that any moves by Bass to strip out costs through closing breweries could cause alarm for the Government as the clock ticks away to the general election. "Time is not on Bass's side," he added.

The negotiations are also complicated because of the overlap in brands - particularly Carlsberg Lager and Bass's Carling Black Label.

Carlsberg, the Danish company that teamed up with Allied, earns around 30 per cent of its profits from the UK and, according to sources, is adamant that it will ring-fence its trading position before giving its sanction to any deal.

Comment, page 17.



Brewing a deal: Sir Ian Prosser, chairman of Bass, which could end up with a market share of nearly 40 per cent but might have to sell some of its pub chain

Investment: Hopes at Lucas that Simpson legacy will last On the doll with the supermodels Market Report: P&O steams into view

Surprise surge in Japanese growth rate

DIANE COYLE
Economics Editor

The Japanese economy grew at the fastest rate for five years in the final quarter of 1995, in the clearest signal so far that recovery is taking root. A surprise increase in consumer spending accounted for most of the gain.

Separate figures from the US showed an unexpected surge in new housebuilding in February despite the blizzards. This further sign that growth is reviving briefly boosted shares above Monday's record level, now that financial markets have got over the shock of realising an interest rate reduction is unlikely.

The 0.9 per cent rise in Japan's GDP in the fourth quarter took analysts by surprise. Monthly figures had pointed to more subdued growth.

With revisions to earlier quarters, the country's national output has expanded by more than 2 per cent in nine months. It grew 2.5 per cent in the year to the fourth quarter.

Eric Fitchwick, an analyst at the Industrial Bank of Japan, said many economists would now be raising their forecasts for the economy in 1996. "The fact the recovery seems to have become more broadly based means some of the risks overhauling the economy could have diminished. It is the quality rather than the quantity of the growth which is significant."

Some economists remained very cautious. Graham Turner at Tokai Bank said that the spending growth was achieved by heavy discounting. "Although the growth is encouraging, a lot of things still do not bode too well for the future," he said.

These include the hangover of bad debts affecting the financial system, an increase in the number of bankruptcies and confidence still near rock-bottom. Most experts think the Bank of Japan will need to run its extremely low interest rate policy for at least another year.

Government spending on public works rose 6.9 per cent in the last quarter of last year, but the biggest contribution to the rise in GDP came from a 0.4 per cent increase in consumer spending. Housing investment surged 7.2 per cent.

In the US, housing starts climbed 3 per cent in February to an annual level of 1.49m units. They reached a level 12.7 per cent higher than a year earlier as buyers rushed to take advantage of low mortgage rates.

During recent weeks mortgage rates have climbed to 7.83 per cent from an average of 7.08 per cent in February. Building permits have settled at a lower level than new starts, suggesting housebuilding could fall back later. But the figure cheered economists. "Once people buy and build homes they have to buy appliances and furnish them," said Waldo Best at BZW.

Comment, page 17

Hanson's power plans face Offer threat

MARY FAGAN
Industrial Correspondent

Offer, the electricity industry watchdog, may clamp down on moves by the Hanson conglomerate to become one of the UK's main generators if the Government blocks bids by National Power and PowerGen to buy regional electricity firms.

Hanson, which has already snapped up Eastern Electricity, is taking over power plants from PowerGen, is among the frontrunners to acquire 11bn worth of plant from National Power.

The Monopolies and Mergers Commission is to report within weeks on proposed takeovers by National Power and PowerGen of, respectively, Southern Electric and Midlands Electricity. Industry sources say that if these bids are stopped, the regulator would then question whether Hanson

should be allowed to build up a powerful vertically integrated electricity company.

The view in the City is that the Government decided to refer the National Power and PowerGen bids because they would recreate the vertical structure - combining genera-

tion with regional distribution and supply firms - that was dismantled before the industry was privatised. Hanson's takeover of Eastern, coupled with its ambitions in generation, has a similar effect.

Announcing his decision late last year, Ian Lang, President of the Board of Trade, said: "I have decided to refer the PowerGen/Midlands Electricity and National Power/Southern mergers to the MMC because I consider that each of them raises competition concerns in the generation and supply of electricity in England and Wales."

Offer refused to comment on the structure of the industry and the implications of the MMC's report. However, one industry source said that Professor Stephen Littlechild, Offer's director general, had made plain his concerns. The source said: "If the generators' takeover bids are blocked on the grounds

of vertical integration he would raise questions over Eastern's attempts to buy the National Power plants. That would be where he is coming from."

The MMC was originally due to report to ministers by the end of the week but on Monday was granted an extension to 4 April.

If Hanson succeeds in buying the three power plants from National Power, it would emerge as one of the largest UK generators. The group has already agreed to pay about £400m for the lease of two generating stations from PowerGen and industry analysts estimate that it could have 12 per cent of the market in England and Wales within a few years. This compares with a projected 16 or 17 per cent for PowerGen and an expected decline in National Power's share to about 25 per cent or less, from 34 per cent last year.

Hanson is bidding for the National Power stations against

Actuaries set to rebuff industry over disclosure

PETER RODGERS
Business Editor

Pressure by industry to avoid full disclosure of the capital costs of directors' pension benefits looks likely to be rebuffed by the professional body representing actuaries.

The Institute and Faculty of Actuaries, which has been asked to draw up a detailed blueprint for implementing the disclosure recommendations of the Greenbury report on executive pay, is thought to have come down in favour of a tough line that would involve some form of disclosure of the capital value.

The actuaries are still sifting the responses to a consultation exercise in an attempt to find ways to satisfy the diametrically

opposed views of employers and pension funds.

The CBI, the Institute of Directors and Sir Richard Greenbury, who chaired the pay committee, have told the actuaries that they favour disclosing only the amount of annual pension payable to a director at retirement age. This will show the increase in future pension that results from a pay increase in a given year.

But the National Association of Pension Funds has demanded full disclosure of the capital value of a director's pension benefits. This could force companies to report benefits in the millions when highly paid executives receive large pay increases, and is being resisted by employers' representatives.

But although the actuaries have formed their own view in favour of reporting capital values, they have not yet put recommendations to the Government or the Stock Exchange, which commissioned their report. A meeting is expected in the next week or so.

In the absence of a clear consensus, one view is that the actuaries will present their own recommendation, summarise those of industry and the City about what should be done and leave it to the Stock Exchange and the Department of Trade and Industry to make a final choice. The actuaries may try to allay the concerns of employers about the huge sums that would have to be disclosed by suggesting techniques that would smooth out the big variations in capital value.

Goldman Sachs shows threefold earnings rise

DAVID URSORNE
New York

Partners in Goldman Sachs are in line for sharply increased cash bonuses following another surge in pre-tax earnings in the first quarter of the bank's financial year. In a private briefing at the firm's Wall Street headquarters, its senior partner and chairman, Jon Corzine, reported that earnings for the quarter ending 29 February soared to \$585m (£37m), a threefold increase on earnings of the same quarter a year earlier.

The stellar performance provides further evidence of the turnaround in the fortunes of Goldman Sachs, the last big private partnership on Wall Street. In common with most of the industry, the bank took a beating in 1994 thanks largely to climbing interest rates and a depressed bond market. Mr

Corzine took over at the end of 1994 when the firm was at its lowest ebb.

It was the fifth consecutive quarter to show improving earnings and the firm's fourth most profitable quarter ever. Because of its status as a partnership, it is impossible to estimate after-tax earnings. The partners are taxed on their individual shares in the profits.

"It was a very positive quarter for all divisions, there was very consistent profitability," one partner who was at the briefing told the New York Times. Mr Corzine noted recently: "We have had favourable markets; we have had a relatively attractive environment to execute a turnaround." Mr Corzine, who heads a total of 174 partners, has been credited with returning Goldman Sachs to health after the setbacks of two years

Loophole could mean more bonuses in gold

NIGEL COPE

The City practice of paying bonuses to top earners in gold bullion could be set to return after a tax consultancy claimed to have found a loophole in the law regulating National Insurance contributions.

The new scheme has been launched as the Government starts a fresh clampdown on tax avoidance, particularly schemes involving payments in kind. The new gold-bullion policy follows government moves which have already outlawed payments in gold, diamonds and fine wines, as well as rare metals such as rhodium and platinum.

However, some companies have continued to avoid National Insurance payments by paying bonuses in antiques and oriental carpets.

The Grosche Plan, launched by Croxtons this week, avoids

National Insurance contributions by paying bonuses as "liquidated damages in advance". Though the consultancy is vague on details, the payments appear similar to "golden handcuffs" deals under which an employee is promised a lump sum for loyalty if he or she stays with the company for a certain duration. Under Croxtons' scheme, that payment is made in advance instead of at the end of the period. It is offering payments in gold and unit trusts.

The Grosche Plan is promoted as "the plan that shoots holes in all others" and its literature is festooned with illustrations of the Marx brothers as well as several former Chancellors. These include Kenneth Clarke dressed as Father Christmas.

Michael Davey, Croxtons' managing director, says he stumbled on the loophole while working on another tax case but

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FTSE 100	3633.00	+25.40	+0.6	3781.30	2954.20	4.01	UK	6.00	6.51	6.10	6.41	6.25	6.42	
FTSE 250	4274.20	+29.70	+0.7	4286.00	3300.90	3.46	US	5.57	5.68	6.40	12.1	6.59	7.45	
FTSE 350	1559.20	+12.00	+0.7	1689.00	1462.40	3.39	Japan	0.58	0.68	0.50	0.65	0.65	0.65	
FT Small Cap	5079.20	+8.90	+0.4	2075.20	1678.61	3.06	Germany	3.24	3.42	6.59	7.12	7.30	7.30	
FT All Share	1829.38	+11.59	+0.6	1864.59	1469.23	3.83	Stock Market Indices					MAIN PRICE CHANGES		
New York	5681.05	-2.55	-0.0	5683.60	3832.08	2.75								
Hong Kong	20442.60	+157.41	+0.8	21118.30	15485.40	0.77	Albright & Wilson	125	14	5.1	Brook Brothers	72	6	3.4
Frankfurt	13280.50	+279.22	+2.6	11194.48	8967.83	3.47	BHP	207	15	5.1	Smurfit Kappa	205	15	2.2
	2498.26	+30.10	+1.2	2501.22	1910.96	1.90	Paving Superfund	516	21	4.2	Smurfit Packaging	255	14	2.1

Source: FT Information



COMMENT

'Whoopie, thought Bass, which until S&N overtook it with the Courage takeover, was number one in the market. Anything goes now'

This brewing merger will not be waved through

Big consolidating mergers are all the rage in most industries these days and brewing is no exception. We've already had Scottish & Newcastle's takeover of Courage. Now it looks as though we might get something even more daring – a Bass takeover of Carlsberg Tetley.

When S&N acquired Courage the Government just waved it through with minimum conditions attached. This despite the fact that it breached an important benchmark – that any merger resulting in a market share above 25 per cent should at least be examined by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission. Whoopie, thought Bass, which until S&N overtook it with the Courage takeover, was number one in the market. Anything goes now.

Well, not quite. Bass may now be front-runner in protracted talks over the future of Carlsberg Tetley (Whitbread is hovering in the wings too), but any deal would be fraught with regulatory difficulties. The combined market share of Bass and Carlsberg Tetley would be somewhere in the region of 40 per cent and in some areas – the Midlands and Yorkshire – it could be as high as 70 per cent. Even a Government as relaxed about private sector monopolies as this one might have some difficulty with that.

If Bass is going to be allowed to do this deal at all, therefore, the competition authorities are going to want to extract a high price. Some breweries are clearly going to have to be sold and there is even a chance Bass could

be forced to cede at least some of what remains of its tied estate. With such a wide-ranging carve-up in prospect, is it all going to end up being worthwhile? That really depends on how much the Government is prepared to let Bass keep. Looked at from a businessman's perspective, what Bass is trying to do makes obvious sense. There's far too much capacity left in this industry. We simply do not need as many big breweries as we used to. This way, Bass would argue, you get a clean solution to the problem, returning the industry swiftly to economic equilibrium. The alternative is death by a thousand cuts, at least for one of the players.

Most ordinary people would not share that view, however. To them, fewer breweries and greater concentration of ownership can only mean less choice and higher prices. One thing is for sure. If Sir Ian Prosser, chairman of Bass, is going to do this deal at all, he needs to do it soon. His window of opportunity is fast disappearing. With an election looming, even Michael (national champions) Heseltine might balk at the prospect of another big job-cutting merger.

A breath of spring on the world economy

Do economists suffer from Seasonal Affective Disorder? As the first day of spring looms, there is a new optimism to the experts' assessment of various parts of the

world economy. Yesterday it was Japan's turn. The fourth-quarter rise in GDP was the biggest since 1991. It followed two earlier quarters of decent growth, and has started to lift the pervasive gloom about the Japanese economy.

There has also been a wave of better news about the US. Although manufacturing remains static at best – witness the 50,000 fall in employment in industry in February, a month which saw the creation of 705,000 new jobs in America – other parts of the economy are evidently doing pretty well.

That leaves Continental Europe in the doldrums. In the major European economies growth has slowed or started to fall and unemployment has risen to unacceptable levels. But at least the authorities in Germany, France and elsewhere have started to press their foot down hard on the monetary accelerator. The series of reductions in the cost of borrowing should help to avoid outright recession.

The constellation of evidence suggests a promising outlook for growth in Britain this year too. The more pessimistic economists – those most in need of a winter break in a sunny resort – have made much of the deterioration in export prospects. They have overdone it. True, the trend in the balance of trade has been flat at best in recent months, reflecting the slowdown in export markets. True, this has hit manufacturing output, especially in Britain's engineering heartland as a new survey is expected to con-

firm today. But it is likely to be no more than a pause.

Even if the Continent is stuck in the doldrums until much later this year, trade with the US is likely to pick up again. The value of Britain's exports to North America last year, at £20.4bn, was slightly higher than exports to Germany. When growth in Asian markets is taken into account too, export prospects look very decent. Before long even the pessimists will be forced to admit that the world economy has not been as depressed as they thought.

A serious risk for nuclear investors

Every time something untoward happens at a nuclear power station, it conjures up images of Chernobyl and Three Mile Island. In the case of the latest upset at British Energy, any such thoughts are probably exaggerated. But there are critical implications for this company's privatisation. The issue is whether it is safe to refuel some of British Energy's power stations when they are working at full load. This is a problem that does not apply to the new pressurised water reactor at Sizewell B, which must be refuelled off-load, whatever happens. But it does matter for a number of the AGRs (which are built to four different designs and are thus far from uniform in their operational methods.)

If it turns out that refuelling at high electricity output has to be stopped, then the average annual output of the AGRs is likely to be significantly reduced. It so happens that British Energy's load factor – the percentage of available time that its plants are actually generating – last year averaged 74.5 per cent.

Analysts at BZW, which is advising the Government, have assumed in their calculations of the value of British Energy that this load factor rises to 82.5 per cent quite soon as improvements are brought in. But they also concede that a difference of 2.5 percentage points either side of this target – from 80 to 85 per cent – represents a variation of £700m in the value of the company. Looked at another way, a 1 per cent increase in load factor adds £140m to operating profits.

The refuelling problems are probably solvable. But they underline the extreme sensitivity of nuclear plant performance to minor problems of lost output – be they from refuelling or faulty welds, the cause of serious losses of output at two of the AGRs last year. The sensitivity to shutdowns is particularly high because nuclear stations are only economic if they are run as near flat out as possible.

Potential investors should take this seriously, because it is one of the biggest risks they will be buying in the privatisation. Indeed, if the refuelling problem turns out to be worse than the company now claims, it will call into question the entire sell-off, scheduled for midsummer.

Psion gambles on licensing its software

The electronics group has revealed sparkling results and a defensive plan. **Tom Stevenson reports**

Psion, the maker of Europe's market-leading electronic organiser and one of Britain's most successful small electronics exporters, is to license out its technology to other manufacturers to avoid the marginalisation suffered by Apple in the personal computer market.

David Potter, whose 25 per cent stake in the company he founded in the late 1970s is now worth £60m, announced the decision with a sparkling set of full-year profits for the 12 months to December.

Describing the move as "defensive", Mr Potter said the issue of licensing Psion's software had been "a matter of hot debate for some time". He admitted that it was a gamble, but hoped the decision would give Psion a much higher market penetration and a quantum leap in the number of organisations on the market for the company to supply with new products and applications.

Yesterday's figures confirmed a remarkable recovery at Psion since recession and the high cost of new product development sent the company £2m into the red in 1991. Last year, after a 48 per cent leap in sales from £61.3m to £90.6m, pre-tax profits jumped 78 per cent to

£11.7m (£6.55m). Stripping out a one-off profit in 1994 from the sale of an investment, underlying profits actually doubled. The driving force behind the profits improvement was strong growth in the Series 3 personal organiser, the descendant, with a thousand times more computing power, of the original electronic diary and address books sported by the yuppies of 10 years ago. As well as dominating the UK market, Psion has at last made real inroads into the competitive US market, where in the late 1980s the company was out-invested by its main rivals, Sharp and Hewlett Packard.

Psion's inability to compete with its giant competitors, who lost money heavily in the early years of their attack on the US market, ranked with Mr Potter, a vocal supporter of British manufacturing, the believed innovative companies like Psion were given too little support by City investors, who focused on short-term returns.

Confirming that long-term view, Psion substantially increased its research and development effort in 1995, increasing the number of employees in that area by 71 per cent. The proportion of sales de-



Electronic surge: Psion's share price has recently soared along with the computing power of its personal organiser

voted to generating new products increased from 4.4 per cent to 6.2 per cent. Capital expenditure also soared, with Psion's manufacturing plant at Greenford, Middlesex, increasing by 50 per cent.

Organisers generate about two-thirds of Psion's sales, but there was also strong growth

from its industrial products, hand-held computers used by a wide range of users from engineers repairing pinball machines to airline ground crew verifying that a jet's fuel tanks are as full as the cockpit dials suggest.

Sales of credit card-sized modems doubled during the year as Psion cashed in on the

increasing demands from corporate users for "connectivity", the ability for executives on the move to link up with computer networks at head office.

Psion's shares jumped 60p to 1,015p yesterday as the market warmed to the figures and a bullish message from the company on the first two months trading

of 1996. After a roller-coaster ride on the stock market since flotation in 1988, the shares suddenly took off a year ago, when they were trading at less than 300p. They have risen almost without pause ever since. A two-for-one scrip issue is planned to reduce the now-heavy price.

Lucas will seek GEC payback

RUSSELL HOTTEN

Lucas Industries will seek compensation from GEC over George Simpson's move to replace Lord Weinstock as managing director.

As speculation began that John Grant, the Lucas finance director, was a possible replacement for Mr Simpson, the company was yesterday trying to put a brave face on the departure of its chief executive.

Sir Brian Pearce, chairman, said the Lucas lawyers were working out exactly what they might claim from GEC. "I have never been in this sort of situation before," Sir Brian said.

Mr Simpson's contract runs until March 1997, though he is expected to leave well before that date as Lucas is keen to ease the uncertainty that has dogged the company for months.

Any claim would involve GEC having to buy out the remainder of Mr Simpson's contract, and include the cost of finding a successor. Sir Brian said the bill was likely to run into "tens of thousands" of pounds.

He hoped that a replacement might be found by the autumn.

Mr Simpson, speaking after announcing a 38 per cent rise in profits to £81.6m, said he had mixed feelings about leaving and accepted there was still much to do at the company. "There is still a long way to go

because Lucas is competing in a very tough and competitive environment. But Lucas is in much better shape than it was a year ago," he said.

Sir Brian pointedly emphasised that Lucas would be considering internal, as well as external, candidates, and analysts identified Mr Grant as a frontrunner.

Mr Simpson said he did not believe a bid for the company was a possibility, but analysts said Lucas remained a takeover target as the worldwide consolidation of automotive component makers gathers pace.

Sir Brian repeated that the aerospace division was not for sale, despite Lucas sources having told the *Independent* that a management buy-out had once been considered. He said the division, which would improve as the market picked up, would act as a counter to the expected decline in the growth of the car market, Sir Brian said.

The collapse of Fordster would have only a minor impact. "We are a small creditor," he said.

Lucas has ruled out buying Carlo de Benedetti's 28 per cent stake in Valeo, the French car components group. But Mr Simpson conceded that Lucas would have to make another major acquisition to become a leading player in the global automotive market.

Investment Column, page 20.

Claremont axes 10% of staff on a day of redundancies

NIGEL COPE

More than 800 redundancies were announced yesterday as three companies unveiled big shake-ups. Marks & Spencer supplier Claremont Garments is cutting more than 300 jobs equivalent to almost 10 per cent of its workforce – after a poor year during which sales were affected by the hot summer and weak consumer confidence.

The radiator-maker Barlo is axing 180 jobs after difficult trading conditions in the UK and Continental Europe affected profits.

Elsewhere, the chemicals company Albright & Wilson has announced 80 redundancies. The jobs will go in the group's Birmingham head office and specialist chemicals business, where profits have fallen. The company is making a provision

of £5m to cover the cost of the redundancies.

The redundancies come just two days after Manpower, the employment agency, warned that the outlook for jobs growth in the next three months was the worst for more than three years. The agency also predicted that the problems in the jobs market and an increase in the spread of temporary and part-time work would unsettle the

Government's hopes of a consumer-led revival in the economy later this year.

Claremont Garments, which supplies lingerie and outerwear to M&S, is undertaking a "fundamental review of its operations" after announcing a 10 per cent fall in profits to £14.5m yesterday. The slump was due to a fall in sales in the second half of the year, when trading was affected first by the hot summer

and then the mild autumn. A pick-up in sales in November and December failed to make up the lost ground. The company's margins were affected as it cut prices in an effort to stimulate sales.

Claremont, which supplies more than 90 per cent of its garments to M&S and keeps most of its manufacturing in Britain, is now considering the future of some of its 30 sites, with some closures a possibility. The chairman, Peter Wiegand, said: "We have to concentrate on our most efficient centres." The re-structuring will cost £6m, which will be charged against this year's profits.

The company added that while it remains committed to UK manufacturing, it will shortly sign a joint venture to take a 55 per cent stake in a Moroccan company that makes children's dresswear. The company al-

ready manufactures in Romania, China and Lithuania but says it expects overseas production to account for no more than 15 per cent of sales.

Claremont's order book for this year is up on 1995, with ladies' sports, dresses and lingerie particularly strong. However, margin pressures are continuing. The shares, which stood at more than 330p last year, fell 1p to 342p.

IN BRIEF

• French and Swedish interest rates edged down yesterday, signalling the likelihood of further reductions in key official rates in both countries. France's rate for call money, a short-term money market rate, fell by a sixteenth of a point to a range of 4 per cent plus or minus a sixteenth. The Bank of France meets tomorrow to discuss a change in official rates. Sweden's Riksbank cut its repo rate by a quarter-point and signalled further reductions in key lending rates.

• Rexam, the paper and packaging group, warned that profits would dip in the first half of 1996, but said it expected a pick-up later in the year. Dramatic volatility in raw materials prices cut pre-tax profits by 30 per cent to £185m, before exceptional losses, last year, as forecast by the company in November. The company said plastics prices were now beginning to stabilise, while the cost of paper is falling somewhat and there was less destocking in the trade. The company's final dividend, pegged at 8p, raises the total from 13.8p to 14.1p.

• Cheltenham & Gloucester, one of the UK's most aggressive mortgage lenders, is cutting the base home loan rate for new borrowers to 6.95 per cent. The rate for existing borrowers, under the terms of its price promise to undercut the country's biggest building societies, should come down to 6.95 per cent on 1 June. C&G used the occasion to take a swipe at the mutual, saying its cut "puts paid to the argument that the most competitive rates can be offered only by building societies – that's just wishful thinking by the mutual diehards".

• Norwich Union, the insurance group which is likely to demutualise and float on the Stock Exchange, yesterday reported a small drop in its 1995 world-wide gross premium income to £4.7bn. The UK insurance operation held underwriting profits almost stable at £103m, despite £38m of subsidence and severe weather claims. Norwich Union's pension annuity sales leapt 73 per cent to £541m.

• Abtrust, the fund management group, is hoping to raise around £20m from the launch of the Taverners Trust, an investment trust specialising in the brewing and pub trades. The fund's philosophy will echo that of the Whitbread Investment Company, bought out by Whitbread in 1993, but will concentrate on institutional investors and a wider slice of the drinks sector. Billy Whitbread, investors and a wider slice of the drinks sector. Billy Whitbread, formerly investment manager for WIC, is to act as consultant to the new trust. It will be second time lucky for him and brokers Greig Middleton, who failed to launch a similar vehicle in 1994.

MTV combats local challenge

MATHEW HORSMAN
Media Editor

MTV, the music video channel, is to introduce three separate strands of European programmes in a multi-million-dollar expansion.

These new strands – made possible by investment in digital compression – will allow MTV to regionalise its programming and advertising to suit local consumer demand.

The plan is part of efforts by Viacom, MTV's parent company, to combat growing competition in local markets around the world. Similar regionalisation is planned in South America and Asia.

"We've been plotting this for many months," Bill Roedy, chief executive of MTV Networks, the international arm of MTV, said. "It constitutes a major investment in programming, technology and organisation."

In its new format, the company will operate regional centres in Hamburg and Milan, in addition to its European headquarters in London. Playlists of videos will be decided locally, and regional programming will be produced outside London for the first time.

"This will bring us closer to our audiences," Mr Roedy said. The plan will be introduced for music on 1 May, and extended to other programming, including magazine formats, by next autumn.

The change in focus has been forced by growing competition in local markets, where MTV clones have pinched business from the US network. Advertisers in particular have been demanding greater flexibility to mount national and regional campaigns, which a single-strand MTV could not accommodate.

The use of local-language presenters has been one advantage of MTV's competitors in such countries as Germany. But MTV does not intend to change its all-English format, claiming that it serves too many European countries – 37 currently – to introduce local-language broadcasts. Advertising, however, will often be in local languages.

The London headquarters will act as a network centre producing programmes for all three strands. Mr Roedy also hopes to see a "rainbow" of programming from the regional centres on air in Britain.

Acquisitions lift Singer's profits

JOHN EISENHAMMER
Financial Editor

Acquisitions helped power a 55 per cent jump in pre-tax profits at Singer & Friedlander, and the merchant bank yesterday held out the prospect of further purchases. The inclusion for the first time of the Swedish stockbroker, Carnegie, contributed over £14m of pre-tax profits to S&F's 1995 total of £38m. Anthony Solomons, chairman, said the company would continue to search for further opportunities.

But S&F pointed out the continuing difficulties of the mobile phone market, saying that sales since the beginning of the year at People's Phone, in which it has a 30 per cent stake, have been disappointing. The phone company had earlier been forced to postpone a planned flotation on the stock market because of the weak numbers.

Although Peoples Phone contributed nearly £4m in consolidated pre-tax profits to S&F last year, the bank warned that in 1996 there could well be a loss because of accounting changes and high promotional expenditure over the Christmas pe-

riod. Instead of writing off the costs of new phone subscribers over a period of three years, S&F is to switch to writing off the costs as they are incurred.

S&F said this met changes in accounting standards and would be more in line with the practice of quoted companies which would be required at flotation. "The consequences of this change are that profits for 1995/96 are likely to be negligible or eliminated completely, although the medium-term effect is expected to be neutral, and thus not affect the value of the business," Mr Solomons said.

Earnings per share including exceptional items rose 29 per cent to 12.33p, and the final dividend was raised by 14 per cent to 4p. The group also benefited from the expansion of funds under management to nearly £4bn, helped in particular by the acquisition of Knight Williams' client funds of £400m.

An earlier S&F purchase, the stockbroker Collins Stewart, enjoyed another outstandingly successful year, according to Mr Solomons.

Singer & Friedlander's shares yesterday closed unchanged at 105p.

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Application has been made to the London Stock Exchange for the ordinary shares and warrants of the Company, issued and to be issued, to be admitted to the Official List of the London Stock Exchange. Dealings are expected to commence in units represented by allotment letters comprising five ordinary shares and one warrant on 4th April 1996 and in the ordinary shares and warrants separately on 15th May 1996.

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20th March 1996

business

THE INVESTMENT COLUMN

Edited by TOM STEVENSON

Hopes grow that 'Simpson effect' will linger at Lucas

Lucas Industries' shareholders would be forgiven for feeling slightly short-changed. Yesterday's results revealed the improvements being made at the car parts and aerospace group – although there is also still lots to do.

But now the architect of recent changes, George Simpson, is leaving with the job half-finished. A cloud has hung over Lucas's shares for months as rumours of Mr Simpson's move to GEC gathered steam, and the uncertainty will continue until a replacement is found.

But the reasons for the 38 per cent jump in interim profits, and evidence that recession in the aerospace industry is over, give hope that the improvements will continue beyond Mr Simpson's departure.

Lucas's trading in the first six months was not without problems, however. Group profits of £61.6m, against £44.5m, were struck despite a downturn in the key automotive markets, particularly France where output by car makers fell 11 per cent.

Even so, the automotive division, accounting for 80 per cent of sales, saw turnover rise from £1bn to

£1.2bn, with profits up £8.3m to £65.3m, helped by an increased contribution from Lake Center Industries, the US operation bought at the end of 1994.

Of the four automotive operations, only the diesel business suffered a fall in sales, thanks in large part to sharply reduced demand in the US heavy truck market. But with European and US vehicle sales showing modest growth in the first two months of 1996, any further fall in truck sales should be offset.

Although Lucas showed signs of getting to grips with the aerospace business, divisional profits up from £9m to only £13m were disappointing. But as airlines return to profitability and place more orders with airframe makers, the future looks more rosy. Certainly the aerospace division will counter any further slowdown in automotive growth.

Profit forecasts for the full year are being held at around £180m, with 12.5p of earnings and a 7p dividend. With the shares up 7p to 199p, Lucas trades on a price/earnings ratio of 16 – an expensive 13 per cent premium to the rest of the market.

While yesterday's figures were the first good set of Lucas results for a long time, that is high enough until a successor is found.

Reported pre-tax profits, which rose from £46.1m to £61.6m in the 12 months to December, were distorted by restructuring and rationalisation costs. The more modest underlying rise of 2.4 per cent was none the less a good result, given that soaring raw materials prices sent costs up £43m last year.

The ability to weather this storm derives in large measure from

Albright's leading world position in purified wet phosphoric acid, used in a range of products from lemonade to detergent. That strength helped to maintain margins in the core phosphates business at above 15 per cent, although much of the profit increase from £44.6m to £50.8m came from a first-time contribution of £4.5m from the Mexican business acquired at the end of 1994.

Management changes and loss elimination helped surfactants, particularly hard hit by raw materials prices, push second-half profits to £6.2m from the £1.8m recorded in the first six months of the year. The aim over the next 18 months is to double or triple current margins of between 3 and 4 per cent.

It is, however, setting most store by the speciality chemicals operation, despite a profits slippage to £12.7m last year. Based on underlying margins of 15 per cent, the target of producing a fifth of sales from new products could raise the speciality contribution to above £20m by 1998.

With phosphates capacity set to increase by a fifth next year, there is

plenty of potential at Albright. A forward p/e of 12, assuming profits hit £67m this year, suggests the shares are still reasonable value, even after yesterday's 16p rise to 187p.

Dorling books another rise

The relentless growth of the multimedia company Dorling Kindersley is almost boring, but having seen their shares grow two and a half times since flotation in 1992 investors won't be complaining. Yesterday's leap in interim pre-tax profits to just over £8m (£5.3m) continued the good news.

Fuelled by its enviable success in the fast-expanding multimedia sector, which now accounts for 12 per cent of sales, and by its growing presence in the all-important US market, the company is on its way to another record year.

Can the trend be sustained? It certainly appears so, judging by the sales of its new CD-Rom titles, its expanding foreign-language editions and its early dabbling on the Inter-

net. The City expects profits to rise by at least 20 per cent year-on-year in 1996 and 1997. Margins are still healthy, despite growing competition in the CD-Rom market, while the appetite of American consumers, who account for a third of DK's sales, looks nearly insatiable.

The keys to the company's strategy have been quality (lavishly illustrated books, imaginative interactive CD-Roms) and marketing. Fears that the departure of Microsoft as a strategic investor late last year would slow things down have yet to be realised.

DK has also been careful to build its library of titles, and to be prepared to adapt them to any successful distribution platform.

There is no other company quite like it in the UK, and the traditional methods of valuation aren't much use. The shares now trade at a healthy multiple of 36 times forecast earnings in the year to June 1996, on an average estimate of £16m (13.8p a share). No other media company promises such impressive earnings growth, but at that price there is little room for error.

Lucas Industries at a glance

Market value: £1.7bn, share price 199p

Five-year record	1993	1994	1995	1996	1995
Turnover (£bn)	2,439	2,487	2,796	1,469	1,350
Pre-tax profits (£2m)	49.5	-129.7	30.4	61.6	44.5
Earnings per share (pence)	3.2	-22.3	-3.8	3.9	2.9
Dividends per share (pence)	7	7	7	2.1	2.1



1

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CITY DIARY

John Willcock

Pee-break ruling relieves workers



A Frenchman's right: A judge has ruled that freedom to go to the lavatory cannot be restricted by employers.

A French judge ruled on Monday that workers may go for a pee without needing their employer's permission. "The right to go to the lavatory cannot be subject to authorisation by someone else," the head of the industrial tribunal at Quimperle, North-west France, said in a landmark ruling to end the months-long "pee-break" dispute.

The Lucien Bigard slaughterhouse last year decreed five-minute breaks three times a day for 250 meat packers. The outraged workers downed tools for three days in August. The factory owner partly backed down but insisted that workers had to get a replacement before going to the toilet.

The workers took the matter to court. The judge ruled workers could be asked to tell their supervisors when they needed to go but their "freedom to go to the toilet" could not be restricted by obliging them to get a replacement. What a relief.

Cheltenham races last week turned sour for the private client stockbrokers Astaire & Partners when their party was told to "... off" by a group of "yobs and oiks" booked under "Blue Circle Group". Blue Circle Industries said yesterday that it does not use the term "Group", and that it had no knowledge of any of its people visiting the races, or of the unsavoury incident.

Steven Astaire, clearly still angry, described yesterday how his party had arrived at a restaurant overlooking the course, only to find its table occupied. The eight occupiers acknowledged that they had booked a different table, but said they were happy where they were and weren't going

to move. A brisk altercation ensued.

The waitress, her supervisor and the manager were all unable to shift them, said Mr Astaire. "It was sheer yobish behaviour by a bunch of oiks," he said.

Can anyone clear up the mystery of who they were?

So George Simpson is leaving the Lucas chief executive's chair to take over at GEC. When Lucas chairman Sir Brian Pearce was asked yesterday whether GEC would be paying a transfer fee, the jovial former banker indicated they would. "Gazza went to Rangers for £4m and he's not even an accountant."

Lucas wants GEC to buy out Simpson's remaining, three-year contract, which runs out in March 1997. The cost is likely to be in the tens of thousands. Simpson himself dropped a blooper, telling journalists: "When I go to GKN..." He slapped his head and hurriedly added "That was the last offer." Oh to be loved.

Today Rob Andrew, the former England rugby player and ex-property agent, attempts to beat the world record for a place kick at the 1996 Property Awards. Yesterday Ernie Cooper rang us up to remind us that he holds the world record – for a goal during an actual game.

According to the Guinness Book of Records, he kicked an 81-yard goal in 1944 as a 17-year-old while captaining Bridlington School against an Army XV.

Now a representative for Sun Life in Hull, Ernie puts it all down to "a good follow through. That's what gets you the distance."

COMPANY RESULTS

	Turnover £	Pre-tax £	EPS	Dividend
Albright & Wilson (F)	703.2m (541.8m)	55.0m (44.4m)	12.3p (10.3p)	4.35p
Antagasta (Mg)	178.3m (50.5m)	78.2m (38.3m)	35.3p (21.2p)	8.5p (8.0p)
Argent Group (F)	-	13.93m (2.7m)	13.0p (5.3p)	-
Charmant (Gm)	172.9m (158.6m)	12.8m (15.0m)	18.1p (20.7p)	6.65p (8.0p)
Clyde Petroleum (F)	140.8m (116.6m)	27.1m (13.8m)	6.4p (3.0p)	1.15p (1.0p)
Dunsmuir (F)	74.1m (51.2m)	10.7m (11.2m)	23.1p (24.2p)	6.0p (5.5p)
D Kindersley (F)	80.49m (60.5m)	8.1m (5.2m)	7.2p (5.1p)	1.5p (1.3p)
Grifone Group (F)	480.8 (41.9m)	13.3m (18.8m)	10.3p (6.7p)	5.7p
Lucas (F)	1,400m (1,290m)	61.6m (44.6m)	3.9p (2.9p)	2.1p (2.1p)
Makara (F)	80.5m (82.0m)	10.3m (8.2m)	6.70p (5.20p)	4.1p (3.04p)
Melton (Hd)	46.61m (41.5m)	11.5m (8.7m)	16.3p (12.0p)	7.8p (8.0p)
Petroleum (Zm)	175.82m (139.9m)	13.19m (11.2m)	16.0p (14.7p)	2.8p (2.85p)
Pink (F)	143.7m (122m)	12.1m (9.8m)	6.0p (5.3p)	3.4p (2.4p)
Polar (F)	80.5m (81.2m)	11.65m (8.54m)	32.3p (18.5p)	5.0p (3.0p)
Rexham (F)	2.45m (2.21m)	180m (220m)	24.9p (30.7p)	14.1p (13.0p)
Shogor & Pritchard (F)	-	38.9m (26.0m)	12.83p (8.77p)	4.0p (3.50p)

business

Supermodels claw riches from beyond the catwalk

Sindy-style dolls of fashion's big names look set to be a lucrative business. Hugh Sebag-Montefiore reports

Alan Hassenfeld, the chairman of Hasbro Inc, was playing tennis with film producer Jean-Yves Lefeur when Mr Lefeur asked whether Hasbro would be interested in making a doll which looked like his supermodel girlfriend, Karen Mulder.

Shortly after the game Mr Hassenfeld contacted Mr Lefeur and told him that Hasbro wanted to follow up the supermodel doll idea. They subsequently agreed that three Sindy dolls should be manufactured that would be modelled on Claudia Schiffer and Naomi Campbell as well as on Karen Mulder. Mr Hassenfeld wanted to see them in person, so they could compete with Barbie dolls for the affections of doll-mad schoolgirls.

Yesterday Hasbro's supermodel dolls were unveiled in Paris for the first time, although because of production problems they will only appear in the shops this summer. The supermodels themselves will be entitled to pick up a royalty of at least 5 per cent of the wholesale price for each sale.

It is all a long way from the catwalk where Claudia, Naomi and Karen first made their names. But the doll symbolises the way the modelling industry is rapidly diversifying away from traditional lines in order to exploit the supermodels' growing notoriety.

Modelling is already big busi-

ness, particularly for the supermodels' agents, who take up to 40 per cent of each dollar earned by their models.

Elite Model Management and Ford Models, the world's largest agencies, are private companies that do not disclose their accounts, but industry experts estimate that they together turn over about \$150m each year, representing between one-third and half of the entire industry.

That does not mean that their positions are impregnable. Far from it. Ever since supermodels became household names, the conventional model agencies have become increasingly vulnerable to—and touchy about—the cutthroat competition that is closing in on them from all sides.

The models want the agents to take less commission, the leading fashion houses are trying to reduce what they pay top models for appearing on the catwalk, and rival agencies are trying to entice away the larger agents' highest-earning assets, the supermodels.

New income streams from licensing and endorsements and from publishing and television contracts are like manna from heaven for the cash-strapped agents, who will do anything to improve their flagging margins.

Last week, when I talked to Katie Ford, the Harvard Business School graduate who is currently



The doll's house: Supermodels being transferred to plastic (from left), Claudia Schiffer, Naomi Campbell and Karen Mulder. Photographs: Shendun Morley

running Ford Models, she initially refused to be interviewed about why she has lost so many models.

But when I asked if I had something to do with the successful diversification strategy being pursued by Mark McCormack's IMG modelling agency, she immediately launched into a withering attack on the agency which has lured 10 models away from Ford.

The defecting models include stars such as Lauren Hutton, Ralph Lauren girl Bridget Hall, Alamy girl Vanda, Patricia Velázquez and Elaine Irwin. So far

only Ms Velázquez and Ms Irwin have returned to Ford.

Ms Ford criticised IMG, saying it had failed to find exclusive cosmetics and fashion contracts for the top models it had lured, and she claimed that IMG was boasting excessively about its endorsements and licensing capabilities.

"They are very strong when it comes to pitching to our models, but so far they have not delivered what we have promised. They may have obtained a sunglasses licensing deal for Lauren Hutton,

but we've done just as many licensing and endorsement deals for our models. For example, Christie Brinkley has had a sunglasses and a jewellery deal, and Veronica Webb has had a contract for Conway Strokes [the clothing chain based in the US]. I'm in the process of negotiating ownership licensing deals where our models will end up with equity in the licensee. Don't let IMG tell you that they are the only ones who are proactive. We are proactive too. We don't just wait for the market to come to us."

In spite of all this criticism, Mr McCormack's IMG Models backed as it is by the \$1bn-per-year IMG group, is in theory at least, better equipped than any other agency to dominate the industry as it changes.

"No one else is totally global," Mr McCormack says. "It is not easy for the other agencies to challenge us. We have 70 offices in 29 countries, which is very expensive. They are manned by experts in merchandising, publishing, licensing and sales and marketing." Licensing alone

earns IMG's celebrities royalties in excess of \$120m per year. Mr McCormack also has a television production company and an events division that is trying to set up a series of a mobile catwalk tours and IMG is trying to sell the exclusive right to film the catwalk shows to television companies.

Chuck Bennett, the head of IMG's modelling division, believes that Ms Ford's comments on IMG are misconceived. "The last time I looked, Ford did not have a staff of 28 full-time licensing special-

ists around the world—as we do—to generate opportunities for their clients. It is true that we have so far only completed one licensing deal for our models apart from the more common-place calendar deals. However, you should not judge our success in licensing by the number of deals we have done.

Mr Bennett said there were many reasons why his models have turned down licenses. "Two years ago one of our stars refused Matel's request to lend her name to a supermodel doll because she needed to consolidate her position in the fashion industry first. On other occasions, I have advised our models not to license their names because I felt they would obtain more income if we were able to develop their images first by setting up endorsement deals for them. Licensing is not just something to add on as soon as she becomes well known."

That explains why IMG is currently specialising in setting up a string of endorsement contracts for its top models. Stephanie Seymour has recently endorsed Diet Coke on a television commercial and Tyra Banks has done the same for Nike Shoes.

"You will only be able to tell whether we are the best licensing company for models in five years time," Mr Bennett said. "For the moment, we have to rely on our models having confidence in our ability to maximise their income through licensing programmes when the time is right because they know our track record with other celebrities."

Foreign Exchange Rates

Country	Spot	1 month	3 months	D-Mark	Spot	1 month	3 months
US	1.5232	9.7	25.22	1000	1.488	2.0	0.674
Canada	2.0831	17.4	41.38	1000	1.556	2.0	0.674
Germany	2.2816	55.48	155.45	1000	1.4782	27.26	77.74
France	7.7333	138.18	382.331	1000	50.470	50.470	3.489
Japan	288.75	74.89	217.491	1000	58.65	170.182	105.53
Italy	282.30	77.73	227.420	1000	48.47	132.190	72.784
Spain	1.2206	7.8	21.45	1000	1.2554	7.8	0.5336
Belgium	46.473	12.9	34.29	1000	50.47	135.145	205.480
Denmark	8.7369	145.102	407.318	1000	57.40	170.182	3.826
Netherlands	2.5315	64.55	166.73	1000	32.48	93.68	1192
Ireland	0.8707	10.4	23.18	1000	1.5785	3.6	7.12
Norway	8.8425	127.75	350.553	1000	50.25	135.45	3.374
Sweden	9.1205	175.10	510.13	1000	54.18	154.38	4.0072
Switzerland	1.2821	68.40	188.88	1000	37.34	101.104	0.8069
Australia	1.1785	10.40	23.18	1000	1.2912	24.24	0.8796
Hong Kong	1.0447	35.48	99.102	1000	2.12	5.35	3.2374
Malaysia	3.8986	0.62	1.64	1000	0.0	0.0	2.7227
New Zealand	2.2458	41.65	116.55	1000	30.32	88.90	0.8958
Saudi Arabia	5.7467	0.0	0.0	1000	3.7055	2.7	9.14
Singapore	2.5564	0.0	0.0	1000	1.4073	41.30	103.83

Other Spot Rates

Country	Spot	Dollar	Country	Spot	Dollar
Argentina	1.5324	0.9999	Nigeria	50.271	85.0000
Australia	1.5067	1.0383	Oman	0.9801	0.3850
Brazil	1.5127	0.9870	Pakistan	52.8255	34.4855
China	2.2772	0.4598	Philippines	40.548	26.2000
India	5.2205	3.4405	Poland	223.529	22.8350
Indonesia	7.0772	4.6778	Romania	5.5792	56.420
Greece	2.7145	1.5000	Russia	74.077	4.8550
South Africa	3.8986	2.4180	South Africa	60.231	3.9300
India	5.2205	3.4405	UAE	4.8981	22.750
UAE	0.4527	0.0	UAE	0.5297	5.5733

Forward rates quoted high to low are at a discount; subject from spot rates add to spot rates.
*Dollar rates quoted as in premium.
†For the latest foreign exchange rates call 0800 128 3033.
Cells cost 30p per minute (rates may vary).

Interest Rates

UK	6.00%	Germany	5.00%	US	8.75%	Japan	5.00%
Base	Discount	Discount	5.00%	Prime	Discount	Discount	5.00%
Intervention	3.00%	Canada	5.00%	Discount	5.00%	Fed Funds	5.25%
Italy	Discount	Prime	7.00%	Spain	Spain	Spain	Central
Netherlands	Discount	Discount	5.50%	10 Day Repo	8.05%	Switzerland	1.50%
Adventures	3.00%	Denmark	Discount	3.75%	Sweden	Discount	4.25%

Bond Yields

Country	Yr	Yld	10yr	Yld	Country	Yr	Yld	10yr	Yld
UK	6.00%	7.44	8.1%	8.3%	Netherlands	8%	5.3%	6%	5.3%
US	8.75%	9.24	9.3%	9.4%	Spain	37.94	9.43	12.5%	10.24
France	6.4%	1.91	3.1%	3.1%	Italy	10.1%	12.3%	10.1%	10.77
Australia	6.4%	8.52	10.0%	8.8%	Belgium	7.74%	6.8%	6.1%	6.8%
Germany	5.1%	5.31	6%	6.54	Sweden	1.1%	8.1%	0%	8.20
Japan	5.0%	5.8%	7.1%	6.8%	EU CAT	9.1%	6.4%	7.1%	7.30

Money Market Rates

Country	Yr	Yld	1 Month	3	6 Months	1 Year
UK	6.00%	7.44	8.1%	8.3%	8.1%	8.1%
US	8.75%	9.24	9.3%	9.4%	9.4%	9.4%
France	6.4%	1.91	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%
Australia	6.4%	8.52	10.0%	8.8%	8.8%	8.8%
Germany	5.1%	5.31	6%	6.54	6.54	6.54
Japan	5.0%	5.8%	7.1%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%

Tourist Rates

Country	Yr	Yld	Country	Yr	Yld
Australia	1.5067	1.0383	France	7.7333	138.18
Canada	2.0831	17.4	Germany	2.2816	55.48
China	2.2772	0.4598	Italy	282.30	77.73
India	5.2205	3.4405	Japan	288.75	74.89
Indonesia	7.0772	4.6778	Netherlands	2.5315	64.55
Greece	2.7145	1.5000	Spain	1.2206	7.8
South Africa	3.8986	2.4180	Sweden	9.1205	175.10
India	5.2205	3.4405	Switzerland	1.2821	68.40
UAE	0.4527	0.0	Australia	1.1785	10.40

Liffe Financial Futures

Contract	Settlement	High/Low	Open	Settlement	High/Low	Open
Long Feb	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
German Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
US Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00

Liffe FT-SE Index Options

Series	Settlement	High/Low	Open	Settlement	High/Low	Open
Long Feb	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
German Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
US Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00

Commodity Indices

Index	Settlement	High/Low	Open	Settlement	High/Low	Open
Long Feb	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
German Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
US Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00

Industrial Metals

Commodity	Settlement	High/Low	Open	Settlement	High/Low	Open
Long Feb	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
German Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
US Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00

Precious Metals

Commodity	Settlement	High/Low	Open	Settlement	High/Low	Open
Long Feb	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
German Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
US Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00

Agricultural

Commodity	Settlement	High/Low	Open	Settlement	High/Low	Open
Long Feb	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
German Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
US Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00

Other Softs

Commodity	Settlement	High/Low	Open	Settlement	High/Low	Open
Long Feb	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
German Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
US Bond	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00
3M Euro	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00	125.00	124.00-125.00	124.00

Latest Unit Trust Prices

Stock	Sell	Buy	Yld	Stock	Sell	Buy	Yld	Stock	Sell	Buy	Yld	Stock	Sell	Buy	Yld
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Managed Fund	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22	Stock	1.5232	9.7	25.22
USA Equity & Low Unit Trust Managers	1.5232	9.7	2												

market report/shares

Athlete

DATA BANK

FT-SE 100
3,693.0 +23.4

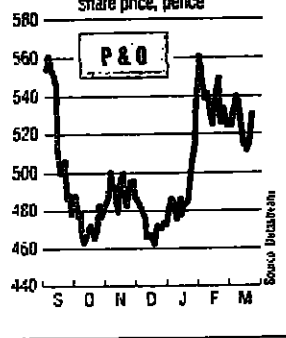
FT-SE 250
4,274.2 +29.7

FT-SE 350
1,856.2 +12.0

SEAQ VOLUME
884.2m shares,
41,645 bargains

Gifts Index
92.09 -0.13

SHARE SPOTLIGHT



P&O rides higher on rumours of ballast-dumping

P&O, the building and shipping group, led a convoy of blue chips higher as the stock market latched on to stories that a big disposal was likely to accompany next week's figures. Although it failed to hold its best level the FT-SE 100 index gained 23.4 points to 3,693, encouraged by another record-breaking display in New York and the continuing flow of better-than-expected company results.

Since hitting 634.5p in June P&O, which still clings to the more luxurious title of Peninsular & Oriental Steam Navigation Co., has lagged behind the market, only stirring when stories of break-up bids went the rounds.

In September P&O produced little-changed interim profits and the year's figures are expected to come in at £305m, down from £341.4m. There has been considerable disenchantment with its re-



MARKET REPORT

DEREK PAIN

Stock market reporter of the year

shaded to 193p. Shares with US connections moved ahead. British Petroleum, helped along by a misjudged order, gushed 15p to 574.5p; Tomkins added 4p to 256p.

Guinness dipped 8p to 461p as Credit Lyonnais Laing turned negative ahead of tomorrow's results. BAT Industries, in heavy trading, shaded to 187p as worries of US litigation continued to overshadow the shares. But T&N, where there was talk of positive insurance developments on the asbestos-related front, gained 6p to 170p.

Frost, the petrol retailer being squeezed in the battle of the forecourts, fell 9p to 110p.

Figures are due today: the shares were 269p last year. Austin Reed, the clothing retailer, enjoyed speculative attention, up 9p to 217p. Burton, up 1.5p to 143.5p, remains the favourite to pounce.

Unitech, awaiting Siebe's pleasure, fell 10p to 678p; Eurodisc Electron, where a 42 per cent stake is up for grabs, rose 5p to 300p.

Primary Health arrived on AIM at 100p, moving to 103p. The company, which raised £15.5m, buys surgeries and medical centres and leases them to GPs.

Eidos, up 72p to 810p, has landed a licensing deal with the US software giant Oracle to in-

corporate its video technology in a range of products.

Maid rose 4p to 196p. It has 15 per cent of Easyjet, an internet service provider, due to arrive on AIM on Friday.

Results lifted Rexam, the packaging and paper group, 15p to 375p; SBC Warburg suggested that the shares should be sold down to 332p when the group would lose its Footsie membership. Albright & Wilson, the chemicals group, gained 14p to 185p on figures.

James Fisher, a ship-owner, jumped 25p to 130p on a 133 per cent profit advance and doubled dividend; Psion, the hand-held computer maker, gained 60p to 1,015p on a 77.9 per cent profit advance.

Kingsbury, a furniture retailer which came to market at 100p last summer, gained 34p to 223p. It has swung from a £930,000 loss to £3.2m profit.

The dividend is up 50 per cent. The day's profit warning came from Dawson, the transport group, off 41p to 205p.

Farnell, the electronics group which, after a controversial shareholders' confrontation, won the go-ahead for the £1.85bn takeover of a US group, was little changed at 630p. Unofficial trading is expected to start today in the convertible loan stock issued in connection with the deal. Barclays de Zoete Wedd and Salomon Brothers will market-make.

Instem, the information systems group, was little changed at 173p. It is likely to switch from the doomed unlisted securities market to AIM, a route expected to be adopted by other USM companies. Around 38 per cent of the company is owned by Dobson Park, the mining equipment group taken over by Harnischfeger, a US group, last summer.

TAKING STOCK

Marine & Mercantile, seeking oil and gas in central and eastern Europe, arrives on AIM tomorrow. It has raised £6.75m selling shares at 135p. The company, which used to be traded on the disbanding 4.2 share market, is run by three former Ultramar executives.

Symonds Engineering gained 2p to 61p on talk that it was on the verge of a big acquisition that could prompt a suspension of its shares. The group is being revamped by the Midlands businessman Ron Ackrill. It shares have come up from 29p in the past year.

United Energy, the oil and gas group, is thought to be near to agreeing a settlement of the \$11m US legal claim. Figures for the company due next month, should show that the group's revival is gathering pace. The shares held at 13p.

1995/96	1994/95	1993/94	1992/93	1991/92	1990/91	1989/90	1988/89	1987/88	1986/87	1985/86	1984/85	1983/84	1982/83	1981/82	1980/81	1979/80	1978/79	1977/78	1976/77	1975/76	1974/75	1973/74	1972/73	1971/72	1970/71	1969/70	1968/69	1967/68	1966/67	1965/66	1964/65	1963/64	1962/63	1961/62	1960/61	1959/60	1958/59	1957/58	1956/57	1955/56	1954/55	1953/54	1952/53	1951/52	1950/51	1949/50	1948/49	1947/48	1946/47	1945/46	1944/45	1943/44	1942/43	1941/42	1940/41	1939/40	1938/39	1937/38	1936/37	1935/36	1934/35	1933/34	1932/33	1931/32	1930/31	1929/30	1928/29	1927/28	1926/27	1925/26	1924/25	1923/24	1922/23	1921/22	1920/21	1919/20	1918/19	1917/18	1916/17	1915/16	1914/15	1913/14	1912/13	1911/12	1910/11	1909/10	1908/09	1907/08	1906/07	1905/06	1904/05	1903/04	1902/03	1901/02	1900/01	1899/00	1898/99	1897/98	1896/97	1895/96	1894/95	1893/94	1892/93	1891/92	1890/91	1889/90	1888/89	1887/88	1886/87	1885/86	1884/85	1883/84	1882/83	1881/82	1880/81	1879/80	1878/79	1877/78	1876/77	1875/76	1874/75	1873/74	1872/73	1871/72	1870/71	1869/70	1868/69	1867/68	1866/67	1865/66	1864/65	1863/64	1862/63	1861/62	1860/61	1859/60	1858/59	1857/58	1856/57	1855/56	1854/55	1853/54	1852/53	1851/52	1850/51	1849/50	1848/49	1847/48	1846/47	1845/46	1844/45	1843/44	1842/43	1841/42	1840/41	1839/40	1838/39	1837/38	1836/37	1835/36	1834/35	1833/34	1832/33	1831/32	1830/31	1829/30	1828/29	1827/28	1826/27	1825/26	1824/25	1823/24	1822/23	1821/22	1820/21	1819/20	1818/19	1817/18	1816/17	1815/16	1814/15	1813/14	1812/13	1811/12	1810/11	1809/10	1808/09	1807/08	1806/07	1805/06	1804/05	1803/04	1802/03	1801/02	1800/01	1799/00	1798/99	1797/98	1796/97	1795/96	1794/95	1793/94	1792/93	1791/92	1790/91	1789/90	1788/89	1787/88	1786/87	1785/86	1784/85	1783/84	1782/83	1781/82	1780/81	1779/80	1778/79	1777/78	1776/77	1775/76	1774/75	1773/74	1772/73	1771/72	1770/71	1769/70	1768/69	1767/68	1766/67	1765/66	1764/65	1763/64	1762/63	1761/62	1760/61	1759/60	1758/59	1757/58	1756/57	1755/56	1754/55	1753/54	1752/53	1751/52	1750/51	1749/50	1748/49	1747/48	1746/47	1745/46	1744/45	1743/44	1742/43	1741/42	1740/41	1739/40	1738/39	1737/38	1736/37	1735/36	1734/35	1733/34	1732/33	1731/32	1730/31	1729/30	1728/29	1727/28	1726/27	1725/26	1724/25	1723/24	1722/23	1721/22	1720/21	1719/20	1718/19	1717/18	1716/17	1715/16	1714/15	1713/14	1712/13	1711/12	1710/11	1709/10	1708/09	1707/08	1706/07	1705/06	1704/05	1703/04	1702/03	1701/02	1700/01	1699/00	1698/99	1697/98	1696/97	1695/96	1694/95	1693/94	1692/93	1691/92	1690/91	1689/90	1688/89	1687/88	1686/87	1685/86	1684/85	1683/84	1682/83	1681/82	1680/81	1679/80	1678/79	1677/78	1676/77	1675/76	1674/75	1673/74	1672/73	1671/72	1670/71	1669/70	1668/69	1667/68	1666/67	1665/66	1664/65	1663/64	1662/63	1661/62	1660/61	1659/60	1658/59	1657/58	1656/57	1655/56	1654/55	1653/54	1652/53	1651/52	1650/51	1649/50	1648/49	1647/48	1646/47	1645/46	1644/45	1643/44	1642/43	1641/42	1640/41	1639/40	1638/39	1637/38	1636/37	1635/36	1634/35	1633/34	1632/33	1631/32	1630/31	1629/30	1628/29	1627/28	1626/27	1625/26	1624/25	1623/24	1622/23	1621/22	1620/21	1619/20	1618/19	1617/18	1616/17	1615/16	1614/15	1613/14	1612/13	1611/12	1610/11	1609/10	1608/09	1607/08	1606/07	1605/06	1604/05	1603/04	1602/03	1601/02	1600/01	1599/00	1598/99	1597/98	1596/97	1595/96	1594/95	1593/94	1592/93	1591/92	1590/91	1589/90	1588/89	1587/88	1586/87	1585/86	1584/85	1583/84	1582/83	1581/82	1580/81	1579/80	1578/79	1577/78	1576/77	1575/76	1574/75	1573/74	1572/73	1571/72	1570/71	1569/70	1568/69	1567/68	1566/67	1565/66	1564/65	1563/64	1562/63	1561/62	1560/61	1559/60	1558/59	1557/58	1556/57	1555/56	1554/55	1553/54	1552/53	1551/52	1550/51	1549/50	1548/49	1547/48	1546/47	1545/46	1544/45	1543/44	1542/43	1541/42	1540/41	1539/40	1538/39	1537/38	1536/37	1535/36	1534/35	1533/34	1532/33	1531/32	1530/31	1529/30	1528/29	1527/28	1526/27	1525/26	1524/25	1523/24	1522/23	1521/22	1520/21	1519/20	1518/19	1517/18	1516/17	1515/16	1514/15	1513/14	1512/13	1511/12	1510/11	1509/10	1508/09	1507/08	1506/07	1505/06	1504/05	1503/04	1502/03	1501/02	1500/01	1499/00	1498/99	1497/98	1496/97	1495/96	1494/95	1493/94	1492/93	1491/92	1490/91	1489/90	1488/89	1487/88	1486/87	1485/86	1484/85	1483/84	1482/83	1481/82	1480/81	1479/80	1478/79	1477/78	1476/77	1475/76	1474/75	1473/74	1472/73	1471/72	1470/71	1469/70	1468/69	1467/68	1466/67	1465/66	1464/65	1463/64	1462/63	1461/62	1460/61	1459/60	1458/59	1457/58	1456/57	1455/56	1454/55	1453/54	1452/53	1451/52	1450/51	1449/50	1448/49	1447/48	1446/47	1445/46	1444/45	1443/44	1442/43	1441/42	1440/41	1439/40	1438/39	1437/38	1436/37	1435/36	1434/35	1433/34	1432/33	1431/32	1430/31	1429/30	1428/29	1427/28	1426/27	1425/26	1424/25	1423/24	1422/23	1421/22	1420/21	1419/20	1418/19	1417/18	1416/17	1415/16	1414/15	1413/14	1412/13	1411/12	1410/11	1409/10	1408/09	1407/08	1406/07	1405/06	1404/05	1403/04	1402/03	1401/02	1400/01	1399/00	1398/99	1397/98	1396/97	1395/96	1394/95	1393/94	1392/93	1391/92	1390/91	1389/90	1388/89	1387/88	1386/87	1385/86	1384/85	1383/84	1382/83	1381/82	1380/81	1379/80	1378/79	1377/78	1376/77	1375/76	1374/75	1373/74	1372/73	1371/72	1370/71	1369/70	1368/69	1367/68	1366/67	1365/66	1364/65	1363/64	1362/63	1361/62	1360/61	1359/60	1358/59	1357/58	1356/57	1355/56	1354/55	1353/54	1352/53	1351/52	1350/51	1349/50	1348/49	1347/48	1346/47	1345/46	1344/45	1343/44	1342/43	1341/42	1340/41	1339/40	1338/39	1337/38	1336/37	1335/36	1334/35	1333/34	1332/33	1331/32	1330/31	1329/30	1328/29	1327/28	1326/27	1325/26	1324/25	1323/24	1322/23	1321/22	1320/21	1319/20	1318/19	1317/18	1316/17	1315/16	1314/15	1313/14	1312/13	1311/12	1310/11	1309/10	1308/09	1307/08	1306/07	1305/06	1304/05	1303/04	1302/03	1301/02	1300/01	1299/00	1298/99	1297/98	1296/97	1295/96	1294/95	1293/94	1292/93	1291/92	1290/91	1289/90	1288/89	1287/88	1286/87	1285/86	1284/85	1283/84	1282/83	1281/82	1280/81	1279/80	1278/79	1277/78	1276/77	1275/76	1274/75	1273/74	1272/73	1271/72	1270/71	1269/70	1268/69	1267/68	1266/67	1265/66	1264/65	1263/64	1262/63	1261/62	1260/61	1259/60	1258/59	1257/58	1256/57	1255/56	1254/55	1253/54	1252/53	1251/52	1250/51	1249/50	1248/49	1247/48	1246/47	1245/46	1244/45	1243/44	1242/43	1241/42	1240/41	1239/40	1238/39	1237/38	1236/37	1235/36	1234/35	1233/34	1232/33	1231/32	1230/31	1229/30	1228/29	1227/28	1226/27	1225/26	1224/25	1223/24	1222/23	1221/22	1220/21	1219/20	1218/19	1217/18	1216/17	1215/16	1214/15	1213/14	1212/13	1211/12	1210/11	1209/10	1208/09	1207/08	1206/07	1205/06	1204/05	1203/04	1202/03	1201/02	1200/01	1199/00	1198/99	1197/98	1196/97	1195/96	1194/95	1193/94	1192/93	1191/92	1190/91	1189/90	1188/89	1187/88	1186/87	1185/86	1184/85	1183/84	1182/83	1181/82	1180/81	1179/80	1178/79	1177/78	1176/77	1175/76	1174/75	1173/74	1172/73	1171/72	1170/71	1169/70	1168/69	1167/68	1166/67	1165/66	1164/65	1163/64	1162/63	1161/62	1160/61	1159/60	1158/59	1157/58	1156/57	1155/56	1154/55	1153/54	1152/53	1151/52	1150/51	1149/50	1148/49	1147/48	1146/47	1145/46	1144/45	1143/44	1142/43	1141/42	1140/41	1139/40	1138/39	1137/38	1136/37	1135/36	1134/35	1133/34	1132/33	1131/32	1130/31	1129/30	1128/29	1127/28	1126/27	1125/26	1124/25	1123/24	1122/23	1121/22	1120/21	1119/20	1118/19	1117/18	1116/17	1115/16	1114/15	1113/14	1112/13	1111/12	1110/11	1109/10	1108/09	1107/08	1106/07	1105/06	1104/05	1103/04	1102/03	1101/02	1100/01	1099/00	1098/99	1097/98	1096/97	1095/96	1094/95	1093/94	1092/93	1091/92	1090/91	1089/90	1088/89	1087/88	1086/87	1085/86	1084/85	1083/84	1082/83	1081/82	1080/81	1079/80	1078/79	1077/78	1076/77	1075/76	1074/75	1073/74	1072/73	1071/72	1070/71	1069/70	1068/69	1067/68	1066/67	1065/66	1064/65	1063/64	1062/63	1061/62	1060/61	1059/60	1058/59	1057/58	1056/57	1055/56	1054/55	1053/54	1052/53	1051/52	1050/51	1049/50	1048/49	1047/48	1046/47	1045/46	1044/45	1043/44	1042/43	1041/42	1040/41	1039/40	1038/39	1037/38	1036/37	1035/36	1034/35	1033/34	1032/33	1031/32	1030/31	1029/30	1028/29	1027/28	1026/27	1025/26	1024/25	1023/24	1022/23	1021/22	1020/21	1019/20	1018/19	1017/18	1016/17	1015/16	1014/15	1013/14	1012/13	1011/12	1010/11	1009/10	1008/09	1007/08	1006/07	1005/06	1004/05	1003/04	1002/03	1001/02	1000/01	999/00	998/99	997/98	996/97	995/96	994/95	993/94	992/93	991/92	990/91	989/90	988/89	987/88	986/87	985/86	984/85	983/84	982/83	981/82	980/81	979/80	978/79	977/78	976/77	975/76	974/75	973/74	972/73	971/72	970/71	969/70	968/69	967/68	966/67	965/66	964/65	963/64	962/63	961/62
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Athlete swells the National defections

Racing

RICHARD EDMONDSON

These are grim times for the advertising department at Aintree racecourse. Already rattled by the proximity of next Wednesday's Dubai World Cup, the world's richest race, to the Grand National a week on Saturday, Liverpool's organisers have had to remove many of the eye-catching names from the top of the bill.

Imperial Call, who could have contested the Martell Cup, and his nearest Gold Cup pursuer, Rough Quest, will not be at Liverpool and neither, it seems, will Jodani. He is still recovering from the bacterial infection that made him *hors de combat* for the Blue Riband.

Further, a post-race snapping news article yesterday when it was announced that last year's victor, Royal Athlete, has been retired. The loss of a defending champion is bad enough, but it

also means there will be less justification for the National's greatest friend in front of microphone and camera, Mrs J S Pitman. Jenny, we can be sure, will find a way round that, especially as she has other runners in the race.

The 13-year-old Royal Athlete, who had been a 25-1 chance to repeat his success, was retired after a meeting between the trainer, her son and assistant Mark, and the gelding's owners, Libby and Gary Johnson.

"Due to the prolonged spells of frost and snow, and the fact that we are unable to train him on artificial surfaces, we feel that 'Athlete' at Aintree in the condition we would like," Mrs Pitman said. "Royal Athlete has been a great ambassador, not only for his owners but for ourselves, and he has been enjoyed over the years by a great number of National Hunt supporters."

"While it leaves us with a feeling of sadness to bring his racing career to an end, we know that this is the right decision as the welfare of our horses is always uppermost in our minds. Royal Athlete is to remain at Weathercock House and will be very happy to receive all the Polos and carrots that our visitors

are likely to bring to the open day on Good Friday."

Royal Athlete's Aintree victory made it a good Saturday for Mark Pitman, who was then in his first full season as assistant to his mother. "We all have

mixed emotions about his retirement, sad because we'll miss him on the racecourse but happy that he is retiring in one piece," Pitman said. "Hopefully he is going to lead the youngsters and possibly go hunting next season as he is still sound."

"We've had great fun with him. The highlight was of course his win at Aintree last year, but don't forget he was third in a Gold Cup and was the top staying novice of his year, winning six out of eight, including the Reynoldstown, Ascot and victories at Aintree and Ayr. We have had him

since he was a three-year-old and he has been a great servant to the racing public."

Royal Athlete's retirement completes a somewhat disastrous six days for his partner at Liverpool last year, Jason Tiley. The Irishman's other possible National partner was Monsieur Le Cure, who died under him in the Gold Cup on Thursday. Preliminary tests suggest John Edwards's gelding may have broken a pelvis as he tried to clear the fence at which he broke his neck on landing. As the stream of retirements from the race fuel the belief that

it will be the smallest National field for many years, last year's winning jockey is finding it difficult to get a ride. "Things are cutting up and cutting up," Tiley said. "Son Of War would be a great ride to jump round but a good chance but I probably won't ride him and Lou Stregone will probably ride him."

"Mrs Pitman's Superior Finish would have to have a chance, but he will be ridden by Warren Marston. It is getting late in the day but we have just got to keep on looking."

There will be little point looking for a secure mount in Cumbria. Gordon Richards warned yesterday that his National entry, Tartan Turret, a 20-1 shot with Coral, will run only if the ground is soft or heavy.

Grand National (20 March): 1. Lo Stregone, 12-1; 2. Son Of War, 12-1; 3. Super Finish, 12-1; 4. Super Finish, 12-1; 5. Super Finish, 12-1; 6. Super Finish, 12-1; 7. Super Finish, 12-1; 8. Super Finish, 12-1; 9. Super Finish, 12-1; 10. Super Finish, 12-1; 11. Super Finish, 12-1; 12. Super Finish, 12-1; 13. Super Finish, 12-1; 14. Super Finish, 12-1; 15. Super Finish, 12-1; 16. Super Finish, 12-1; 17. Super Finish, 12-1; 18. Super Finish, 12-1; 19. Super Finish, 12-1; 20. Super Finish, 12-1; 21. Super Finish, 12-1; 22. Super Finish, 12-1; 23. Super Finish, 12-1; 24. Super Finish, 12-1; 25. Super Finish, 12-1; 26. Super Finish, 12-1; 27. Super Finish, 12-1; 28. Super Finish, 12-1; 29. Super Finish, 12-1; 30. Super Finish, 12-1; 31. Super Finish, 12-1; 32. Super Finish, 12-1; 33. Super Finish, 12-1; 34. Super Finish, 12-1; 35. Super Finish, 12-1; 36. Super Finish, 12-1; 37. Super Finish, 12-1; 38. Super Finish, 12-1; 39. Super Finish, 12-1; 40. Super Finish, 12-1; 41. 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SPORT

Gullit doubtful for FA Cup showdown

Football

Ruud Gullit was last night ordered back to bed on the eve of Chelsea's FA Cup sixth-round replay against Wimbledon at Selhurst Park tonight.

Gullit missed Saturday's defeat at Liverpool and his worried manager, Glenn Hoddle, has given the Dutch midfielder until lunchtime today to show that he is fit to help the club chase a semi-final tie with Manchester United.

"You want a player of Ruud's stature in a cup game like this," Hoddle said. "We put vitamins down him all weekend and he's had enough sleep. But, when he tried to train today, it took a lot out of him and he's been sent back to bed."

"Craig Burley came in at the weekend against Liverpool and did very well after cartilage operations on both knees, but we'll have to wait and see how Ruud is before we leave for the match."

The stage is set for another competitive encounter, after Wimbledon's Mick Harford earned a Football Association disrepute charge following the original 2-2 draw at Stamford Bridge. Harford, on the bench

after his substitution, gave Hoddle a verbal assault but the FA's action came after the veteran forward gesticulated at fans. "What happened won't affect us," the Dons' manager, Joe Kinnear, said. "Things are said in the heat of the moment and Mick has apologised, so have I, and Glenn understands the situation. We took untold abuse from the people behind the dug-out throughout the match and Mick reacted as anyone else would have done."

Hoddle confirmed: "I've said my piece to the FA and it's in their hands. They have had a complaint from a supporter but, as far as we are concerned, it's forgotten." Regarding on-field events, he added: "We have had very tight games against Wimbledon and this will be no different. We need to be more clinical in front of goal, but we've been to Newcastle and won in the Cup and we'll be positive tomorrow."

Gullit apart, the key performer could be Dennis Wise who, along with his Chelsea colleague Terry Phelan, helped Wimbledon win at Wembley against Liverpool in 1988. "Dennis did the holding role for us in the first match and did it

well, but it restricts him a bit," Hoddle said. "He has had some tremendous games in the hub of the side and he is relishing the replay."

Kinnear has his own fitness worries over his key striker, Dean Holdsworth, but the tie offers his side a welcome distraction from relegation worries. "I'm confident on both fronts," he said. "I think we can get a decent result against Chelsea and do well in the Premiership. We've been in the top flight for 10 years and there is no way we are going to let it go. But first it's Chelsea."

Vinnie Jones and Andy Thorn are the only survivors from the success of eight years ago, and Kinnear said: "I'd be very proud to take Wimbledon to Wembley. And if we did that, we'd be staring Europe in the face - and that would be a fantastic achievement."

Gary McAllister returns to the Leeds side tonight, ready to pit his wits against one of his biggest fans. Liverpool's John Barnes pinpoints the Scotland international as the main threat to the Anfield side's dreams of the double.

McAllister is back for the FA Cup quarter-final replay at Anfield after being rested for the 2-2 draw with Everton. Barnes is only too aware of the pedigree of a player who will lead out Leeds at Wembley on Sunday in the Coca-Cola Cup final against Aston Villa. He said: "McAllister is their key player, their playmaker. Most of their moves revolve around him. We know Leeds will try and suck us in, hoping to catch us on the break. We have got to be aware of that. There is quality throughout their side with players like McAllister, Tony Yeboah and Tomas Brodin. I know Brodin is having a difficult time but he can be a match-winner, no doubt about that."

Liverpool are hoping to stretch their unbeaten run to 30 matches and are still harbouring hopes of the championship, despite Newcastle's success last night. Yeboah is expected to be back for Leeds after ankle and foot injuries while Tony Dorico could also figure. Gary Speed, who saw a specialist on Monday about his fractured cheekbone, is unlikely to play, though.

Birmingham dismiss Fry's long-time No 2

David Sullivan, the Birmingham City owner, yesterday insisted that the dismissal of the club's assistant manager, Edwin Stein, was not for disciplinary reasons. Stein left the club following allegations that he played cards with coach David Howell and a player in a hotel bar into the early hours of the morning prior to the recent match at Tranmere.

His departure ends a 15-year working relationship with the manager Barry Fry, which began at Barnet and continued at Southend and St Andrew's. "Stories about alleged misbehaviour are irrelevant to everything. This decision was a football one," Sullivan said. "Edwin and David trained the team and you have to question some of our tactics. Our corners and free-kicks are useless and

the team are not doing as well as they should be. The fact that Edwin has not moved up to Birmingham from London is also unacceptable and shows a lack of commitment."

Fry's position is unchanged. "Barry is safe," Sullivan said. "The only way he will go is if he has had enough." Howell has been relieved of his duties for two weeks and, Sullivan said, "will think about his situation".

Another managerial casualty was John Lambie, who resigned at Falkirk after failing to lift them off the bottom of the Scottish Premier Division. Bolton's fight for Premiership survival suffered a heavy blow yesterday when keeper Keith Branagan damaged knee ligaments in training was ruled out for the rest of the season.

MONTY'S BATTLE OF THE BULGE

Tim Glover on golf's slim-line world No 2



Young bloods: Two schoolboy rugby union players from Bradford and Tonbridge display a youthful determination in the National Schools Sevens at Rosslyn Park, south-west London, yesterday. Report and results, page 22; photograph, Peter Jay

Drug pair's case fails

Tennis

JOHN ROBERTS

Mats Wilander and Karel Novacek will face an independent tribunal next month to determine whether they tested positive for cocaine, as alleged, during last year's French Open. If found guilty, they would be suspended for three months, missing the French Open and Wimbledon.

The players' American lawyers failed at the High Court in London yesterday to obtain an injunction to stop the International Tennis Federation from proceeding with its case against them. The independent tribunal originally had been arranged for January.

Neither player was in court.

but Wilander, the former world No 1 from Sweden, and Novacek, a Czech Davis Cup player, deny the allegations and say that the tests were flawed. They argued that the ITF failed to provide evidence on which the charges are based. The court ruled that there was evidence to show that the ITF had followed accepted practice in handling the urine samples. Mr Justice Lightman revealed that the urine sample said to be provided by Wilander had tested positive for cannabis, which is not a prohibited substance, as well as cocaine.

On 12 March, the lawyers representing Wilander and Novacek were given a provisional date of 4 June for a court hearing concerning the players' allegations that the ITF's anti-doping programme was in breach of contract and a restraint of trade.

Potentially, the action could have brought into question the right of international sports governing bodies to conduct their own anti-doping programmes. The ITF appealed for the right to re-convene the independent tribunal before the civil case went to court. This was upheld yesterday.

"We welcome the court's decision," Debbie Evans, administrator of ITF's anti-doping programme, said "and we will now be establishing the appeals committee, which will consist of three people who are independent of the ITF and the anti-doping programme."

Pressure 'too much' for Lomu

Rugby Union

HUGH BATESON

It has taken slightly less than a year, but Jonah Lomu is already beginning to show that, like Brian Lara, he is feeling the strain of being the world's most famous player in his sport.

A scuffle with a television camera crew following their hounding of him over a secret marriage, from which the motherer he jokes on was excluded, and dark hints from his manager that he was thinking of quitting the sport which had brought him more or less instant worldwide recognition - the classic signs are emerging a mere nine months after the World Cup he illuminated so brightly.

The giant winger was clearly

furious with the coverage of his secret wedding to Tanya Rutter at the weekend. He erupted when a television reporter approached him at training yesterday. He swore and said: "Why don't you get a life, mate," before slapping away the camera and microphone as he got into a car. Later, he repented enough to go on television and explain his regrets. "It was spur of the moment," he said. "I just lost it."

Lomu also spoke of the decision to exclude his parents from the wedding. "I felt they didn't really want me to do it. I was scared they wouldn't let me." When told his mother, Hept, had been devastated he said: "I am too. She's the woman who brought me on to this earth and not to have her there was just the hardest thing."

He bemoaned the pressures that go with his new status. "Every port I stop off at, apart from the USA, I just don't have time to myself. Everybody's always confronting me. I just need a little bit of space sometimes - I can't concentrate on rugby. All I want to do is put my head down and work on my game."

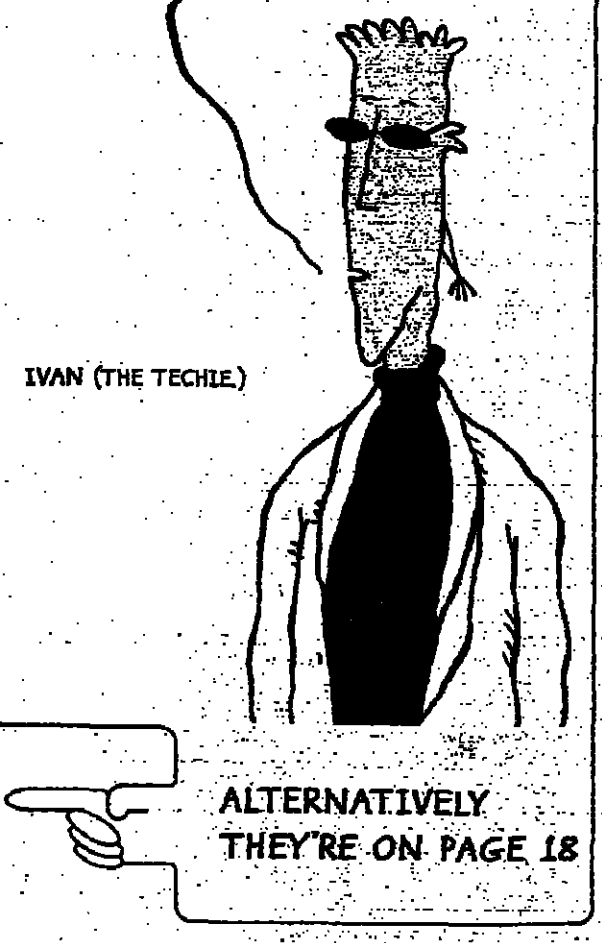
His manager, Phil Kingsley-Jones, warned that Lomu could be driven away from the sport. "He feels he's living in a goldfish bowl and he can't handle it. He's at a stage at the moment where he's prepared to chuck it all in. It's just too much for him."

Lomu doubted that, though. "It was just a thought, and that's all it was. I'm not leaving rugby. I definitely know that."

RFU to offer concessions, page 22

The WORLD of OLIVER & CLAIRE

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No. 2959, Wednesday 20 March By Aquila Tuesday's Solution

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ACROSS

1 Ratty, fashionable and smart (6)
4 Whisky or crush? (6)
6 Freebooters of British manners, reportedly (8)
10 A people without energy turned out in ancient city (6)
12 Cool great bacilli wriggling about in this sort of study (15)
13 Laodicean evangelist hospitable? (8)
14 Racecourse record many do not finish (5)
16 Haggard woman takes record in the Cotswolds, for example (5)

DOWN

1 Stick to rigid flower (9)
2 Champion swallows processed Edam in place of learning (7)

18 Echo setting some limit at oratorio (8)
20 Leaving loaf in room at airport? (9,6)
23 Removing centre from pine, say, is deliberate (6)
24 Basil and Rosemary rest in non-U pubs (3-5)
25 White-water descents gathering momentum? (6)
26 Like stars of the south (not united) (6)

21 Our MP's, if blue, reshuffle to be holding lead (12)
15 Worthless quadrangle, according to Shaw? (9)
16 Cocktail taken in combination? (7)
17 Harbinger left terminal (7)
19 The Nora Batt? No, a different one! (7)
21 Nip for cheese cake (3-2)
22 Comfort in here, as expected (4)

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ALTERNATIVELY THEY'RE ON PAGE 18